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THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURGH

Slow Progress---The Difficulties to be Overcome.

All the Old Canal Projects Abandoned.

A New One Commenced Higher up the River.

The Experience of the Two Bayou Expeditions.

How Our Gunboats Were Saved from Capture.

LETTERS FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS.

NEAR VICKSBURGH, Monday, April 6, 1863.

If nothing else be favorable or desirable, the weather is. Deliciously warm days and moderately cool nights, together with the full, rich beauty of Spring, make our surroundings as delightful as could be desired. Under such circumstances, with cloudless skies by day and the undimmed glories of a full moon at night, with roads at once hard, dry and free from dust, provisions plenty, and no more to do than sufficient for purposes of digestion, campaigning among our troops, is, at present, a positive species of enjoyment.

The fact that our men are enjoying themselves does not altogether compensate for the entire lack of progress that marks the character of this expedition against Vicksburgh. It is better than if they were dying daily by hundreds as they were a month since; or, were suffering the privations and discomforts arising from lack of supplies and successive days of cold, pitiless rain; yet even this fact will not counterbalance the other—that we are, beyond enjoying ourselves, doing absolutely nothing; and that, to-day, we are as far from taking possession of Vicksburgh as when we landed here in the middle of last January.

I don't say this to create discouragement on the part of the public, or a feeling of distrust against our commanders; but simply with a view of rousing inquiry as to our present position, and of provoking discussion relative to the character of plans which keep a vast army here in absolute idleness, without a single promise that this waiting will result in good.

If it be a part of Gen. HALLECK'S combinations to keep this force here as a feint, with a view of amusing and keeping employed as large a number as possible of the enemy, while he moves against him at some other points, then the keeping here of our army may be of use, but under no other circumstances, particularly if they be connected with the hope that operations from this point may result in the capture of Vicksburgh.

Massing men here amounts to nothing, for, whether we have ten men or one hundred thousand, there is always between us and the enemy a deep, swift river, of a mile in breadth, to cross which, in the face of the one hundred and sixty guns which frown upon us from the opposite heights, is beyond the reach of human valor, endurance or ingenuity. We must have firm ground upon which to approach, that we may avail ourselves of those means of offence and defence invented by the skill of engineering.

As has been repeatedly urged in this correspondence, that kind of an approach is only to be found in the rear of Vicksburgh. We are now attempting in fact to take a mountain surrounded by either wide, deep rivers, or impassable swamps. There is not, with the exception of the narrow peninsula opposite, a single square rood of land within miles of Vicksburgh upon which can be placed a cannon. Nature has rendered the approaches to Vicksburgh fully as formidable and hazardous to a hostile force as art has made the actual defences.

The original plan—that of penetrating south along Central Mississippi, and taking Vicksburgh by a flank movement—was correct; and it yet remains to us as the only one by which we can secure the reduction of that stronghold. Along that route we have high ground all the way; the rivers that cross the approach are narrow; a railroad connecting with Memphis furnishes a line for the easy transportation of supplies; the line of communication would be short and easily protected—in fact, I believe it to be the only direction in which our present efforts can meet with success. All that we can do here is to amuse the enemy, keep him from sending reinforcements to Mobile, Charleston, Murfreesboro or other points, and to some extent cut off his supplies by blockading the river. But even admitting that we are here to employ the attention of the enemy, it is a matter of doubt that there is good sense in keeping, say 75,000 men here for the purpose of hindering 25,000 of the enemy from reinforcing some other point. So far as the blockade is concerned, a half dozen gunboats can sustain it just as well as though we had with them a land force of half a million. In any case, a small force of three or four thousand would answer just as good a purpose as our present number.

One thing is certain, and that is that every officer here has long ago given up all idea that we can ever take Vicksburgh from this direction. They are merely waiting now like Micawber, hoping that the War Department will make an alteration in its plans, or that some lucky accident will throw into their possession a point which has thus proved impregnable against their shrewdest plans and most ingenious combinations.

In view of these facts, which may as well be known as not, I think the sooner this army is taken from here, and a new base of operations taken up, the sooner the country will get rid of an enormous and useless expense, and the sooner it will begin to realize something substantial from the gigantic investment it has already made in the opening of the Mississippi River. We should have succeeded last Fall in flanking Vicksburgh by way of Grenada, had it not been that our line of communication was cut by a small squad of vagabonds under VAN DORN. If a department having an army of 100,000 men cannot keep uninterrupted a line of communication 70 miles in length, it is, to say the very least, most miserably managed; and yet it was the failure to keep open that paltry 70 miles of railroad, that rendered GRANT'S Fall campaign a failure, that was to a very great extent responsible for SHERMAN'S failure at Chickasaw Bayou that lost us a vast portion of Mississippi, and has cost us all the time and expense of the present expedition.

There has been no change of importance within the last few days. The battery on the Peninsula has not commenced operations, but will as soon as the skillful engineer who constructed it has had time to enlarge the embrasures, so that the gunners can work their pieces—a necessity in the work that did not occur to the constructor, until he had spent a couple of weeks in throwing up earth, and in spiking on a hundred tons or so of railroad iron. By tearing it all apart, and rebuilding the defences upon an entirely new scale, he might be able to correct this slight defect in the construction of his work.

Gen. GRANT has moved his headquarters from the steamer *Magnolia*, at Young's Point, to the dry land, at Milliken's Bend, twenty miles above here. Milliken's Bend has for some time been under command of Gen. MCCLERNAND, who immediately, upon his arrival, commenced a series of amusements of the most interesting character. One feature of it was to place a battery on the shore, with which he brought to every craft, whether steamer or dug-out, that ventured to approach his waters. Every boat whatever that entered the domain of the magnate of Milliken's Bend was obliged to come to, and explain to a jburly Teuton its business, destination, contents, inclusive of the ages of the captain and scullion, and the sizes and sex of their respective families. The arrival of Gen. GRANT will put a stop to this petty and contemptible annoyance, which arose from nothing else than the attempt of an officer to revenge himself for the possession of a secondary instead of a chief position.

The new canal is progressing, and ere this reaches you will be finished. It commences about six miles above the original canal, and at a distance of a mile from the bank of the Mississippi strikes a wing of the bayou that empties into the Mississippi at a point called Carthage, a place about thirty miles below Vicksburgh. It will be used merely to float supplies down to a land force that within a day or two has gone across and taken possession of Carthage; and what this force will do there I cannot tell. Without transports they cannot cross the river, and hence will be limited in their efforts to ravaging the country, and assisting FARRAGUT in maintaining the blockade of the river below Vicksburgh.

The river is still rising and has rendered nearly untenable every point below Milliken's Bend.

A flag of truce came up yesterday to see about the exchange of a boy captured by our forces in their late expedition up Deer Creek. They report that the crew of the *Indianola* had been sent to New-Orleans and the officers retained.

Gen. STEELE'S expedition to Greenville has not been heard from. GALWAY.

Nothing Doing—The Yazoo Pass Expedition—How Our Gunboats were Saved from Capture—Fidelity and Loyalty of the Negroes—Their Treatment.

NEAR VICKSBURGH, Miss., Saturday, April 4.

Little has occurred to attract attention since the return of the expedition up the Yazoo. Important undertakings pregnant with great results are frequently announced as under way, or about to be commenced. With the season fast marching toward the Summer solstice; the breath of midday already fervent; the torment of mosquitoes at midnight unbearable without mosquito bars—which the "Commissary of Existence" doesn't furnish—while malaria, fever and dysentery are multiplying graves which convert their very camp grounds into cemeteries; it is probably both expedient and necessary to occupy the minds of the soldiers with the promise, at least, of activity in one direction or another. So far as one can judge from appearances, there is just now no definite plan of operations laid out for either the land or the naval forces in this Department. Affairs are drifting. We wait for something to turn up. By the tone of dispatches to the Press, sent from this quarter, an impression seems to prevail at the North and East that we are driving a "big business" in this department. One day we see it stated that the rebels are in their last gasp, being "starved out." The next, they have evacuated Vicksburgh, and "a large number of quaker guns have been discovered there." All false and deceptive. The truth, simple and undisguised, is, so far as your correspondent can judge from actual observation—there is nothing doing here, except an occasional and fragmentary effort on the part of either the army or naval force to dig a canal, explore some bayou, or discover some creek or backdoor opening, by which to evade the rebel batteries and get at Vicksburgh, and take it, as it were, "by gulie." These plans seem to differ as widely as do the mental and military qualifications of the men having command of affairs in this Department. At one time we are promised a brilliant triumph of engineering skill, by the opening of the Lake Providence Canal. But as soon as the water begins to rush through, and the work is pronounced "a success," all further attempts are abandoned, the workmen and troops are withdrawn, and another grand scheme is projected in another quarter. The great canal that was to carry our troops and gunboats in safety by Vicksburgh, and on which so much labor has been expended, seems just now to be abandoned altogether, and the opinion seems to prevail that no practical use can be made of it, since its lower outlet is within easy range of the rebel batteries on the Vicksburgh side. If half or quarter the labor which has been thrown away upon this *stupendous humbug* had been expended in the construction of a military road in the same direction, but *out of reach* of rebel guns, so as to connect the upper with the lower fleet, we should have had a highway on which troops and supplies, to any amount, could now have been safely passing the rebel strongholds on the Louisiana side, and all the canals have been rendered superfluous. Just at the present time, when the whole country is inundated, and every little creek is swollen to a navigable stream, it is comparatively easy to push our way in any desired direction; but as soon as these floods assauge, our gunboats and transports, if caught in these narrow and tortuous bayous, would be as high and dry as Noah's ark was upon Mount Ararat, and about as helpless.

The experience of the two late expeditions in these backwoods' bayous are anything but encouraging. Crammed into these narrow creeks, where they cannot turn round, and can only go one way; and where the most trivial accident to their machinery must cripple them, and thus block up the way of retreat for the rest, our gunboats have been exposed to great hazards. Besides, the felling of a few trees across these creeks by the enemy renders it almost impossible for them to escape either way. During the last attempt to penetrate into the Big Sunflower, after our gunboats had arrived to within two miles of "Rolling Fork," from which the transit was comparatively easy into the Little Sunflower, delays caused by the rebels placing obstructions in the way obliged the whole expedition to pause. Meantime the enemy obtained reinforcements from Haines' Bluff and Yazoo City, and we found our hands full in keeping the rebel troops and guerrillas at bay. Then, of course, there was an end to all further efforts to *advance*, and, in a short time, the great concern was how to *get out* instead of *going ahead*. At midnight a negro stole down to one of the steam tugs and informed the captain that a party of twenty-five rebel cavalry were at work down the creek (in Black Bayou) between them and the way they came, felling trees across the river to hem the gunboats in, and prevent their escape. They had with them a large number of slaves, with axes, whom they compelled, under threat of instant death, to do this work. The slave was immediately sent to the Admiral, who, put upon his guard by the faithful negro, immediately dispatched a force of marines and sailors to drive them away. They found what the negro reported to be perfectly true. The guerrillas fled at their approach, but the negroes ran the other way, and placed themselves under the protection of our gunboats. They stated that their masters and the rebel officers sat on their horses and held loaded pistols at their heads, threatening to shoot the first one that flagged in his work. They volunteered to go immediately to work and remove the obstructions, and seemed overjoyed at the opportunity to do it, and to be taken on board the boats as they came along. On some of the smaller vessels there were negro hands, who asked to be supplied with guns, and who exhibited unflinching courage during the most trying times. They stood the rebel fire without flinching, and returned the fire whenever they could get the opportunity to do so, in a steady and soldierly manner.

At a place called "Glen Cove," a negro came running down to one of the boats, and cried out—"For God's sake, Massa, fire a shot into that house yonder," (pointing to the big house on the plantation.) "They have got a black man in there, and they are killing him by inches, because he went down last night and talked with the gunboat men." As the boat came near the house, three white men were seen to run from the house, and escape into the woods. The earnestness of the negro testified to his sincerity, and circumstances confirmed the truth of his story.

At all the plantations as the gunboats approached, the negroes, who could be seen sometimes, forty and fifty in a gang, plowing in the field, would drop their implements in the furrows, run like scared partridges to the gunboats, and with uplifted hands and the most piteous appeals implore the officers to be taken on board. And this was so general and spontaneous along the whole line of travel as to excite particular attention. My informant says they seemed to think our coming among them was providential. They rushed down to the banks as if they were flying from a burning house to the certain succor of friends. They acted as if they thought the day of Jubilee had come. "Groups of men, women and children, of every age," says he, "followed us for miles along the banks. Women wearily trudging along with children clinging to their necks; old men hobbling in their decrepitude, and young men and boys—all ran eagerly after us, refusing to take no for an answer. One women, with a child on her back, kept on tearfully entreating to be taken aboard. She declared she would perish before she would go back to the plantation. Her entreaties and perseverance finally carried the day, and she was taken on. In a large majority of cases, however, it was like the case in the Scriptures—the one was taken and the other left, or rather half-a-dozen were generally left when one was taken. There was plenty of provisions in the country, and they all could have brought with them food enough to have fed them until ample supplies could have been secured. Who shall tell the horrors of suffering which the poor slaves left behind will be subjected to at the hands of their enraged owners?

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Arrival of a New-York Mail—Destitution Among the Rebels—How They Get Supplies—A Reported Mutiny at Vicksburgh—Movements of the Fleet, &c.

OPPOSITE VICKSBURGH, Wednesday, April 8, 1863.

The *Curlew* arrived from Cairo last evening, bringing us dates from New-York as late as the 29th of March, and a whole batch of letters from home, which, to us, is of far greater interest than anything occurring just at present around us here. The reports of an attack upon Charleston excites deep interest here, and the next intelligence from that quarter will be watched for very anxiously. Thus we stand looking at each other, to see who is going to strike some effective blow at the rebellion in some other quarter than our own. The evidence is daily accumulating that the whole Southern country has been reduced to the greatest destitution of food and the means of subsistence. Of ammunition and guns they appear to have plenty, thanks to our "neutral" British cousins, and who knows?—perhaps to the Northern allies of rebellion. The one ships guns large and small, to the rebels, *via* Matamoras, ostensibly for the Mexicans, and from thence they are sent directly to Vicksburgh by the way of the Texas and Shreveport Railroad. It is currently reported that the heaviest guns they have mounted at Vicksburgh were cast at the West Point Foundry, and shipped from New-York to Southern Texas. "Can these things be?" I will not add the rest of the Shakesperian quotation. There is no need of "special wonder" on account of anything that is done under the sun at the present time.

Day before yesterday a deserter came into our lines directly from Vicksburgh, having escaped across the river on a plank. He states that an extensive *emute* occurred among the troops encamped in Vicksburgh on Saturday night, in which nearly the whole rebel camp was involved. The mutineers were finally put down, and the following day six soldiers were summarily tried and shot for their participation in the outbreak. He saw the men shot. This report has no other corroborative proof than the fact that considerable firing was heard all of a sudden about 4 o'clock Sunday morning, in which small arms, as well as cannon, was distinctly heard in our lines. Your correspondent heard this firing and called up a Union officer, who, equally with myself, was at a loss to account for the circumstance. The person who brought the information did not know, at least he did not state, the cause of the disturbance, which is, consequently, left wholly to conjecture.

The headquarters of the troops is at present at Milliken's Bend, where the accommodations for camping are much better than in the vicinity of the canal and Young's Point.

The gunboats remain "over there" in the mouth of the Yazoo, with their prows pointing up stream, like so many eager terriers with their noses at a rat-hole waiting for the animal to come out. There seems to be no doubt that several rats of large size are in there; but will they venture out? And if they will not accommodate us, how long shall we wait for them? Who can afford to wait longest watching the hole? Is there any way of punching the animals out by a long pole run in behind the wood-pile? Somebody has said a fool can ask questions which a wise man cannot answer. Let us assume, then, that every thing is going right, and that events will prove, at no distant day, the high value of "strategy, my boy."

The *Hartford* and *Albatross* are still supposed to be lying below the town of Vicksburgh, or taking an occasional cruise after rebel vessels in the neighborhood of Red River.

The weather, for the last two weeks, with only a brief exception, has been of the pleasantest type. The days are genially warm, with a bracing atmosphere, and cool, sleep-promoting nights. The river remains at a high stage. ADIOS.

P. S.—One of the largest naval transports, the *New National*, has been detained here for a week, at an expense of several hundred dollars a day, while a worthless engineer is having the solemnities of a Court-martial performed for him, for insubordination, &c., and the Captain of the same vessel is, in turn, charged with disloyalty. What a spectacle for a great country to look at, while fighting to put down rebellion!

The Gunboat Fleet being Fitted for Active Service Again—The New Iron-clad Tuscumbia Arrived—The Range of her Guns Tried at Haines' Bluff, &c.

ABOVE VICKSBURG, Mississippi, Saturday, April 4, 1863.

The gunboat fleet is fast being repaired and fitted for service in some direction. Their broken-down smoke-pipes, which resembled the tile of some dissipated chap after a long spree, have been replaced and painted; the wood-work repaired, and they begin again to assume the dress and manners of respectable members of society. All the vessels of the fleet are now in condition to resume offensive operations, with abundant supplies of food and ammunition. The *Tuscumbia*, the largest and most formidable boat in the fleet, next, perhaps, to the *Lafayette*, has been here for several days. I learn that she went up on Wednesday, in company with the *Gen. Price* and the *Linden*, and *tried the range of her 11-inch guns upon Haines' Bluff*. They met with no response. The rebels are evidently sparing of their ammunition.

The weather is getting decidedly warm and mosquitos begin so annoy the uninitiated. These mosquitos out here are much larger than our Eastern species, and their bills are of corresponding length; but they have not such good voices for music. They descend upon you like a hawk on a June bug, without warning of any kind, except you feel the wind from their broad wings, as if some bird of prey were swooping down upon your devoted pate. The great cry is for mosquito bars; and I know of a certain firm in Maiden-lane against which your correspondent will bring *several* suits of manslaughter, if those mosquito bars I ordered are not soon forthcoming.

The mails for this army and fleet are very irregular, and come at most inconveniently long intervals. Somebody in Cairo is to blame for not seeing that all the letters for the soldiers and naval men, now wasting away around Vicksburgh, have the poor but earnestly coveted privilege of hearing from their homes as often as possible. It is not unusual, I learn, for the mail intended for the naval part of the expedition to lay over in Cairo until a regular naval vessel goes down, while vessels carrying the army mail go off from once to twice a week. There are hardships enough for the poor soldier and sailor, without adding to them the unbearable one of keeping back, unnecessarily, intelligence from his loved ones at home.

Let the public have patience with us out here. Affairs are culminating, and something decisive will soon take place in reference to the opening of the Mississippi. DE SOTO.

Journal and History of Admiral Porter's Expedition Up the Yazoo from its Setting Out Until its Return.

NEAR VICKSBURGH, Monday, March 31, 1863.

The return of all the transports and gunboats of Admiral PORTER'S naval and military expedition up the Yazoo River, to their former rendezvous in and near the mouth of the Yazoo, will have reached you by telegraph, and the whole affair will have passed into history perhaps, before this is seen by the readers of the TIMES. The rebels undoubtedly take great credit to themselves for having defeated the expedition; and the withdrawal of our gunboats and troops will be trumpeted as another glorious victory. It is true the prime object of the expedition—which was understood to be the taking of Yazoo City; the capture of the transports and gunboats, if any were found, and the getting into position to attack Haines' Bluff *from above*, was not accomplished, owing to the delay arising from unexpected obstacles in Black Bayou. There was some hard fighting both by the land forces and by the naval batteries; some sharp dodging of guerrillas behind stumps and trees; a world of hard work performed in cutting and clearing the way for the gunboats through the bayous—and, report says, a *little* tall running on *one occasion* by the marines or land troops. The latter statement, of course, is *unworthy of credit*. The fleet, it is asserted, had a narrow escape from capture, on account of a sudden attack of a large rebel force, who felled trees and other obstructions before and behind, and was only saved by the timely arrival of Gen. SHERMAN'S troops, who drove back the rebel sharpshooters and relieved our working parties, who, for a day and night, were prisoners under their own casemates, and unable to show their heads on account of rebel dead shots, who lay behind every stump and tree, and devoted themselves to the amiable task of "picking off" our men.

Notwithstanding, the enterprise has paid pretty well for the outlay, in what it has developed of the hydrography of that portion of the country, its numerous and hitherto unfamiliar avenues of approach, exhibiting to the rebels themselves, as well as to us, their weak and exposed position; and, finally, in the damage which it has inflicted upon the whole region visited, the capture of cotton and contrabands, and the mutual destruction of thousands of bales which could not be brought away, reducing by so much the collateral resources of the enemy.

The loss of life was comparatively small, only one being killed and some twenty wounded, in the naval part of the expedition. One of these has since died. Among the troops the loss was also small, and the damage to our vessels, though apparently serious, can all be repaired for $5,000 or less. Some 300 bales of cotton were brought down, together with about three hundred and fifty "free colored people of African descent." The latter thronged toward our gunboats and transports wherever they approached the plantations and landings along the river, and seemed to regard our advent as a providential affair, sent expressly to rescue them from a life of hopeless bondage. The slaves thus brought out of the Yazoo region would raise corn and pork enough to feed a whole brigade of rebel soldiers. Distributed among the land and naval forces here, they will perform an immense amount of hard and necessary labor, thus saving the health and lives of our troops in this exhausting and unhealthy climate. But I will not further touch on this matter.

Your able and rollicking correspondent "Galway," accompanied the troops, and will, as usual, do full justice to that part of the expedition, unless his letters again fall into the hands of "Hammond." What I give in this brief letter refers more particularly to the naval operations from the time of starting to its return.

The gunboat fleet consisted of the *Carondelet*, *Pittsburgh*, *Louisville*, *Cincinnati*, *Mound City*, *Tyler*, *Linden* (No. 2,) some four small tugs, the *Champion*, *Pocahontas*, *Menongahela*, and several other boats—all proceeding up the Yazoo, while the large portion of the troops went up the Mississippi as far as Island No. 100—at Eagle Bend—where they were disembarked, and marched by a military road constructed for the purpose, to a point on "Steele's" or "Cypress Bayou," where that stream approaches very near the Mississippi River.

The *Carondelet* and *Tyler* started on Thursday, March 12, and were followed on Friday by the other vessels. During Saturday and Sunday the troops went up to their destination already mentioned on the Mississippi. The *Tyler* led the way up the Yazoo and stopped at Johnson's Landing, opposite Cypress Bayou, where she remained doing picket or guard duty, until the fleet returned on the following Thursday. At this point the Admiral, accompanied by Capt. MURPHY, of the *Carondelet*, made a reconnoissance for some distance up Steele's bayou. Having sent back, and procured a large supply of axes, saws, and other engineering tools, the expedition proceeded on Saturday. The gunboats went on cautiously, the small tugs or gigs being employed to go ahead, and reconnoitre the way.

At 8½ A. M., Capt. MURPHY, with Ensign AMERMAN, and a gig's crew, with a howitzer, proceeded to examine the bayou. Twelve miles above the mouth of the bayou they came to and passed the mouth of Muddy Creek, an outlet of the Mississippi. A mile further on they passed Hughes' Mound on the right. At noon they reached the mouth of Big Black Bayou. One party, in charge of Mr. AMERMAN, landed and proceeded along a road leading through a cane-brake, while another portion of the men pulled along the river. Near HILL'S plantation the two parties met, and then returned to report the result of their explorations. They returned to the *Carondelet*, which now lay at Muddy Creek, near Col. JOE WILLETT'S forsaken plantation. Here game was found in abundance. Mallard duck, bottle duck, a species of Mallaca; wood-duck, water turkey or cormorant, which live on fish, and in turn are eaten by the negroes, and large black squirrel abounded. Besides, there were seen snapping-turtles, alligators, moccasin and copperhead snakes, and other varmints in great variety. The country was heavily wooded for miles on either side of the bayous, and like the overflowings of the Nile, where it is open and cultivated, the alluvial deposit adds to the productiveness of the land. The wood is the wild cypress, ash, bitter plcaas and cottonwood. The following are the distances from the Cypress bayou:

From the mouth of Steele's or Cypress Bayou to Big Black Bayou, 30 miles; from Big Black to Big Deer Creek, 6 miles; Big Deer Creek to Rolling Fork, 18 miles; Rolling Fork to Sunflower, 10 miles; Sunflower to Yazoo, 41 miles,—60 miles from its mouth. Total 103 miles.

During Sunday the armed vessels proceeded up the Cypress and stopped near HILL'S plantation, where pickets were stationed for the night. On Monday proceeded to HILL'S house and captured all whom we found there,—some 60 or 70 blacks, men, women and children,—and with the assistance of negroes for guides, the land party proceeded to FORE'S plantation, destroying the bridge over the bayou. A guard was placed over FORE and his overseer, to prevent either from escaping to give information of the approach of the expedition. The Admiral took a tug and pushed far ahead during Monday to reconnoitre.

TUESDAY, March 17.—The gunboats were under way as soon as it was light enough to see, and were all day butting at large trees in Black Bayou. They reached HILL'S plantation at 11½ A. M., at the mouth of Deer Creek. Ensign AMERMAN was put in charge of a tug with howitzer, a gun's crew, and 17 marines, with a sergeant to keep ahead and reconnoitre. Upon nearing "Massa Ben's" (WATSON'S) plantation the bridge over the bayou was destroyed. Here two men were observed to cross over on horseback and ride away with great speed. It was sundown before we reached the next plantation and held up for the night.

WEDNESDAY, March 18.—At an early hour the fleet was under way, passing HUNT'S plantation. Here we were greeted with the first exhibition of cotton-burning. The overseer, named JOHNSON, was captured by the advance party in the tug, and sent to the Admiral. A mile further on passed two Indian mounds. Having reached SHELBY'S plantation, it was ascertained that thirty cavalry had been there and left the night before at sunset. As the gunboats approached the different plantations the cotton was set on fire and burned. Cotton and gin-houses were everywhere in a blaze, to prevent it from falling into our hands. Men were now frequently seen on horseback fleeing to give information of our approach.

THURSDAY, March 19—The gunboats were early under way, and pressing as rapidly as possible through the now increasing obstructions. There was only width enough in the creek to admit the large vessel, and trees and snags blocked up the way. Having reached Dr. BUTT'S plantation with the tug, she was sent back for a field howitzer and men. Here Capt. MURPHY landed, and took possession of a high Indian mound—a position some 70 feet above the level of the adjacent country, and commanding it in all directions. This was near the junction of Rolling Fork. The indications now began to increase, that the country had been aroused, and that the rebels were congregating to oppose the advance of the Union forces. Some 150 or 200 troops made their appearance at Rolling Fork, and were soon shelled by our men. The Union party were then advanced, and the enemy dislodged from the woods where they had concealed themselves. At this juncture the tug ran upon a large tree which had been felled across the creek to obstruct the passage of the boats.

It was now no longer possible to conceal our approach from the enemy. The firing of artillery awakened echoes for many miles among the still forests, and the smoke of the steamers, as well as of the burning cotton, aroused the people in all directions. While the whites fled from the presence of the approaching forces, the blacks swarmed to the boats, taking it for granted that they were to be received and protected. Their movements did not please their owners and overseers. At one place where this exodus began, the overseer asked them where they were going. "These people do not want you," said he; "go back, you niggers." But "niggers" didn't see it in that light, and kept on toward the Yankee gunboats and transports. The belching of big guns and the noise and confusion did not seem to scare the blacks in the least, and nothing could restrain their movements. Several important communications passed between Admiral PORTER and Gen. SHERMAN, which were conveyed by these blacks. One only out of three failed to make his appearance. It is supposed he was captured by the enemy.

FRIDAY, March 20.—This proved to be the most exciting and decisive day experienced by the expedition. Working parties had been busy all night in cutting away the tree which obstructed the bayou. It was by measurement four and a half feet in diameter. At 7 A. M. the tug was still hard and fast.

During the night, Capt. MURPHY returned to the ship, but landed again at an early hour, and occupied the mound, throwing out scouts in advance. The rebel infantry and artillery opened fire upon our line early, employing 12 and 24 pound shell. Two of these passed between the smoke-pipes, and struck the wheel-house. In a short time their fire was stopped. Capt. MURPHY, who was on shore directing the range of the mortars, ordered Ensign AMERMAN to take charge of the infantry on shore. The rebels now advanced in regular line of battle, bringing up 13 pieces of artillery, supported by regiments of infantry and cavalry, and opened on our lines, bringing two or three of their guns on our flank which raked the road from the direction of Dr. CHAINEY'S house. At this juncture, some one shouted the alarm that the flying artillery was coming, and a temporary panic ensued. Shot and shell fell like rain among our men, who finally adjourned from that place in *some* disorder. The Admiral, who witnessed the whole proceeding—being himself under the thickest fire—remained remarkably cool, and ordered the tug to be brought down out of range of the enemy's guns. We were now within *two miles of Rolling Fork*, which would have introduced our gunboats into the big Sunflower in a short time. Our guns were kept firing until the rebel batteries were silenced. The night was quiet.

SATURDAY, 21st.—The rebels attacked again before daybreak, but our batteries soon silenced them. They however followed up the attack by sharpshooters, harassing us much, and compelling our guns crews to keep under cover. The ports were the chief target, and as soon as they were opened a shower of balls greeted those working at the guns. STRUNK, of the forward battery, was shot through the thigh. THOMAS GRAHAM was shot in the hand, and Assistant-Engineer JOHN HOUGH (or HUFF) received ball through his thigh—a serious wound. Altogether, some twenty were wounded in the different boats. The *Carondelet* seemed to get her full share of the hard knocks, being in the advance. At 3 A. M. Col. SMITH, of the Eighth Missouri, arrived most opportunely, with 600 men, and brought word that Gen. SHERMAN, with 10,000 men, was within about a day's march of us. Col. SMITH'S sharpshooters now began to peg away at the rebels, and they soon fell back out of range. The most opportune arrival of Col. SMITH rescued the expedition from a serious dilemma. As the reinforcements were too far behind to be of service, the order was given to fall back, which the boats did slowly and in good order. In backing slowly down Bighleer Creek, the boats met with many obstructions, which had been placed there to retard and cut off our retreat; and it now became of the first importance to hasten out of reach of the enemy, who were gathering in heavy force from Haines' Bluff and Yazoo City. In the afternoon the rebel sharpshooters and skirmishers recommenced the attack, which was met by the Eighth Missouri and the other land forces which had now come up from below. Some splendid firing was made by Ensign AMERMAN'S battery, one shell falling in the midst of a large body of rebel troops who were just dropping into line. The effect upon their ranks was, to skedaddle the whole crowd in a double quick.

MONDAY, March 23.—The fleet continued slowly backing down the creek, and was now out of range. One hundred and twenty-five of the sick troops of Gen. SHERMAN were put on board the *Carondelet*, and many on other vessels.

WEDNESDAY, March 25.—On the way down the boats stopped at the plantations and took aboard what cotton could be conveniently carried, and the rest was destroyed. Some of the soldiers, on their own responsibility, burned three or four buildings. All the boats took on what cotton they could. Two prisoners, DEAN and HOWE, who had been detained, were released and sent ashore. On Wednesday Gen. SHERMAN'S sick were put ashore at HILLS. Information reached here that the *Dew Drop*, with 1,200 rebel soldiers, had followed as far as Little Deer Creek, six miles distant. Late in the afternoon Gen. SHERMAN'S force were engaged in skirmishing with a rebel force near by. One of the Eighty-third Indiana was killed. The rebels had three regiments of infantry and one of cavalry.

THURSDAY, 26.—At HILL'S plantation, half of the Thirty-seventh Ohio regiment, with Brig.-Gen. EWING, embarked; the pickets were called in, bringing one prisoner, and at 6 P. M., the boats reëntered Steele's Bayou. After pausing to bury Seaman LONG, who died of pneumonia on board the *Carondelet*, the vessel passed on down to the Yazoo—rather glad to get out of the wilderness. It must be confessed the boats, as they made their appearance again at their old rendezvous, excited no little attention from their dilapidated appearance. Most of them were minus one or both smoke-pipes, and much of the light upper woodwork was carried away or destroyed.

Herewith I send you a sketch of the country visited by the expedition, with the location of the different creeks and bayous, the plantations, Indian mounds, &c. The country is one of the most beautiful in this whole region, the plantations being large and flourishing, and everything giving evidence of great former prosperity. A large quantity of supplies is sent from there to Vicksburgh. DE SOTO.

Gen. Ellet's Marine Brigade—Its Strength.

NEAR VICKSBURGH, April 2, 1863.

Brig.-Gen. ELLET'S Marine brigade, arrived here some days ago, from Cairo, presenting a formidable appearance. The General has seven large steamers, thoroughly protected against cannon and musketry, and fitted up for the accommodation of cavalry regiments for the pursuit of guerrillas along the rivers, and for cooperating in any attack upon land batteries. Each boat is so arranged that she can be laid alongside the levee, her gang planks swung out, and a whole regiment of mounted troops, fully equipped, be thrown ashore in a few minutes, prepared to dash at the enemy or pursue his retreating columns. The force of Gen. ELLET consists of some seven thousand men, including cavalry, artillery, infantry and a corps of engineers. It is an independent command, and organized on such principles as promise brilliant results for the campaign along the river. [It is since reported that Gen. ELLET'S vessels have gone up the Mississippi and entered the Tennessee River.—ED. TIMES.]

Adjournment of the Pennsylvania Legislature.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, April 15.

The State Legislature adjourned *sine die* today.

A message was received from Gov. CURTIN, in which he says he will not be a candidate for re-election, having been tendered a high position under Government, which he does not feel at liberty to decline.

Union Mass Meeting in Trenton.

TRENTON, N. J., Wednesday, April 15.

A Union mass meeting, under the auspices of the Loyal National League, will be held in this city to-morrow. Messrs. DICKINSON and BRADY, of New-York; DOUGHERTY, of Philadelphia, and FARLINGHUYSEN and BRADLEY, of New-Jersey, are named as speakers.

INTERESTING FROM THE SOUTH.

Gen. Wise Said to be Operating in the Vicinity of Williamsburgh.

Another Blockade-Running Steamer Destroyed off Charleston.

REBEL REPORTS FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

Mysterious Movements About Memphis and Vicksburgh.

A SKIRMISH NEAR PASCAGOULA, MISS.

THE CONTRABANDS ENGAGED.

Another Canard about the Capture of Mexico.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Wednesday, April 15, 1863.

Richmond papers of the 13th inst. are received, from which we obtain the following intelligence:

FROM THE PENINSULA.

RICHMOND, Monday, April 13.

The *Whig* says that reports were in circulation yesterday, that a fight took place at Williamsburgh on Saturday, the 4th inst., between the forces under Gen. WISE and the Yankees. These reports were confirmed by passengers who arrived here last evening.

At an early hour on that morning our troops drove in the Yankee pickets and occupied the town, the enemy retiring to Fort Magruder, from which point they commenced shelling the place.

Gen. WISE took a position near the College, and replied to their fire.

Our casualties up to the 8th inst. were slight.

A cavalry movement had been ordered, the result of which had not been learned.

The rumor is that we captured forty prisoners and burnt a large quantity of commissary stores; but this is not vouched for.

The Richmond *Whig* has rumors of fighting for the past two days on the Blackwater, but says they are not of a reliable character.

A report from Petersburgh says that the Yankees, in large force, entered the Isle of Wight Court-house on Wednesday, capturing four of our pickets, when they retired.

FROM CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, Friday, April 10.

There is no change in the position of affairs.

All is quiet to-night.

The steamer *Emma and Anna*, formerly running between New-Orleans and Galveston, arrived here this morning from Nassau with a cargo of merchandise, including a large quantity of Havana cigars.

CHARLESTON, Sunday, April 12.

Last night the steamer *Stonewall Jackson*, formerly the *Leopard*, while attempting to run into this harbor, was hotly chased by half a dozen blockaders, which fired at her, and she received several shots through her hull. Capt. BLACK, finding it impossible to escape, ran the steamer on the beach, and burned her. The crew and passengers took to the boats, and have arrived here. Very little was saved, excepting the mails and the passengers' effects. The steamer burned to the water's edge, in sight of the Yankees. Her cargo consisted of several pieces of field artillery, 200 barrels of saltpetre, 40,000 army shoes, and a large assortment of merchandise.

FROM VICKSBURGH AND VICINITY.

VICKSBURGH, Friday, April 10.

Nothing new has transpired here.

Two additional Yankee transports went up the river to-day loaded with troops, and others are preparing to go.

JACKSON, Miss., Friday, April 10.

Fifty-three Yankee gunboats have gone up the Coldwater.

A three-gun iron-clad was abandoned and destroyed at the mouth of the Amite River.

The Memphis lines are closed and hermetically sealed for sixty days. Neither cotton nor contrabands will be admitted within them.

JACKSON, Miss., Saturday, April 11.

The enemy in the Black Bayou are retreating toward the river, laying waste the whole country as they move along.

Our river patrolmen report that two Yankee gunboats, convoying five cavalry transports, passed up the river on the 7th instant; also nineteen transports with infantry and forty freight-boats loaded down.

The enemy are reinforcing all the depots on the Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

A special dispatch to the *Appeal*, from Senatobia, Miss., says that thirty boats and twelve gunboats have gone up from Memphis to operate on the Cumberland.

Heavy shipments are being made on the Memphis and Ohio Railroad. The Corinth merchants are shipping their goods North, and the sutlers are selling their wagons. A great strategic movement is afoot.

THE GULF COAST.

MOBILE, Friday, April 10.

An official dispatch states that the enemy, four hundred in number, mostly contraband troops, landed at Pascagoula yesterday, and were attacked by our cavalry. The enemy lost fifteen killed. Our loss was one Lieutenant and one private slightly wounded. The Yankee gunboats put back to Ship Island with their wounded. Reinforcements have been sent up to renew the action.

MOBILE, Saturday, April 11.

An officer from the British ship-of-war off the bar, last night, reports the capture of the City of Mexico by the French.

Admiral FARRAGUT is reported to be again blockading Red River.

GEORGIA.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Saturday, April 11.

The State Senate to-day adopted as a substitute for the bill indorsing the Confederate bonds, a resolution submitting the question to the people at the October election.

The House rejected Mr. STEPHENS' resolution against the indorsement by one majority.

TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, Friday, April 10.

There is nothing

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1979, 1983, 1985, 1987, 1999, 2003, 2005, 2005½, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, 2021, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2029. *Part II.*—Nos. 2742, 2744, 2746, 2748, 2750, 2752, 2754, 2756, 2758, 2760, 2762, 2764, 2766, 2768, 2770, 2772, 2774, 2776, 2778, 2780, 2782. *Part III.*—Nos. 1055, 2326, 2086, 337, 1467, 583, 611, 712¼, 847, 216, 834, 1088, 1177, 1185, 1346, 1118, 893, 1161, 161, 718¾.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 93.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1211, 1977, 2051, 2025, 2077, 2079, 2081, 2083, 2085, 2087, 2089, 2091, 2093, 2095, 2097. *Part II.*—Nos. 1506, 1722, 1152, 1496, 1514, 1734, 1136, 2122, 1040½, 1974, 1710, 784, 1182, 2052, 2183.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1495, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1229, 1230, 1257, 1568, 1570, 1571. *Part II.*—Nos. 711, 667, 1345, 1171, 1574, 1575, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1582, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1589.

A Singular Conflict of Evidence, and a Verdict Thereon.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice White.

Joseph K. Terry vs. *Wm. M. Peck and Francis Church.*—The plaintiff alleged that the defendants, as his agents, procured an insurance upon certain advances made by him for the bark *Emma*, in the Pennsylvania Insurance Company in Pittsburgh; that the bark *Emma* was lost on the voyage insured against, and that the defendants had failed and refused to pay over the amount of insurance, although they had collected it from the Company and have it in their hands. The amount claimed was $900, with interest from the time of collection from the Company by the defendants.

The defence was a general denial of the allegations of the complaint, with an averment that the plaintiff was not the owner of the bark *Emma*; that he had made no advances for her, and that he had no insurable interest in such advances.

The plaintiff testified that in January, 1859, he was master of the bark *Emma*, and chartered her to the defendants, shipping merchants in this City, for a voyage from Jacksonville, Florida, to Montevideo; that he fitted up the vessel for the voyage, getting $350 from the defendants, which he paid for advance wages, &c., and incurring other bills to the amount of $900, or thereabouts, of which he directed them to insure; that they introduced him to their broker, Mr. Davis, who tried to get the insurance here, but could not, but who thought he could get it in a Pittsburgh Company; that Mr. Peck said the matter would be attended to the same as if the Captain were here; that he then sailed, and the vessel was lost; that upon his return the defendants said they had been unable to get any insurance upon the advances, and upon settling with him he was charged with the $900, which he paid. He further testified that he subsequently learned that the defendants had obtained the insurance on the advances, as above, and that it had been collected. The policy was produced in Court, and was as follows: "Peck & Church, for account of whom it may concern—loss payable to them on the advances for this voyage, in the sum of $900."

The defendants both testified that the Captain did not instruct them to insure the advances, and that he never inquired if it had been done, and never claimed such insurance; that they had settled with him in August, 1859; that (in substance) the insurance was effected by themselves for their own benefit and protection—and that having to send a special agent to Pittsburgh to collect it, the collection cost them $200.

Mr. Davis, one of defendant's employes, testified that he never heard Mr. Terry give any instructions in reference to insuring the advances.

The plaintiff then offered evidence to show that Peck & Church had written him that they had effected an insurance on his freight, and had directed Davis to insure $900 for them on the profits of the voyage, and he had made a mistake and insured it on "advances,"—and as they had had so much trouble in getting it, they concluded not to change it. That when they collected the insurance they were compelled to assign over a bill of advances against the bark, and they wrote him therefore to tell him if any inquiries were made of him as to the owner's name, to give no information, and they would make it all right with him when he returned. It also appeared that the proofs of loss were presented to the other Insurance Companies in March and April, but to this Company not till September—some time after the defendants had settled with the plaintiff.

The Court charged the jury that the plaintiff could not recover unless the insurance was effected for him upon his order; that they must be judges of the evidence, and determine which of the parties were to be believed. If they found for the plaintiff they must deduct expenses of collection, and add interest from date of collection.

The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff for $844.

Benedict, Burr & Benedict for plaintiff; D. D. Lord for defendants.

The Corporation and its Streets—Action to Recover for the Death of a Husband.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Robertson.

Margaret Jane Hay vs. *Joy L. Adams et al. and The Mayor, &c.*—This was an action brought by the plaintiff, as administratrix of her deceased husband, Wm. Scott Hay, to recover of the defendants damages for causing his death.

The complaint alleged that Adams was the owner of the premises No. 196 West-street, and that his agents or employes excavated the sidewalk and street in front of the premises, extending into the street several feet; that they piled bricks upon one side of this excavation, leaving only about two and a half feet between the pile of bricks and the excavation, for foot passengers to pass over; that all this was done with the knowledge and consent of the Corporation. It was then alleged that on the night of the 24th of December, 1861, deceased in attempting to pass over this space between the excavation and the pile of brick, was precipitated into the excavation upon piles which were driven there, and was killed, or so injured that he died soon after. It was also claimed that there were no lights or guards to protect the public against danger. The Comptroller had received the usual application in such cases, but had neglected and refused to adjust the claim. The plaintiff claimed that her husband was a cultivated and learned gentleman, familiar and practically acquainted with metallurgy and mineralogy, and the different kinds of ore, and fully capable of conducting the business of mining or making iron from ore or from pig iron—which had been his business, and at which he had earned about $7,000 per annum.

It was claimed that the deceased was the only support of the plaintiff, and the damages were laid at $5,000.

The defence, on the part of all the defendants, was a general denial.

Case still on.

Peter Y. Cutler, for plaintiff; Greene C. Bronson, for Corporation; E. L. Faucher and R. A. Southwick, for the other defendants.

Gifts Between Husband and Wife—Delivery and Possession.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Robertson and Monell.

Scott, Executor, vs. *Simes.*—In this case the defendant's husband having loaned a considerable sum of money, took notes therefor, payable to the order of his wife, telling her at the time, as shown, that he intended the notes as a gift to her. The notes remained in the husband's possession, and were never actually delivered to the wife. They were kept, however, in a secretary, of which both husband and wife had a key, he receiving the interest from time to time as it fell due.

Subsequently, and without any further delivery of the notes to the wife, the husband died. The wife, after his death, obtained possession of the notes.

This action was brought by the plaintiff, as executor of the husband, to recover possession of the notes as a part of his estate.

The defendant took the position that the gift being clearly established, the possession of the husband was the possession of the wife, and that no further delivery was necessary to consummate the gift to the wife.

The Court, per Monell, J., sustained the view taken by the defence, and held further, that the wife having survived her husband, he having done no act or evinced any intent to revoke the gift, she was entitled to the notes as against the representatives of her husband.

Robertson, J., concurred and added: On a note payable to a married woman alone, or to herself and husband jointly, an action may be maintained by the wife in her own name after the death of her husband.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

In the Matter of the Assessment for Regulating and Grading Thirtieth-street, between Fifth-avenue and the East River.—Application denied, without costs.

Low vs. *Graydon and others.*—Motion granted in part, as stated in opinion.

Before Justice Leonard.

Mead vs. *Millward, &c.*—Motion for leave to renew granted on payment of $10 costs of opposing this motion. The costs of the former motion ($10) to abide the result of the renewed motion.

Goodyear, Jr., vs. *Ladd et al.*—Motion granted with costs, otherwise denied.

Before Justice Clerke.

Smith vs. *Livingston.*—Settled. Amended case allowed.

Wiggins et al. vs. *Heun et al.*—Settled.

Before Justice Barnard.

Goodyear, Jr. vs. *Ladd, et al.*—Order settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Bosworth Robertson and Barbour.

James B. Taylor vs. *Silas C. Herring.*—Judgment reversed and new trial granted. Opinions by Bosworth and Robertson.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Monell.

Mathews vs. *Fanning, et al.*—Motion to vacate and set aside stay of proceedings granted, without costs to either party.

Panton vs. *Bebley.*—Judgment for plaintiff. The findings of facts and papers left with the Clerk.

Robertson vs. *Pinkerton, impld, &c.*—Judgment for the defendant. Pinkerton on the demurrer to his demurrer with costs, &c., the order to be settled upon two days' notice.

Hadley vs. *West; Jackson* vs. *The Brevoort Ins. Co.; Walker* vs. *The Same.*—Orders granted.

Dubois et al. vs. *Budlong et al.*—Complaint dismissed with costs.

Before Justice Barbour.

McNaughton vs. *McNaughton.*—Ordered that attachment issue.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Porter, &c., vs. *Bradner et al.*—Motion granted on payment of $10 costs to defendant, C. B. Carroll.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....April 15, 1863.

$5,000 U. S. 6s, '81..Cou.	105	50 N.Y. Cen. R.	114⅜
2,000 Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ c		200 do	114¾
N. Oct. & Apr. Sm.	104⅜	100 do	114⅝
1,000 do	104¾	305 do	114
14,000 do	104⅞	200 Erie Railway	79⅜
4,500 do. Feb. & Aug.	106	200 do	79¾
5,000 U. S. 6s, 1y. c.	100⅝	100 do	79⅞
15,000 do. New	98½	1250 do	79
2,000 Ind. State 2½s	68	200 do	78⅞
1,000 Mo. State 6s	60¾	50 do	s30 78¾
3,000 Brooklyn C. W. L.	115½	200 do	b3 79
1,500 N. Y. Cen. 7s	103¾	1000 do	b10 79
5,000 Erie 3d M. B. '83	113	150 Erie R. Pref.	97
15,000 Erie 4th M. Bs.	105¾	25 do	97½
3,000 Hud. River 1st m.	118	150 do	97¾
1,000 Hud. R 3d m.	112¾	300 Hud. R. R.	107
1,000 Mich. So. 2d M.	104	150 do	s30 107
8,000 Al. & T. H. Inc. B.	81¾	200 Harlem R.	49⅜
5,000 Al. & T. H. 2d M. Pr	90¾	200 do	b10 49⅝
5,000 Chi. & N. W. Int B.	97	100 do	49¾
10,000 do	97¾	1800 do	49
3,000 C. & N. W. 1st m.	77	200 do	s30 48⅜
2,000 Tol. & W. 2d M.	91	300 do	s15 48⅜
2,000 Chi. & R. I. R.	111⅜	2000 do	48⅜
2,000 Cle. & Tol. S. F.	110	500 do	48¾
3,000 P., F. W. & C. 2d	102	400 Harlem R. Prf.	82
10,000 P., F. W. & C. 3d	74	500 do	81¾
2,000 do	74¾	200 Reading R.	89⅜
4,000 Clev. & P. 3d m.	103	100 Mich. Cen. R.	100⅝
25 North River Bank	100⅜	50 do	b60 101
8 Bank of Commerce	97	300 Mich. S. & N. I. R.	60⅜
20 Broadway Bank	150	50 do	s30 60
10 Metropolitan Bank	106	200 do	60
25 Rark Bank	120	100 do	60⅛
147,000 American Gold	152⅝	50 do	b30 60⅝
63,000 do	152	550 M. S. & N. I. G. S	102⅜
31,000 do	152⅜	50 do	s30 102½
200 Cit. Gas Co. Brooklin	130	200 do	s30 102⅜
16 Del. & Hud. C. Co.	126	100 do	102⅞
650 Cumb. Coal Prefd	20	700 do	103
250 Quicksilver Min. Co.	40	200 Clev. & Pitts R.	70
350 Cen. Am. T. Co.	30	600 do	s10 70
100 Bucks Co. Lead Co.	17⅛	100 Gal. & Chic. R.	92
50 Alt. & T. H. Pref	67	150 do	s15 91⅞
100 do	b10 67⅞	600 Clev. & Tol. R.	92¾
350 Chic & N. W. R.	16⅜	50 Chic. & R. I. R.	89⅜
300 do	17	250 do	89¾
100 Pacific M. S. Co	189	130 Del., L. & W. R.	148
50 do	188⅜	50 Tol. & Wab. R.	51
50 do	s30 186	200 do	51⅛
200 do	188	350 P., F. W. & C. R.	b30 61⅜
100 do	s30 185	200 do	61
100 do	s60 183	300 do	61¾
40 Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	89	100 do	s30 61
10 do	88	100 Alton & T. H.	32¾

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000 U. S. 6s, '81..Reg	104	100 Erie Railway	s10 78¾
10,000 Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ ct.		600 do	78⅝
Notes..Oct. & Apl.	104⅞	600 do	s3 78⅞
1,000 do Small.	104¾	100 Erie Railway Pf.	97
10,000 do	105	1000 Harlem R.	48
1,060 do Feb. & Au.	106	500 do	48⅜
2,000 U. S. 6s, 1-yr. C.	100¾	50 do	48⅜
2,000 do New	98¼	500 do	48⅜
3,000 Har. R. 1st M.	113	300 do	48⅜
1,000 Mich. C. 8s, C. 1st		360 do	s30 48⅜
M. Sk. Fd. B.	119	50 Hudson R. R.	106⅜
10,000 P., Ft. W. & C. 1st	109	100 do	s30 106
1,200 Buf., N. Y. & E. 1m.	109	1000 Har. Railway Prf	82
5,000 Amer. Gold	153⅛	100 Mich. Cen. R.	100⅝
30,000 do	153⅜	50 M. S. & N. I. R.	s30 59¾
40,000 do	154	200 do	b3 60
10,000 do	153⅞	200 do	60⅛
30 North River Bk.	100⅜	200 M. S. & N. I. G.	103
10 Shoe & Leather B'k	103	500 do	104
35 Bank of Commerce	97⅜	50 do	104⅛
50 Bucks Co. Ld. Co.	17⅛	100 do	s15 104¼
50 Cit. Gas Co., Brook.	132	300 do	104⅜
100 do	131	200 Clev. & Pitt. R.	70¾
400 Cum. Coal Prf.	20	300 Clev. & Tol. R.	92⅝
5 Quicksilv. M. Co.	b60 40⅜	250 P., F. W. & C.	66⅜
100 Brunsw'k C. L. Co.	5½	100 do	s10 60⅜
100 Pac. M. S. Co	s30 184	100 Chic. & Al. R.	68⅜
150 do	187⅜	100 Chic. & Alt. Fr.	86
50 do	s60 189	100 Tol. & Wab. R.	51⅜
200 do	s60 189	180 Chic. & N. W. R.	17
100 do	188¾	100 do	17¼
200 N. Y. Cen. R.	113⅜	150 do	17⅜
650 do	113⅝	200 Chi., Bur. & Q. R.	108
100 do	s30 113⅜	30 A. & T. H. R	32¾
100 do	s3 113⅜	20 Min. Mining Co	104⅜

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$105,000 Amer. Gold	152⅝	100 Hudson River R. b10	107
35,000 do	152¾	100 do	106⅞
5,000 Treas. 7 3-10 p ct.		100 do	s10 106⅜
Notes	104⅞	100 do	106⅜
10,000 U. S. 6s 1-yr. c	100⅜	100 do	s30 106⅜
15,000 do New	98¼	200 M. S. & N. I. R.	b3 60⅞
200 Bucks Co. L. C.	2	200 do	opg 60⅝
600 do	17⅛	300 do	60¾
100 Pacific M. S. C.	188	200 do	s10 60¾
100 N. Y. Central R.	114⅛	200 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	102⅞
50 do	114	200 do	b3 103
450 Erie Railway	b3 78⅜	300 Clev. & Pitts R.	70¼
200 do	s10 78¾	200 do	70⅜
400 do	78¾	200 P., Ft. W. & Chic	66¾
800 do	78⅜	100 Chic. & N. W. R.	17
200 do	s30 78	300 Galena & Chi.	92
200 Harlem R.	48⅝	100 Clev. & Tol. R.	92⅝
100 Chic. & R. I. R.	89¾	200 do	92⅜
50 do	89¾		

PUBLIC BOARD—4 P. M.

$45,000 Amer. Gold	153⅜	300 Hudson R. R.	106⅞
130,000 do	153⅞	300 do	s30 106⅝
105,000 do	153⅞	200 do	s60 106
15,000 Treas. 7 3-10 p ct.		200 Harlem R.	b3 50
Notes	105	200 do	49⅜
11,000 do	104⅞	200 do	49⅜
17,000 Debt Cert	100⅜	200 do	s60 48⅝
5,000 do	98⅝	500 do	49¾
150 Quicksilver Min. Co.	40⅜	400 do	49⅝
300 do	40⅜	600 Har. R. Pref.	82⅜
200 do	40⅜	200 do	s10 82⅝
600 Bucks Co. Lead	b30 2	400 M. S. & N. I. R.	60⅜
200 do	s10 17⅛	200 do	60⅝
500 do	17⅜	200 do	s3 60⅝
15,000 Miss. & Mo. L. C.	b0 63¾	200 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	105
5,000 do	b3 63	200 Clev. & Pitts. R.	b5 70⅜
5,000 do	63	300 do	70⅜
10 Min. Mining Co	104⅜	100 do	70⅝
20 do	104⅞	300 P. Ft. W. & Chi. R.	67⅛
400 Pacific Mail St. Co	188	100 Chi. & N. W. R.	b30 19
100 do	s10 187¾	100 do	18⅜
160 do	s10 187⅝	100 Chi. & Alt. R. Prf.	87
100 do	b30 189	1100 Gal. & Chi. R.	b30 92¾
200 do	b3 188	100 do	b10 92¾
200 Erie R.	b10 78⅜	100 do	92⅝
1200 do	78⅛	200 Clev. & Tol. R.	92⅝
500 do	78¼	300 do	92¾
200 do	s30 78	100 Chi. & R. I. R.	89⅝
200 Erie Pref.	97	150 do	89¾
700 do	s10 96¾		

WEDNESDAY, April 15—P. M.

The price of Gold Coin, which left off yesterday at 154⅜ ₱ cent., fell this forenoon to 152½@⅛ ₱ cent., but subsequently returned to 153⅛@154 ₱ cent., on various adverse rumors, the chief of which was the story from Havana that Capt. Wilkes was a prisoner to the Spanish authorities when the steamer *Melita* left that port. The Exchange market continues to rule dull and from 1½ to 3 ₱ cent. below the relative price of Gold. The quotations for first-class Bankers were 166@167 ₱ cent., from first hands, while bills of the same class were offered by speculative holders at a concession of ⅛@⅛ ₱ cent. Late in the day, on the recovery of Gold to 154 ₱ cent., drawers were asking an advance; but as this is not packet day, there was very little done. The market for Money is quoted very easy to the Brokers at 5@6 ₱ cent. The conversions of United States Currency into the 6 ₱ cents of 1882 at par, go forward with the same general activity as before the Charleston news. At the Stock Board 104 ₱ cent. is bid for the same Stock with accumulated interest in Gold from the 1st November. This is equal to 33⅓ ₱ cent. profit on the May coupon in Gold, fifteen days in advance of its maturity. The Treasury Certificates bearing interest in Gold, brought 100⅛ ₱ cent.; the Certificates, interest in Currency, 98⅛ ₱ cent.

The Stock market opened with some appearance of firmness on the Share list this morning, the chief attraction being Erie Common, on the reported heavy increase of $300,000, or 50 ₱ cent., on the earnings of the line in the month of March. This result is unexampled in the Spring traffic of this or any other of the great lines of the country. It brings up the first quarter's earnings of the Erie to about $2,600,000—or at the rate of *ten millions* for the year—against $1,938,698 same three months last season. The Western returns for the first week in April nearly all come in with a large increase on the same week last season. Harlem and Hudson shares were comparatively dull, at a concession from yesterday's closing prices. The Michigan Southern Guaranteed rose to 105 ₱ cent. in the Afternoon, making 6 ₱ cent. advance in two days. There was also a sudden rise of 1@1½ ₱ cent. in the shares of the Northwestern Company. At the Second Board there was some disposition to sell Pacific Mail on time, on the Havana rumor referred to. Harlem was in request at the reduced quotation. There was a very large advance in the shares of the new Citizens' Gas Company of Brooklyn, sales at 132 ₱ cent.

At 4 o'clock Gold was ¼ ₱ cent. lower, and Stocks generally steady but without marked speculative activity. The following prices were made in comparison with the quotations last week:

	Tues.	Wed.		Tues.	Wed.
Gold Coin	154⅜	153⅛	Harlem Pref.	83	82
U. S. 6s, 1881	105	105	Mich. Central	100⅜	100⅛
N. Y. Central	114¼	113¾	Mich. Southern	60⅛	60¼
Erie	79½	78⅛	Mich Guarant'd.	103¼	104⅜
Erie Preferred	96⅞	97	Illinois Central	85	88
Hudson	107	106⅛	Pittsburgh	71	70⅜
Toledo	92⅛	92⅛	Fort Wayne	62	60⅜
Pacific Mail	188	186⅜	Rock Island	89⅛	89⅛
Quicksilver Co.	40	40	Treasury Certifs.	100⅛	100⅛
Harlem	51	48¾	7-30 Tr. Notes	105	105

The deposits with the Treasury in this City to-day on 5 ₱ cent. interest amount to $1,250,000. The deposits for conversions into the New Loan of 1882 amount to $900,000.

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York Bank	111	American Exchange	101⅛
Manhattan	132⅛	Pacific	132
Merchants'	101	Chatham	82
Union	110	Bank of N. America	102
America	115	Metropolitan	106
City	130	Grocers'	95
Phœnix	105	Market	96
Tradesmen's	102⅜	Nassau	108
Fulton	140	Corn Exchange	103
Butchers' & Drovers'	119	Commonwealth	91
Seventh Ward	120	New-York County	110
State of New York	97	Importers' & Traders'	105
Comuerce	97⅛	Park	120
Broadway	150	New-York Exchange	100

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

Erie R. firsts, '68	116	Al. & T. H. 2ds. inc.	81
Erie R. seconds, '79	118	Chic. & N. W. S ₱	105
Erie R thirds, '83	112	Chic. & N.W. int B	97¾
Erie R. fourths, '80	106⅛	Chic. & N. 1sts, 2d ser.	76⅜
Erie R. fifths, '85	105½	Chic. & N. W. M.	44
Hud. R. 7s, firsts, '69	117⅜	Del., L. & W., 1sts	115⅜
Hud. R. thirds '75	113	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	103
Hud. R. conv. '67	109	Tol. & Wab 2ds	90⅜
Harlem firsts, '69, '73	112¾	M. & P. du C 1sts	105
Mich. C. firsts 8 & c. '82	118	Chi. & R. I. 1sts	111
Mich. S. & N. I. firsts	118	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	109⅛
Mich. S. 7 c. 2ds	104	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 1sts	104⅜
N. Ind. Gosh. L. '68	102	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 2ds	102
Mich. S. 7 & N. Ind. S. F.	112⅜	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 3ds	74
Ill., C. 7 ₱ c. '75	115	Clev. & Pitts. 3ds	103
Al. & T. H. 2s preferred	90¾		

Earnings of the Alton and Terre Haute Railroad for March, 1863:

Passengers	$45,402 81
Freight	69,921 13
Mails and Express	4,986 44
Total	$120,310 38
March, 1862	68,748 44
Increase	$51,561 94

The earnings of the Norwich and Worcester Railroad for March, were as follows:

1863	$28,784 01
1862	24,250 24
Increase	$4,533 77

The earnings of the Milwaukee and Prairie due Chien Railroad, for the first week in April, were:

1863	$18,358 20
1862	8,850 33
Increase	$9,507 87

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 15, 1863—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been: 80 bbls. Ashes, 5,182 bbls. Flour, 270 bbls. and 762 bags Corn Meal, 40 bushels Wheat, 285 bushels Corn, 101 bushels Rye, 380 bushels Barley, 7,021 bushels Oats, 1,215 bushels Malt, 5,779 pkgs. Provisions, and 421 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales, to-day, 30 bbls., including Pots, at $8@$8 25, and Pearls at $9@$9 12½ ₱ 100 lbs. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse this morning, 382 bbls., including 359 bbls. Pots and 23 bbls. Pearls.

CHEMICALS—Have been in rather more demand, at former rates.

COFFEE—The demand has been mainly for Rio and Santos at steady prices; sales since our last comprise 2,200 bags Rio and Santos, part at 31c., @32c., and small lots of other kinds at unchanged rates, ₱ lb. Java closes heavily at 37c.@38c.; Laguayra at 32c. @34c.; Maracaibo at 32c.@34c.; Rio at 30c.@33c., and St. Domingo at 29c.@29¾c., ₱ lb., usual terms. Stock of all kinds on hand, 103,933 packages, including, according to Messrs. Wm. Scott & Son, 3,000 bags and 21,000 mats Java, 69,333 bags Rio, 5,550 bags Maracaibo, 1,266 bags St. Domingo, 964 bags Ceylon, 350 bags Jamaica, 400 bags Laguayra, and 1,868 bags of other descriptions.

COPPER—Refined has been more active at 30c.@30¾c., mainly at 30c., ₱ lb.

COTTON—Has been quiet and depressed to-day, at 67c.@68c. for Middlings, ₱ lb.

FISH—All kinds have been inactive at about former rates.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been heavy and lower, to-day. The demand has been very limited. Sales, 8,900 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $6 10@$6 50; poor to choice extra State at $6 70@$7 30, chiefly at $6 75@$7; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 20@$7 30 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$6 10	@$6 50
Extra State	6 70	@ 7 30
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	6 80	@ 8 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds	7 20	@ 7 30
Extra Ohio, trade brands	7 35	@ 8 75
Extra Genesee	7 35	@ 8 75

Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri 7 25 @ 9 75

Southern Flour is declining again to-day, sales 700 bbls., at $7 @$7 45 for poor to good superfine, $7 50@$8 75 for fancy to choice brands, and $8 75@$9 80 for very superior family brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is cheaper; sales 500 bbls. Extra, at $6 75@$8 20 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive, at $3 40@$5 40 for fine and superfine, ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is in less demand at $4 10@$4 15 for Jersey, and $4 75@$4 80 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Have been dull and unsettled.

FRUIT—The demand has been very limited: prices have not varied materially.

GRAIN—Wheat has been very quiet, as buyers have been reluctant to pay asking prices. A lot of choice White Kentucky brought $1 93 ₱ bushel. Corn has been in less demand at drooping prices. Sales since our last, 58,000 bushels, at 89c.@91½c., in store and delivered, for shipping Mixed Western; 86c.@88c. for Eastern do. 82c.@86c. for Unsound; 93c. for Yellow Jersey ₱ bushel. Rye is in less request at $1 06@$1 10, according to quality, ₱ bushel. Sales, 1,700 bushels. Oats are in moderate request, including Canada, at 85c.@86½c.; Western at 85c.@87c.; State at 86½c.@87c. ₱ bushel. Barley continues in demand, at $1 45@$1 60 ₱ bushel. Sales 1,500 bushels.

HAY—North River is in good demand, at 80c. @95c. ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been lightly dealt in to-day at 17c.@24c. ₱ lb.

HIDES—Have been quite dull at irregular prices. Stock of all kinds, 179,000 Hides, against 142,200 same date last year.

IRON—Is inactive, but is held firmly.

LATHS—Eastern are selling slowly at $1 45 ₱ thousand.

LEATHER—The demand has been limited for Hemlock tanned Sole, at a shade easier prices and moderate for other kinds at steady rates. 2,000 dozen Calf Skins were sold by auction, on Tuesday, at 90c.@$1 15 for heavy, and $1 25@1 85 for medium and light ₱ lb.

LEAD—Pig has been in moderate request at $8 50 @$9 ₱ 100 lbs.

MOLASSES—Sales 176 bbls. New-Orleans, at 40c. @52c.; 50 hhds. Porto Rico, at 48c.@51c.; and 520 hhds. Cuba Muscovado, at 38c.@45c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—A light business has been transacted in Resin at $23@$30 ₱ 280 lbs.; Spirits Turpentine at $3 ₱ gallon, (now held much higher,) and Tar at $9@$10 50 ₱ bbl.

MOLASSES—Sales, to-day, privately and by auction, 900 bbls. New-Orleans at from 32½c.@50c.; 50 hhds. Porto Rico at 51c., and 63 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 42c.@45c. ₱ gallon.

OILS—The demand has been good for Petroleum, and very moderate for other descripions at our revised quotations: Crude Whale at 98c.@$1; bleached Winter do. at $1 10@$1 15; Crude Sperm at $1 75@$1 80; unbleached Winter do. at $2@$2 05; Olive, $2 10@$2 15; Linseed, $1 65@$1 68; No. 1 Lard Oil at 90c.@97½c.; Crude Petroleum, 20¾c.@21c.; refined do., free, 35c.@40c.; Kerosene, 35c.@37½c. ₱ gallon. The week's business in Petroleum, Mr. C. J. Turner notices thus: "The market is steady for Refined Petroleum for immediate delivery at 33c.@34c. ₱ gallon, and there continues to be a good demand for delivery in July and August at 35c., and in some instances 36c. has been paid. Crude Petroleum is also in fair demand at 20c.@20½c. on the spot, and for delivery in July and August. Spirits Petroleum are slack, and the tendency is in favor of buyers. I quote 27c.@32½c. for Crude to best Deodorized. The following are the receipts at and the exports from New-York for the week and since Jan. 1:

	For the Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Receipts of Petroleum	11,499	189,411
Exports of Petroleum	2,456	168,813

A large fire at Pittsburgh, Penn., by which upward of 12,000 barrels are said to have been destroyed, has imparted more firmness to the market at the close."

NEW-BEDFORD OIL MARKET, Week ending April 13.—The market remains without change. There is no inquiry for Sperm, and but very little for Whale. The only sale is a parcel of 225 bbls. Whale, landed from the *Raduga* at Boston, belonging to parties in this city, at $1 ₱ gallon.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone
From Jan. 1 to April 13, '63	7,780	14,040	127,700
Same time last year	2,218	7,498	167,900

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PRINTING CLOTHS—The Providence *Journal* says: "No sales. 64x64's can be bought for 13c., cash. Stock on hand will amount to 725,000 pieces."

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quite heavy to-day, and sales have been made of 1,750 bbls., in lots, at $13 50@$13 62½ for old Mess; $15 50@$15 62½ for new Mess, and $11@$13 25 for old and new Prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats have been in fair demand, at 7c.@8c. for Hams, and 5c.@6c. for Shoulders, ₱ lb. Bacon has been in less request, at 6¾c. @8½c. ₱ lb.; sales 650 boxes. Lard is depressed, today; sales 1,100 tcs. and bbls., at 9¾c.@10½c., and 300 kegs at 11½c. ₱ lb. Beef continues in limited demand to-day; sales since our last, 175 bbls., at $12 25@$13 50 for Extra Mess, and $10 50@$12 25 for Plain Mess, ₱ bbl. Prime Mess, $21@$22 50 ₱ tce; India Mess, $23@$25 ₱ tierce. Beef Hams, $14 50@$16 50 ₱ bbl. Butter rules quiet, at 16c.@19c. for poor to choice Western, and 18c.@24c. for common to choice State, ₱ lb. Cheese is depressed, at 11¾c. @14¾c. ₱ lb.

RICE—Sales, since our last, 4,100 bags East India, at $7 50@$8 25 ₱ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been quiet at irregular prices.

SKINS—Have been in fair request at buoyant prices.

SEEDS—Have been quiet, and prices have been depressed.

SPELTER—Has been inactive and unsettled.

SPICES—Have been quiet, at irregular rates.

SUGARS—Sales, to-day, 1,600 hhds., including New-Orleans, at 10¾c.@12c.; Porto Rico at 10¼c.@ 11¾c., and Cuba at 9¾c.@10¼c. ₱ lb. Market firm.

TALLOW—Sales 125,000 lbs., at 11¾c.@12¼c., the latter an extreme rate, ₱ lb. Messrs. Knight & Son say: "During the fore part of the week the market became very much depressed, and sales could only be effected at a concession of fully ½c. ₱ lb. under last week's rates, caused by shippers not being able to pay the prices demanded by holders, but since Saturday last the market has steadily improved, and prime shipping lots have been disposed of at 11¾c.@ 12c., and to-day the dem

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS dwelling-house, No. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av. The lot is 32 feet wide, and the house in excellent order, furnished with all modern conveniences, and in all respects a desirable residence. Price low. Three-fourths of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage, at six per cent. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE AT PEEKSKILL,
In every variety, for sale and exchange.
T. B. MILLS, Peekskill.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, AT AUCTION—June 17, 1863.—The articles of Association of the CHICAGO LAND COMPANY require that the trust shall be closed, in the month of June, 1863, and that all the property and effects on hand at that time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863.

The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago:

749 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago.
486 lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch.
382 lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch.
67 lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch.
3 lots in original town Chicago.

Also mortgages, amply secured, amounting to about eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Fifty-four contracts, covering 96 lots, on which there are owing an aggregate of about $100,000.

Of these lots 6,732 feet front on a spacious canal of 100 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.

And 4,569 feet front on the North Branch of the Chicago River.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and effects of the Company are sold.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, Trustee.

CHICAGO, March 16, 1863.

FOR SALE AT CONEY ISLAND—HOTEL and cottage sites. The property is pleasantly located at the terminus of the Coney Island Railroad, on high ground, and within 200 yards of the ocean, and is well shaded by a fine growth of trees. This is a rare chance for business men, and those desiring a Summer residence near the ocean. Portions of the premises will be leased for pic-nic grounds, &c. Also valuable lots on 15th, 16th sts. and the Coney Island plank road, in the City of Brooklyn, adjoining the depot of this Company, and having its surplus grounds. For terms, &c., apply to F. G. QUEVEDO, Secretary Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PROPERTY ON 9TH-AV., 33D AND 34TH STS.—The Managers of the New-York Institution for the Blind, offer at private sale the 32 lots occupied by the edifices of the institution, being the western half of the block between the 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th sts., with the improvements thereon. Also, 12 lots on the south side of 34th-st., and 9 lots on the north side of 33d-st., between 8th and 9th avs. These last-mentioned 21 lots will be sold singly or in parcels, as may be desired.

For terms, apply to GEORGE F. ALLEN, President of the Board, at the office of Clarkson N. Potter, Esq., No. 61 Wall-st., between 12 M. and 2 P. M.

FOR SALE—NEAR UNION-SQUARE, THE very desirable property on the northwest corner of Irving-place and 16th-st., 50x70, with improvements. Well located for a first-class small hotel, being in the immediate vicinity of the Academy of Music, theatres, railroad and omnibus lines. For terms, &c., apply to
RIDLEY WATTS,
No. 704 Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Apply to
RIDLEY WATTS,
OR
W. H. ROSS,
No. 704 Broadway.

FARMS, COUNTRY SEATS, VILLAGE HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.—One beautiful country seat, 35 acres of land, on high ground, finely lawn around the house, and ornamented with about 600 evergreens; laid out with walks, roads, &c.; house contains 16 rooms; large outbuildings; all new; this overlooks the country for 20 miles, and is one of the most beautiful situations in New-Jersey, and worthy the notice of any gentleman who is desirous of a beautiful country place; 45 minutes' walk from depot. Also, 20 farms, from 20 acres to 206, 5 beautiful country seats. For information inquire of S. D. HUNTING, Madison, Morris County, N. J.

TO LET.—A LARGE BRICK FARM HOUSE, two stories and attic, twelve rooms, very healthy, retired and pleasant location; shade and fruit trees; vegetable garden; summer fruits in their season fine stream of pure water in sight of the house for bathing, fishing and boating, is situated in one of the best neighborhoods in Fishkill, Dutchess County, New-York, six miles from New-Hamburgh landing and railroad station, unsurpassed as a delightful summer residence; rent only $250 for the season. Inquire of J. S. CALDWELL, No. 24 Pine-st., New-York City.

FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENCE IN BROOKLYN FOR SALE.—Large brown-stone house, built in the best manner, containing every modern improvement and convenience, and in thorough repair; four lots of ground handsomely inclosed and improved, with fruit, shrubs, grapes, etc; within ten minutes' walk of the ferries, and one of the most desirable properties in the City. Will be sold cheap. Two-thirds may remain on bond and mortgage if desired. Address Box No. 3,201 New-York Post-office, with real name.

FOR SALE CHEAP IN WILLIAMSBURGH—Two 3-story and basement Philadelphia brick houses, lots 25x90, built in 1863, can not be built for less than $6,000, will be sold for $5,000 each, $1,500 cash, $2,000 mortgage at 6 per cent., said houses are within 30 minutes of Fulton Ferry; good cellars, location healthy and agreeable. Address C. A. V., Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 122 WEST 47th-st. The lot is 25½ feet front and rear by 101 feet deep; the house is large and commodious, well finished and very desirably located, having all modern improvements; chandeliers and gas fixtures new, and of very rich pattern. Price $10,000. Terms made easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

PROPERTY FOR SALE—POSSESSION IMmediately, an excellent stand for business, 15 miles from the City; lease in operation 9 years, and in doing a good business, together with 2½ acres of land, an excellent garden well stocked with fruit trees, &c.; good buildings, &c. For particulars, apply to GRINNELL, GODDARD & CO., No. 23 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE WATER FRONT AT the foot of 117th st., Harlem River, consisting of ten lots upland, with barn and fruit trees; also the land under water to the exterior line; suitable for a residence, coal, wood or lumber yard, or for manufacturing purposes. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to WILLIAM H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

A NEW BROWN-STONE HOUSE, 17.3X42, three stories high, and basement and under-cellar lot full, pleasantly located in 73d st., between 3d and 4th avs., near 3d-av. Railroad; street nearly built up; price $5,500, less than cost. Apply to
WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

WILLIAMSBURGH.—FOR SALE OR LEASE, on easy terms, 500 lots and 25 houses, situated between the East River and 6th-st., and north 7th-st. and Bushwick Creek. Apply to S. J. HUNT, No. 112 4th-av., New-York, or to CHAS. FOWLER, Agent, corner 3d and North 9th sts., Williamsburgh.

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE PROPERTY situated on the northwest corner of Broadway and 47th-st., being 36 feet on Broadway and 166 feet on 48th-st. no commissions allowed. Apply to or address JOHN WAITE, Executor of Margaret Waite, deceased, No. 932 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A PLOT OF GROUND IN THE CITY of Elizabeth, consisting of 62 acres, less than a mile to the centre of the City and adjacent to the railroad depot, situate on Bellevue-av, Standish-st., Pennington-av., Irving-st., and Bay-way, all opened. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN SOUTH BROOKLYN—very cheap, if applied for soon—a 3-story brown-stone front house, with 3 full lots of ground in handsome garden, 20 to 30 minutes from all ferries. Price for whole only $6,000. Will be let as one if not sold. Address E. J. T., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE, NO 34 West 33d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; 4 stories, brown stone, 18 feet wide and 60 feet deep; in good order; suitable for a doctor or other professional man. Low price and moderate terms. Apply to BURRILL, DAVISON & BURRILL, No. 49 Wall-st.

HOUSE AND STABLE FOR SALE OR TO let No. 121 South 9th-st., Williamsburgh. House three story brick, in good order; lot 0 by 150, fitted with grapery &c., rent $700. Inquire of D. R. HALL, No. 161 Chatham st., or of S. COCKROFT, No. 82 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and lot No. 191 East 16th-st. The house is built in modern style, and with modern improvements. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 56 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 85 Lexington-av, one door below 27th-st.; house 52 feet by 65 feet, three rooms deep, furnace, gas, two baths, &c., &c. For card of admission apply to W. W. DeFOREST & CO., No. 82 South-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house, No. 30 East 35th-st., between Madison and 4th avs. It will be painted and put in perfect repair. Apply for permit, &c., to JAMES BARROW, No. 173 East 13th st.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY, HIGH-STOOP brick house, No. 129 Perry-st.; has counter cellar, cookroom, water and gas, and connected with street sewer. Apply to STEPHEN A. PIERCE & CO., No. 76 Cedar-st.

ONE OF THE BEST BUILT AND MOST convenient houses in this City for sale at what it would now cost to build it. Three-fourths on mortgage at 6 per cent. No. 407 4th-st., Albion-place.

TO MILLERS.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—A grist mill, the red mills at Five Mile River, Darien, Conn. Call on or address GEORGE ROBERTS, No. 288 West 22d-st., New-York.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—FOR SALE, WITH IMMEdiate possession, the first-class 4-story house 26 feet wide, lot 120 feet deep; No. 19 5th-av. Terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—COAL-YARD, HORSES, CARTS, scales, fixtures, &c; one of the best stands in the City been established this last 20 years; the yard is well shaded. Address COAL-YARD, Box No. 125 *Times* Office.

TO BUILDERS.—LOTS, WITH BUILDING loans in good locations, also in Harlem, for sale to good parties. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

BUILDING MATERIALS, &C.

LEAKY ROOFS CURED WITH RUBBER Paint, 1 to 1½ cts. a foot, according to condition, and warranted. 536 Grand-st., 37 Park row, 183 Bowery, 315 9th-av., 608 6th-av., 48 8th av., 11 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh, and cor of Oxford-st. and Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the city where the cheapest marble mantels, &c., can be bought, is at A. KLABER'S marble yard, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. (Cut this out.)

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

PEREMPTORY SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, UPON THE PREMISES IN OLD SAYBROOK, at the mouth of the Connecticut River. On SATURDAY, May 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., will be sold at public auction, a handsome modern house, finished in the best manner, with 14 rooms, piazzas, coach-house, barn, and every convenience suitable for a gentleman's country residence. About 7 acres of ground sloping down to a bay near the mouth of the river, entirely unimproved, but susceptible of being soon made ornamental and productive, as may be seen in the adjoining residence and grounds of John Allen, Esq. The house has never been occupied since it was built, about five years since, owing to the death of the owner. Excellent fishing, boating and shooting in the proper seasons; accessible from New-York in 4½ hours by railroad or by Hartford steamer in the afternoon. The neighborhood is entirely healthy, and there are good schools and churches. Persons, by taking the 8 o'clock A. M. train on the New-Haven Road, can have several hours at Saybrook, attend the sale, and return the same evening. Terms 10 per cent. cash on the day of sale; a liberal portion of the purchase money to remain on bond and mortgage if desired. For further particulars apply to VARNUM & TURNEY, No. 110 Broadway.

TO LET.—HAZLEWOOD COTTAGE, LUZERNE, Warren Co., N. Y., 20 miles from Saratoga, and 10 from Lake Geoge, the residence of Col. Butler, furnished throughout. Situated on the borders of the romantic Lake of Luzerne, including grounds, say ten acres—boat, bath-house, &c.; contains six bed-rooms, parlor, saloon, dining-room and piazzas, two kitchens. Price for the season, $300. Also, ice house filled, wood prepared for use, garden planted, hotbed, stable, &c.

Also, HOVE COTTAGE, furnished, adjoining, contains four bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and piazza, suitable for a small family. Price $150. Refer to WM. F. MOTT, Esq., No. 83 Irving-place, WM. K. MEAD, No. 111 Water-st.; Hon. JOHN VAN BUREN, or to Mrs. B. C. BUTLER, No. 53 Columbia-st., Albany.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE AT RYE—Near the village of Port Chester—The place known as Deermont, the residence of the late Edward J. Swords, commanding a fine view of the Sound and the surrounding country, consisting of about nine acres in a high state of cultivation; house three stories, 25x45, with a large wing; piazza extending nearly around the house; outbuildings new, and house, ground and garden in perfect order; over 1,000 fruit trees of the choicest kind; good water; two fish-ponds filled with goldfish in abundance; statuary, shade trees, &c. Also, a house situated on the outskirts of the village of Porchester; grounds 51x170, making a most desirable residence for a small family. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

EASTCHESTER.—FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL country residence, situated at Eastchester; house is new, and built in the French style and stone, on about 3½ acres; house contains 15 rooms, cellar and coal vault, also gas in the house. There is a stable, carriage-house, ice-house, bonnery, small greenhouse, together with fruit trees of every description and choicest kinds; also, many kinds of ornamental trees, evergreens, &c; grounds are beautifully laid out, with several terraces and a fish-pond and garden. Situation very healthy, three-quarters of an hour's ride from the City by Harlem Railroad, near Mount Vernon Station. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

STATEN ISLAND.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT, fully furnished, a handsome cottage residence, containing parlor, library, dining-room, six bed-chambers, bath-room and water-closet, and good kitchen, with all conveniences. The place contains 2½ acres of ground, handsomely planted and improved, with good garden, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' drive of Vanderbilt's Landing, and possessing beautiful sea and inland views; location high and healthy; well suited for the residence of a person of taste and moderate means. Apply to Messrs. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM for sale, with commodious and extensive buildings, orchards and fruits of all kinds, grapery, greenhouse, &c. It is situated within one hour of the City, and communicates by railroad and steamboat. For healthfulness and beauty of location it is unsurpassed. The farm contains 200 acres, and embraces half a dozen elegant building sites, with 10 to 20 acres each, having extensive landscape and water views. Apply to BULKLEY & PINK, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS country residence, situated on the east bank of the Hudson, five minutes' walk to Tubby Hook depot, on Hudson River Railroad, 25 minutes by rail to Chambers-st. The house is large and finished in the best manner, with all modern improvements; also, a stable, carriage house and coachman's dwelling, the grounds are highly improved, and abound with fine shade, ornamental and fruit trees; splendid river view. Apply to THOMPSON, WHITE & CO., No. 39 Broadway, or to JOS. THOMPSON, on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ONE OF THE MOST desirable residences in the City of Paterson N. J., within 8 minutes' walk of the Erie Railroad depot, and within 15 minutes' walk of the Post-office, containing 179 lots, 25x100 feet, or about 13 acres of excellent land. The location, for health and beauty, is the finest in the whole city. The house is large and very convenient; plenty of fruit, shrubbery and shade trees; good outhouses. All in good order. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT MILFORD, CONN., WITHIN three minutes' walk of the depot of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, a large, nearly new, commodious house and barn, with ten acres of land; the house is pleasantly located on high ground and commands a fine view of the Sound and of the surrounding country. For further particulars, inquire of
SANDS SEELY, No. 31 Wall-st.,
Or of R. L. BALDWIN, No. 94 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—A splendid country residence on the Hudson, 40 miles from the City. The house is new, and contains all the modern improvements of the best City houses; a carriage-house, a large garden, and an abundance of choice fruits. Inquire of JOHN B. KITCHEN, Esq., No. 14 Pine-st., H. A. SMITH, Esq., No. 112 Reade-st., or C. TOWNSEND, on the premises, Peekskill.

AMONG THE MOUNTAINS AT IRVINGTON.—A handsome country residence for sale near the Hudson, with 20 acres land, well supplied with fruit and water in every form. The buildings are handsome, convenient and commodious; the mountain scenery is beautiful, and the breezes which fan its bosom are the very breath of life and health. Price $7,500. C. G. PRATT, No. 32 Pine-st., room No. 9.

FOR SALE AND TO LET—SEVERAL VERY desirable residences at Bedford, L. I., furnished and unfurnished, on and near New-York-av., with 4, 8, 16, and 24 lots. All modern improvements—gas, water, stable, &c. Fine fruit and ornamental trees, vines, shrubs, &c. Kitchen garden made; conservatory and flower garden, well stocked with plants. For cards to see the premises, apply to G. B. ELKINS, No. 338 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

AT LENOX, MASS.—TO LET OR FOR SALE.—The residence, now occupied by Mrs. Brevoort. It is delightfully situated in the centre of the village, and commands a most beautiful prospect. Possession given immediately. For sale unfurnished, or to let furnished. Apply at No. 110 Broadway, Room Nos. 1 and 2.
FREDERIC A. POTTS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN THE BEAUTIful village of Flushing, L. I., a very neat dwelling, with a fine water prospect, containing eight rooms, basement and cellar, and plenty of closet room; is admirably calculated for a small family. Communications to New-York per railroad and steamboat ten times per day. Price $2,000. Rent $225. Apply, between 12 and 1 o'clock, to GEO. W. PECK, No. 110 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT ORANGE, N. J.—From the 1st of May, the first-class brick house, with gas and all the modern improvements, situated on the 2½ acre lot corner of Harrison-st. and the Morris and Essex Railroad. Apply to the subscriber until 1½ o'clock at No. 70 Wall-st.; after 3½ o'clock at his residence, Harrison-st., Orange. Rent $400.
GEORGE BARRELL.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A VALUABLE country residence, embracing a spacious house, built within the last two years, with every modern convenience; first floor finished in solid black walnut; large carriage-house, &c.; five minutes' walk from depot, 12 miles from the City. Inquire at Gas-office, No. 76 Nassau-st., from 11 to 2 o'clock.

TO LET—A COUNTRY HOUSE, IN COMPLETE order, situated in the village of Tremont, 8 miles from City; pleasantly located, with garden, well of good water; the house contains 11 rooms, and is only 3 minutes' walk from the Harlem Railroad and stage depots; rent $175 a year. Inquire of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row, New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 48 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—IN WESTchester County, 30 miles from the City, and half a mile from the depot of the Harlem Railroad, a large house, carriage-house, &c., one and a half acres of land, handsomely improved, well adapted for a Summer boarding-house, school, or gentleman's residence. Apply to D. C. HAYS, No. 65 Wall-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—LOCATed on the Bay shore, near Fort Hamilton, about six miles from Brooklyn, consisting of a spacious stone dwelling, containing fifteen rooms; a carriage-house, with stabling for three horses, ice-house (filled) and about four acres of land. Apply to R CORNELL WHITE, No. 11 Murray-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE DWELLINGhouse in the town of Stamford, Conn. A stable and good well of water on the premises. The place is central and very near the railroad station; is altogether suitable for a small family. For particulars, address Box No. 264 Post-office, Stamford, Conn.

NEWBURGH.—FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL country seat, delightfully situated; having a most extensive view of the Hudson. Brick house, in Gothic style, stable, carriage house, &c.; grounds, three acres, well planted with fruit and shade trees.
FITTON & JONES, No. 25 Wall-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES IN LLEWELLYN PARK, (500 acres,) on Orange Mountain, New-Jersey, within one hour of Wall-st. Also, a few eligible building sites, from one to ten acres each. For terms and other particulars apply to the proprietor, L. S. HASKELL, No. 44 Cedar-st., New-York.

FOR SALE LOW—AT PLAINFIELD, N. J., A handsome residence, house 12 rooms, furnace, every convenience, one acre lawn, fruit, garden, carriage-house, stable, two minutes' walk from depot; a complete place for a person doing business in the City to reside. Apply to W. P. SEYMORE, No. 79 Cedar-st.

TWO COTTAGES AT HUGUENOT STAtion, Staten Island, for sale or to let, furnished or unfurnished. With each house there is ground enough for a garden. The whole property consists of about 35 acres, and can be divided. W. H. WELLS, No. 47 Ann-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE IN WEST FARMS, N. Y.—A pleasant, large 2½-story house, all in order, and large garden, with all kinds of fruit trees; barn-yard and stables, if required. Apply to JOHN E. ACKERMAN, near the premises, or WM. EDELSTEN, No. 237 Broadway, Room No. 8.

IRVINGTON HOUSE STABLE AND GROUNDS, about half an acre, to sell or let; within three minutes of the depot; commanding a fine view of the Hudson River. Inquire of MOTT, MURRAY & HARRIS, Room No. 5, No. 145 Broadway.

AT LENOX, MASS.—FOR SALE, A RESIdence containing 8 acres of land, with buildings all new. Address Box No. 32 Lenox Post-office, Lenox, Mass.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN AND MADISON, N. J.

AT MORRISTOWN.

LARGE HOUSE, MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, situated in a grove of large forest trees, adjoining the village. Carriage-house, abundance of fruit, &c., &c., and 20 or 40 acres. A LARGE NEW HOUSE, modern in every particular, with carriage-house, plenty of fruit, &c.; one mile from depot; 10 to 30 acres. Price $16,000.

A LARGE MODERN HOUSE and 15 acres, with fruit, &c., &c. Price $15,000.

A FINE HOUSE, an abundance of fruit, 40 acres, ½ mile from depot. Price $16,000. Very cheap.

A SPLENDID COTTAGE and 5 acres, fine grounds, carriage-house, &c., one mile from depot. Price $7,000.

A FINE LARGE MODERN HOUSE in the village, with beautiful grounds, an abundance of fruit and flowers. Price $10,000.

Also, AN EXCELLENT FARM, with a great variety of the choicest fruit, 92 acres, 2 miles from depot.

AT MADISON.

A LARGE MODERN HOUSE, in a beautiful location, and 80 acres. ALSO, a splendid mansion and 25 acres. ALSO, a large elegant house, extensive out-buildings, and 160 acres. Price $55,000.

S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—A COUNTRY seat, containing 24 acres of choice land, three-quarters of a mile south of the City of Poughkeepsie, and adjoining the beautiful grounds of M. Vassar, Esq. The house is 10x55 feet, with a piazza 12 feet in width, extending along almost the entire front; is built in the most substantial manner, and has, among other conveniences, water, bath, &c., and a fine billiard-room. The place is well stocked with fine fruit and shade trees and shrubbery; the gardens are large and productive, and the stables, &c., convenient and in good order. Price $30,000, or will be let completely furnished, at $1,800 a year. Possession given immediately. For further particulars inquire of DEWITT CLINTON JONES, No. 1 Hanover-st., New-York.

TO LET—AT WESTCHESTER, THE COUNTRY residence of the late Capt. W. A. Spencer, situated about a mile from Williamsbridge, on the Boston post-road, consisting of large dwelling house, gardener's lodge, stable, dairy and carriage-house. The garden is large and tastefully laid out, and furnished with greenhouse. Apply at No. 53 Walker-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY residence on the New-Haven Railroad, 53 minutes' ride from 27th-st. Depot. House commodious and in good order, containing all modern improvements; location high and healthy, about ½ mile from the Sound; outbuildings of various kinds; 92 acres of land; price $25,000; terms easy. Apply to WM. H. BONNETT, No. 181 Pearl-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—On the west bank of the Hudson River, at Edgewater, opposite Manhattanville; large double house, with outbuildings and 5 acres of land, an abundance of fruit and fine old shade-trees, including the river front. Communication by steamboat four or five times a day. For full particulars, apply to CHAS. B. FOSDICK, No. 31 Spruce-st.

FOR SALE, A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND about 34 acres, 3 minutes' walk from depot, at Matuchin, N. J., and 1¼ hour from New-York; location elevated and pleasant; soil of first quality; churches and schools convenient. The property will be sold very low to close an estate. M. DANIELS, Administrator, No. 177 Market-st., Newark, or S. EDDY, 8 Pine-st., New-York.

YONKERS.—THREE FURNISHED HOUSES TO rent, fine gardens and good river view; also, a large Mechanics' boarding house with bar room; also, a number of other houses to rent and for sale. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT OF SIXTY acres, at Nyack.—Churches and schools are near. It fronts on the Hudson, is healthy, has good buildings, unsurpassed prospect, and fine fruit, brook and springs.
CHAS. B. HART, No. 132 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE IN RYE—NEAR THE RAILROAD station at Port Chester, a country residence in complete order, with 40 acres of land. For particulars, inquire of E. B. WESLEY, or C. KOWALSKI, No. 22 William-st.

COUNTRY VILLA AT TREMONT, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y., for sale. Price $8,500. For further particulars, apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE AT CLIFTON, S. I. Good outbuildings and two acres of ground, one mile from the ferry. Rent, $100 per month. Apply at No. 246 West 12th-st.

FARMS.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL FARM OF ABOUT fifty acres, in Pelham, Westchester County, two miles from the New-Rochelle depot, on the road directly opposite Hunter's Island, with extensive views on the water, and elegant building sites, wells and a large pond for ice on the premises. For further particulars, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE—BETWEEN TARRYTOWN and White Plains, three miles from each place, 70 acres, all under cultivation except two acres of wood lots; large apple orchard, a small comfortable dwelling-house, three barns, crib, &c. Price, $10,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE WHOLE OR PART OF A farm, containing 100 acres, situated about 21 miles from the City, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. The dwelling, farm-house and other buildings in good order. Apply at No. 343 Bowery, corner 3d-st.

TO LET.

TO LET.—STORES NOS. 49 AND 45 LISPENARD-st., near Broadway; the front of No. 45 will correspond with No. 49, back room 30 feet wide, with two skylights in the rear; will be connected with front store or let separately, dwelling over No. 49 can be had with the store. Rents low, with immediate possession. Inquire of A. JOURNEAY, No. 9 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A FIRST-class English-basement house, well furnished, situated in 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., will be rented to an approved private family, at a reasonable price, for one year from the first of May next; it will not be rented for a boarding-house. Address Box No. 2,240 Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—FOR SIX months from May 1, to a gentleman and wife, or to a very small family, at a moderate rent, a three-story house, with all conveniences and well furnished, situated near to Union-square. For terms and cards to see, with name and number in family, Box No. 2,305 Post-office.

TO LET—STORE NO. 113 NASSAU-STREET, 100 feet by 25, with basement and cellar; also, second, fourth and fifth floors of No. 62 John-st. work-shops in rear building No. 208 William-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET.—A THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING below Bleecker-st., and West of Broadway. Rent $600. No boarding-housekeeper need apply. Also to a small family a cottage house, at $360. Address J. C. H., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

TO LET—DESIRABLE ROOMS AND OFFICES on 2d, 3d, and 4th floors of No. 13 Park-place. Apply on the premises to H. S. HAWKS, or to
H. A. BOGERT, No. 54 Wall-st.,
third floor, front.

TO LET OR LEASE.—A LARGE HOUSE IN good order, containing twenty-two rooms, with garden, fruit, trees, and ten acres of land, with privilege of 100 acres, situated on Staten Island near the landing. Apply at No. 53 Whitehall-st., up stairs.

TO LEASE—TWO GOOD STORES, NOS. 75 AND 77 Franklin-st., near Broadway, which will be ready for occupancy by the 1st of June. Inquire of JOHN ATTRIDGE & SON, No. 591 4th-st., between av. B & C, from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN—A HANDSOME house, with plot of lots; garden with fruits; house contains 12 rooms, gas, water, range, heater, &c.; excellent neighborhood; rent $460. Apply to E. S. YOUNG, No. 25 Nassau-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—AT A LOW RENT, THE fine brick and granite five-story store, with iron shutters, No. 259 Front-st., second door east of Dover-st., New-York City. Inquire of J. C. HEYWOOD, Counsellor-at-Law, No. 11 Wall-st.

NO. 49 COLUMBIA-ST., BROOKLYN—TO let, from 1st May next, 4-story brown-stone front house, with all modern improvements. Apply to A. CLEVELAND, No. 63 Cedar-st., or R. A. DONALDSON, No. 28 Reade-st.

A STORE TO LET—IN TARRYTOWN AND about $400 worth of stock for sale. It is an old established stand, where a cash business can be done. Possession given at once. For particulars, apply to J. S. MOON, No. 292 4th-av., near 23d-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH BASEMENT house, with its furniture, situated on 5th-av. Will be rented from May 15 to Nov. 15. Address P., Box No. 741 Post-office.

A THOROUGHLY FURNISHED HOUSE to let, for one year, in 9th-st., between Broadway and University-place. Rent, $2,000. Refer to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, THE UPPER part of a two-story and basement house, pleasantly situated in the IXth Ward: it has water and gas. Address V., Box No. 189 *Times* Office.

TO LET.—THE LARGE AND COMMODIOUS house, No. 52 7th-st., near 2d-av. Rent $950. For particulars, apply at No. 52 St. Mark's-place, or to FRANCIS SPIER, No. 54 Beekman-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—THE SMALL three-story house, No. 28 West 36th-st., near the 6th-av., completely furnished; can be seen from 12 to 3. For permits apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET—EXTRA FINE LIGHT—IN double store No. 40 and 42 Broad-st. "will be altered and arranged to suit first class tenants. EASTMAN & CO., Nos. 40 and 42 Broad-st.

TO LET—A HOUSE AND GARDEN, WITH fruit trees, on the corner of 5th-av. and 132d-st.; it is within a few minutes' walk of steamboat and railroad cars. Apply at No. 795 Broadway.

PART OF A STORE, WITH LARGE SHOW window, on Broadway, near Franklin-st., will be rented at a reasonable rate to a desirable party. Address, Box No. 3,165 Post-office, stating nature of business.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 49 AMITY-ST., FULL LOT, large rooms. Inquire of A. CHIRNEY, No. 22 Carmine-st.

MASONIC.—TO RENT—THE HOLLAND LODGE rooms, No. 8 Union-place—first and third Tuesdays. Inquire of GEO. SKINNER, at the rooms.

LOFTS TO LET.—FOUR LOFTS IN THE FIVE-story building, No. 157 Duane-st. Apply to O. BLUNT, No. 118 9th-st.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT cottage house, with gas. For particulars, inquire on the premises, No. 104 West 49th-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 32x16 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

TO LET.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN—THE LARGE, COMmodious double house, Nos. 75 and 77 Henry, corner of Pineapple st., long favorably known as a first-class boarding-house, having been built expressly for the accommodation of families. The furniture, if desired, can be purchased on favorable terms of the present occupant, who is obliged to retire on account of failing health. Apply to A. B. DAVENPORT, No. 24 Court-st., Brooklyn, or address Box No. 1,331 New-York Post-office.

TO LET OR LEASE—AT BLOOMINGDALE, about five miles distant from Union-square, between 119th and 121st sts., a pleasantly situated residence, consisting of between five and six acres of land, extending from the Post Road to the Hudson River, with a convenient dwelling and all requisite out buildings, a good garden, water, fine shade and fruit trees, &c.; suitable for a Summer and Winter residence, and will be let to a private family only. Apply to ELI WHITE'S SONS, No. 168 Water-st., or at No. 51 5th-av.

TO LET IN YORKVILLE—IN A QUIET neighborhood, near the Central Park, a part of a two-story and attic house, with kitchen and cellar; water in the house; the house is in complete order, and suitable for a genteel family. Inquire on the premises, 4th-av., between 84th and 85th sts., the middle house, east side, or of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row. Possession 1st of May.

TO LET—IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.
No. 77 West Baltic-st. Rent, $600.
No. 79 West Baltic-st. Rent, $650.
These houses have water, gas, and all modern improvements, and are in an unexceptionable neighborhood, only seven minutes' walk from either South or Hamilton ferries. A. G. JEROME & CO., No. 22 Exchange-place.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, THE PARLOR and basement floors, with two rooms on third floor, in the brown-stone house, No. 195 West 4th-st., containing all the modern improvements. Can be seen from 2 to 5 P. M. Rent $350. Inquire of JOHN ROSS, No. 48 8th-av.

OFFICES TO LET—DESIRABLE OFFICES on third floor of No. 90 Beaver-st., near Wall-st. Two of the above front on Pearl-st., and will be rented together; three front on Beaver-st., and will be let separately if desired. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 139 Pearl-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT OF NO. 18 4TH-AV.; also, one or two lofts for storage. Apply as above.

STEAM POWER TO LET.

TO LET, WITH STEAM POWER—THE second and third floors, with one room on the fourth floor, of the building corner Duane and Centre and Reade sts., also, a basement and vault on Centre-st, all well lighted and well adapted for mechanical purposes. Inquire of JAS. CONNER'S SONS.

STEAM POWER AND ROOMS TO LET IN the buildings Nos. 446, 448 and 450 Water-st. Nine lofts, 25x40 feet, with hatchways, hoist wheels, &c. Good light, front and rear; location good, and premises suitable for almost any manufacturing business. Apply at No. 224 South-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—NO. 58 JOHN-ST. Lofts and rooms, with power if desired. Apply to J. BAYLEY, No. 90 Chambers-st., or Box No. 3,756 Post-office.

STEAM POWER TO LET AT THE EMPIRE WORKS, foot of East 24th-st.; engines 1,000 horse power. Apply before noon.
SAMUEL LEGGETT.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED TO HIRE.—THE ADVERTISER wishes a small house, in a good neighborhood, in New-York or Harlem; rent not to exceed $500, or a lower part, with bedrooms. A first-class tenant may be secured by addressing A., Box No. 60 Lower Post-office.

WANTED FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS—A furnished house on the Hudson, between Manhattanville and Tarrytown; rent not over $600. Apply to No. 90 Pine-st., for one week.

WANTED TO RENT IN BROOKLYN—A small cottage with modern improvements, gas, water, &c.; the house to be pleasantly located, with cultivated grounds. State terms. Address COMMERCIAL, Box No. 4,723 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO RENT IN BROOKLYN—A 3-story house with modern improvements, in a good neighborhood. The party desiring to rent will prove a good tenant.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—SATAN IN PARIS—THE LOAN OF A LOVER.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—THE RIVALS

WALLACK'S—MY NOBLE SON IN LAW.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—CAMILLE.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—THE EMPRESS OF BEAUTY—COMMODORE NUTT—HIPPOPOTAMUS, &c., at all hours.—INDIAN CHIEFS AND WARRIORS.—MILLER'S MAID—DUMB BELLE—Afternoon and Evening.

COOPER INSTITUTE—THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY.

BANVARD'S HALL OF ART—(No. 625 Broadway,)—FOUR PANORAMAS IN ONE NIGHT.

GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway,)—PORTRAIT OF GEN. BURNSIDE.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—LE VOYAGE DE MONSIEUR PERRICHON.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Later advices from North Carolina—to the 12th—are more favorable regarding the position of Gen. FOSTER at Little Washington. A communication had been received at Newbern from him, to the effect that he had plenty of supplies, and believed he could withstand all the force the rebels could bring against him for three weeks, if necessary. It was believed at Newbern that Gen. FOSTER could hold out until reinforced. A cavalry reconnoissance had proved that there were only some two thousand rebels between Newbern and Little Washington, instead of twelve or fifteen thousand, as before reported, and a brigade under Gen. AMORY started overland from Newbern on the morning of the 12th, to attempt a diversion in Gen. FOSTER's favor.

We learn from Fortress Monroe that the enemy in force are in close proximity to our lines at Suffolk, but that no attack is expected from them. It is possible, however, that an attack may be made upon them. Affairs at Williamsburgh are somewhat threatening. Gov. WISE has commenced intrenching, with a view to making approaches to Fort Magruder, held by our forces. Our troops are said to be in fine spirits, and confident of their ability to hold their position.

According to rebel reports from the Southwest, a great strategic movement is afoot among Gen. GRANT'S forces—though exactly what it is, the rebels, for a wonder, appear to be at a loss to know. Dispatches from Vicksburgh announce that transports loaded with troops are going up the Mississippi, and others are preparing to go. From Jackson, we learn that "*fifty-three* Yankee gunboats have gone up the Coldwater;" that the Memphis lines are closed and hermatically sealed, even to cotton or contrabands; that all the depots on the Memphis and Ohio Railroad are being reinforced; that heavy shipments are being made on that road, and that the Corinth merchants are shipping their goods North, and the sutlers selling their wagons. When the rebels find out what it all means, perhaps they will let us know.

A Cairo dispatch to the Cincinnati *Gazette* states that an expedition, consisting of infantry and two regiments of cavalry, all under command of Gen. STEELE, lately started up Black Bayou, and on Sunday, April 5, met, on a bridge over Black Bayou, a few regiments of rebel infantry, with two pieces of artillery. A skirmish followed. The rebels were driven over, and the bridge was then burned. Our troops rebuilt it, and proceeded on their journey. Those who know that section of the country say there is nothing to prevent Gen. STEELE reaching Yazoo City.

A flag of truce was sent to Vicksburgh, by Gen. GRANT, last week, demanding possession of two clergymen captured by Gen. BRAGG—C. D. PILLSBURY, Chaplain of the Twenty-second Wisconsin, and I. COGGSHELL, of the Nineteenth Michigan. They were unconditionally released by BRAGG, and sent across the country to Vicksburgh, being fourteen days making the trip.

The Louisville *Democrat* says that Gen. ROSECRANS is placing the whole Cumberland in a strong state of defence.

A dispatch from Mobile, dated the 10th, states that a National force, mostly "contraband" troops, landed at Pascagoula, Miss., from Ship Island on the day previous, but were driven off again by rebel cavalry, with a loss of fifteen killed. It was expected that another landing would be made.

Advices from Havana to the 9th—one day later—reached us yesterday by the British steamer *Melita*. A curious report was current in Havana, to the effect that Admiral WILKES had been arrested and placed on parole by the Spanish authorities, pending an explanation regarding his firing into a Spanish coasting steamer a short time ago. The *Vanderbilt* and the *Sonoma* were in Havana Harbor.

A letter to the Savannah (Ga.) *News*, dated Pilatka, Fla., March 27, states that on that day the gunboat *Ben Deford* was attacked in St. John's River, and a number killed, among them Col. MONTGOMERY, of Kansas. We have intelligence from Port Royal to April 11, and we should certainly have received news direct of such an event as this had it actually transpired.

Another pestilent blockade runner has sufferred a deserved fate. A rebel dispatch from Charleston, dated the 12th, states that on the previous night the steamer *Stonewall Jackson*, formerly the *Leopard*, attempted to run into the harbor, but being hotly chased, and receiving several shots through her hull, she was run on the beach and burned—her crew and passengers escaping in boats. Her cargo consisted of several pieces of field artillery, 200 barrels of saltpetre, 40,000 army shoes, and a large assortment of merchandise, all of which was destroyed. She was, of course, from Nassau, N. P.

Fifty thousand dollars of the Confederate Cotton Loan was offered at auction in Halifax on April 10. They were put up at sixty on the dollar, but there were no bids, and they were withdrawn.

The Portland *Advertiser* says that the steamer *North American*, which arrived at that port last Saturday evening from Liverpool, brings seventeen American Captains of merchantment. Eleven of these Captains sold their ships abroad, on account of the immense war risks, and no demand for freights under the hazard of shipments in American bottoms; four of these Captains had their ships captured and burnt by the Confederate cruiser *Alabama*—two remaining Captains lost their ships at sea.

JOHN MINOR BOTTS, of Virginia, so long incarcerated in the Libby Prison, and in Salisbury, N. C., has been released through the interposition of a friend, an extensive purchaser of tobacco, and has permission to remain on his estate, near Gordonsville, under the pledge of not aiding or abetting the Union cause.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill fixing the salaries of the New-York Supervisors at $2,000 was ordered to a third reading; also, the bill providing for the regulation and inspection of buildings in New-York. The Assembly amendments to the bill for the promotion of enlistments were concurred in. The bill to facilitate the construction of a railroad along the upper valley of the Hudson was passed. Several other bills were passed, merely of local interest.

In the Assembly the bill authorizing the use of a dummy engine on the Brooklyn Central and Jamaica Railroad was passed; also the Cross-town Railroad bill; also the Mechanics' Lien law of New-York City; also the New-York Harbor Defence bill, and the bill amending the statutes relative to burglary.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Board of Education, last evening, received a communication from the Secretary of the Board of Education of Melbourne, Australia, requesting an exchange of official documents. The Board acquiesced, and adopted a resolution authorizing the clerk to exchange documents with any similar bodies in other countries who may desire it. The Board adopted a resolution appropriating $26,000 for the purchase of lots Nos. 149, 151, 153 and 155 East Twenty-third-street, on which to erect a school-house for Ward school No. 40, in the Eighteenth Ward.

Gen. SHIELDS arrived in San Francisco on the 20th ult., and made an impromptu speech at the Oriental Hotel the same evening. He has resigned his commission in the United States army, and has no connection with the military department of the Government.

It is stated that Gov. CURTIN, of Pennsylvania, has positively declined a renomination. He has been offered and accepted a foreign mission.

The *Bremen*, from Southampton on April 1, arrived here yesterday afternoon. Her advices are anticipated by those received by the *City of New-York*.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, before Recorder HOFFMAN, JAMES H. BURKE was convicted of grand larceny, and sent to the State Prison for two years. MARY WEST pleaded guilty to passing counterfeit money and was remanded. GEORGE STANLEY was convicted of burglary in the third degree, and sent to the State Prison for two years. GEORGIANA BROOKS pleaded guilty to picking the pocket of JOHN RIORDAN of $26, and was remanded for sentence. WM. SMITH pleaded guilty to two indictments for grand larceny and was remanded. WM. PETERS pleaded guilty to receiving stolen goods and was remanded.

The price of Gold was 1½ per cent. lower yesterday; closing 153½ per cent. Stocks left off steady. Money very easy to the Brokers. The deposits on 5 per cent. interest with the Treasury amounted to a million and a quarter, and the conversions of United States Currency into the 6 per cent Loan of 1882 were $900,000.

Breadstuffs and Provisions were freely offered and were quite heavy, yesterday, the general tendency of prices having been toward a lower range. Groceries were in more demand and were firm. Seeds, Metals, Hides, Fish, Fruit, Hemp, Cotton and Tobacco, were sparingly sought after. A moderate inquiry prevailed for Hops, Leather, Tallow and Whisky. Freights were quiet, with 479 vessels, of all classes, in port. The public sales of Dry Goods were generally well attended, and quite successful.

The Premier at Glasgow—Coxcombry at its Climax.

Lord PALMERSTON is in his 80th year, but he has still no equal in jaunty impertinence. He has the face to talk to the people of Glasgow about "those contending parties in America who sue England like rivals who sue a fair damsel—each party wanting us to take up her cause." Nobody knows better than Lord PALMERSTON that this simile has not the slightest basis of fact. He has read every word of the official correspondence between this Government and his own; he is not ignorant of the public opinion of this country as manifested in its public journals and popular meetings; and it is simply soulless trifling upon his part, thus to represent the questions on which hangs peace or war between the two nations.

Waiting for England to take up our cause, forsooth! Why, next to the present hostility of the English Government, as a provocation, would be its offer to help us. We don't want its help. We would spurn, as an indignity, the very tender of it. We can take care of our household without any interference of our neighbor in our favor. We would no more abide it, than we shall abide his interference against us. What we want simply is that he shall keep his distance, and mind his own business. The laws of human society impose this. Let them be heeded, and we are satisfied.

So far from having "sued" the English Government to "take up our cause," we have not even asked its good opinion. We knew better. That Government has no good opinions—that is to say, opinions springing from moral conviction. It knows nothing but its interests; and its interests are for breaking up this nation. Therefore its encouragement of this rebellion was a foregone conclusion from the outset. That thing has been as notorious in this country as the alphabet. By the Government of England we mean precisely the privileged classes of England—the men who believe that the few should rule the many, and who seek to make that the eternal principle of civil organization. No American outside of a lunatic asylum ever imagined that Lord PALMERSTON, or Earl RUSSELL, or Lord BROUGHAM, or any of the set, whether high born or *parvenu*, would show any good-will to the democratic side of this struggle. The Southern oligarchy had them, body and soul, from the start, and we knew it. And with them, of course, went their tail—every snob and flunkey in the United Kingdom. We don't want the sympathy of these men. We have no business with it. It don't belong to us. It would injure us if we had it. It would obscure and confound the most vital issue: Democratic law as against privileged pretension. Of all the issues in this conflict, that is the very one which we are most anxious to have clearly apprehended by the world at large; and there can be no surer means of effecting this than that the British aristocracy should fraternize as they do with the Slave Power of the South. "*Sueing us to take up her cause!*" Was there ever such arrant impudence?

So far as regards the honest body of the English people, it is undoubtedly true that their good will gratifies us. Men in the right always value the sympathy of right-hearted men, the world over. But we have never *sued* for this. The very attempt would be ridiculous. The sympathy that has to be sued for, after the case is once understood, is not worth having. The whole value of sympathy lies in its spontaneousness. The heart of the common people of England, as it has been gradually getting clear of the base deceptions practiced upon it by the enemies of our institutions, has more and more strongly inclined to our cause. Its sympathy at the present time is decided. We do not repel it. We welcome it. We have done something to reciprocate it already. We shall continue to do so on all proper occasions. It cannot be too clearly understood that the inextinguishable hatred which the Government of England is exciting in the breast of every loyal American for its perfidy, does not extend to the British masses. They are not responsible for that perfidy. They do not approve of it. We have no quarrel with them. It shall be no fault of ours if they ever cease to be our friends.

But though we take it for granted that the ruling classes of England are bent upon injuring us to the extent of their ability, it must not be supposed that we shall peacefully acquiesce in it. There is nothing in the future more certain than that the day of stern reckoning will come. It can just as infallibly be calculated that the American nature will exact atonement for these outrages, as any physical effect can be calculated from a physical cause. The only uncertain thing about it is the question of time. It may be next month; it may be next year; it may be the next decade. But it will inevitably come sooner or later. Every dollar's worth destroyed by these English-built, English-armed, English-manned privateers, will be made good either by voluntary payment or by reprisals. The mind and temper of this Republic is fast acquiring the same inflexibility on this subject that it possesses in regard to the putting down of the rebellion. Already it would be better suited if Mr. SEWARD or Mr. ADAMS would advance not another argument or appeal, not another expostulation or remonstrance, against those outrages. Let these British rulers take their course—we bide our time. This one thing alone we now ask, that those men would forbear to add to our injuries the wanton insult, that we crave their succor. It is too indecent. Ordinary freebooters would be ashamed of it.

Rebel Designs Upon New-Orleans.

Our correspondent at New-Orleans, in a letter published Tuesday, presents some facts in regard to the military situation in Louisiana that are calculated to create surprise. He says that now for the first time since New-Orleans fell into the hands of the National troops is it seriously threatened by the rebels—that the enemy is steadily concentrating his forces within striking distance of the city—and that the war, in all probability, is about to be transferred from Virginia and the West to the Lower Mississippi.

This is certainly a new idea in regard to the war, and although we do not attach the importance to the matter that our correspondent does, it is well to consider what he has to say in support of his views.

Our correspondent declares that the rebels have 24,000 troops at Port Hudson, 12,000 at Jackson, Miss., 15,000 on the Atchafalaya, and 10,000 at Mobile—making a total of 61,000 men, "who could, by railroad facilities, be concentrated upon New-Orleans in twelve hours." Intelligent observers at New-Orleans ought to be able to get tolerably accurate estimates of the rebel forces near them; but yet we cannot but regard the number given as the total rebel strength south of Vicksburgh, as an enormous exaggeration. But suppose it is correct—the other calculation that the entire force of 61,000 rebels could be concentrated in "twelve hours" for an attack on New-Orleans, is palpably impossible.

We, of the North, have had some experience in moving large armies; and although possessing railroad and water facilities of transport far beyond the capacity of the rebels in any part of the South, the proposition to concentrate at a given place a Northern army, 61,000 strong, from points hundreds of miles apart, in the brief space of "twelve hours," would be ridiculed as the height of folly. An army does not move without guns, provisions, ammunition, and other ponderous enginery of war. Twelve days industriously employed would not find such a movement as that spoken of half accomplished. Twelve hours would hardly see it begun.

Still, we do not regard it improbable that the rebels have designs upon New-Orleans. They would attempt anything, however desperate, to recover it. And it is a wise precaution of Gen. BANKS to have the fortifications completed and mounted with guns, that defend New-Orleans from a rear approach of the enemy. If these fortifications be not actually needed for defence, they will enable the Commander of the Department to hold the city with less force, and wield the bulk of his army in the field.

In confirmation of the belief beginning to prevail at New-Orleans, that that city is to be attacked by the rebels, persons arriving there from Mobile have stated that great preparations are going on at Mobile to take Ship Island, and that troops and transports for the enterprise are ready and waiting the command to leave.

The troops and transports to take Ship Island would have to run the blockade of Mobile harbor, such as it is, before entering upon their hopeful enterprise—and granting the possibility of their success, the question would be a serious one, what would they be able to do with Ship Island after they got it? It is a mere sand-slip, at best, and unless the rebels have a navy to command the Sound in which it lies, it would not be a starting point even in an attack on New-Orleans.

The loss of New-Orleans was the severest as it was the most humiliating blow ever suffered by the rebels. The loss of the States of Missouri, Tennessee, Arkansas and half of Virginia, was but a trifle compared to it. And the sense of loss was keener because it was felt to be a loss without hope. As it was a fleet of brave ships that captured the Queen City of the South, so it will require a stronger naval force to recapture it. How are the rebels to get such a fleet? We are not able, after giving our correspondent's letter all the consideration it merits, to say wherein the slightest danger can be discerned of a successful attempt of the rebels to retake New-Orleans. Certainly, with our ships at anchor in front of it, and the forts in the rear properly manned, no mere land force that they could concentrate in six months could disturb our possession of the city. We made a long score in the game of war when the city of New-Orleans was taken, and the strength of the Union will be broken before it is ever yielded.

War Movements in the West.

The absorbing interest felt by the country in the fight at Charleston led to an undue magnification of the value of the struggle there. A few days have elapsed, and confidence with calmness has returned to the public mind. Attention is now again directed to the great armies in the field under HOOKER, ROSECRANS and GRANT. There is hope for the Republic in these armies. Their leaders are a gallant trio—much alike in many of the high qualities of soldiers—hopeful in spirit, fervid in patriotism, bold in emprise and execution. In brief time the armies of these three leaders will be in motion, seeking the face of the enemy.

The dispatches from the West to-day will attract attention as indicating, perhaps, a rapid flank movement of GRANT to the aid of ROSECRANS, by passing from Memphis toward the Tennessee River. The Memphis and Charleston railroad furnishes convenient facilities for this movement, leading direct to Huntsville, quite in the rear of the rebel army in Tennessee. The advance of ELLET'S fleet of gunboats from Cairo up the Tennessee River, looks like coöperation in this great manœuvre. With the Tennessee River patrolled by the gunboats and GRANT'S army moving unmolested from Memphis toward Huntsville, the isolation of Jo. JOHNSTON'S army at Tullahoma from the Southwest would be assured. ROSECRANS, reinforced by BURNSIDE and the 20,000 troops in Kentucky under his command, could then fall upon the Western rebel host, with almost a certainty of crushing them, or driving them in retreat through and beyond the mountains in East Tennessee, leaving those loyal and almost impregnable fastnesses in our hands.

No season could be more favorable for active operations of ROSECRANS and GRANT'S armies in the West than the mild and cheerful Spring now at hand, and we shall be mistaken greatly if those zealous leaders do not improve their opportunity, and give the nation substantial cause for joy and triumph.

Battle Without Bloodshed.

Not the least wonderful feature of the most wonderful battle in Charleston harbor, on Tuesday of last week, is that which has already been universally noticed—the extraordinarily small list of casualties on both sides. There was but one man killed on the Union side, and but one boy killed outright on the rebel side. The man's name was EDWARD COBB, a Quartermaster, who came to his death by the springing of a bolt on the Monitor *Nahant*, by which his skull was fractured; the boy's name was AHRENS, a drummer lad, who was killed in Fort Sumter. There were also, as we learn from the rebel papers, two or three men wounded at the batteries, who subsequently died of their wounds. Beside these fatal cases, there were twelve or thirteen men wounded on our side, and apparently about as many on the rebel side.

The similarity in this respect between the late bombardment of Fort Sumter and its first bombardment two years ago, is noticeable. In the fight in 1861, there was no one killed on the rebel side, according to their own claims, and there was none killed on the Union side, until after the firing had ceased, when an explosion produced a few casualties.

The rebels in the late fight fired over 3,500 rounds of ponderous shot at our iron-clads; and the latter threw 151 balls at the rebel works. The firing was hot and continuous for two hours, and at short range—some of it as close as 500 yards. And yet the loss of life was no greater than often takes place in duels between two men! There is nothing like this in the previous annals of war.

The results were as decisive for this fight as though there had been thousands slain—as decisive as were the battles of Murfreesboro and Fredericksburgh.

We suppose it must be called a triumph of science. It is conceived by some, that as soon as the nations of the world are blessed with invulnerable ships and impregnable forts, wars will necessarily come to an end, as it would only be a waste of lead and saltpetre to attempt to reduce or capture either. A battle would merely be a contest of forces, each powerless as regards the other; and as each of the contestants could sit down and demonstrate one to the other, by science and mathematics, the fact of his unconquerability before the proposed contest was opened, it would hardly be worth while to open it at all.

It may be doubted, however, whether mankind will ever allow such a state of things to be brought about. When a great crime against justice has been committed, it can only be expiated by blood. When passion rules, foemen will somehow or other get at each other's throats. And in the fiercer quarrels of the human race, if each nation were mailed so that it were impossible to confront each other face to face in a battle of death, they would mutually agree to cast off their mail and blow up their forts, that they might meet on a fair field and slaughter each other with the "big knives" which have never been out of use since the days before the flood.

Amusements.

SHAKESPERIAN READINGS.—MRS. BROWN, an elocutionist of much talent and culture, will read, to-morrow night, at the Brooklyn Heights Seminary, selections from SHAKESPEARE and other poets. Mrs. BROWN is assisted by her daughter, a thoroughly competent and singularly gifted young lady.

GERMAN OPERA IN BROOKLYN.—"Martha" was given last night to a crowded house, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, by Mr. ANSCHUTZ'S German troupe. Mme. VON BERKEL charmed the audience by her delicious vocalization, and secured the approval of the connoisseurs by the absolute fidelity with which she adhered to the score. To-morrow night "Der Freischutz" will be given, with a strong cast. It is to be hoped the people of Brooklyn will not neglect the opportunity to support a worthy manager, encourage a brilliant troupe and delight themselves.

THE BROOKLYN PHILHARMONICS.—The fifth concert of the current season will be given on Saturday night. The attractions presented are truly great. SCHUMANN'S Symphony in E flat, HILLER'S "Dream on Christmas Eve," and ROSSINI'S overture "William Tell," are the orchestral pieces, which MLLE ORTOLANI-BRIGNOLI and Signor BELLINI, will warble sweetly and conjointly, and Miss FITZHUGH and Mr. MILLS, are to planoize on the occasion. It is truly a superb bill.

AFFAIRS IN FRANCE.

The National Intelligencer Aiding the Paris Moniteur—Character of the French Press—The Success of the Rebel Loan—The Polish Insurrection, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent

PARIS, Tuesday, March 24, 1863.

The *National Intelligencer* has come to the aid of the French *Moniteur*. The last named paper has just transferred to its columns an article of the former which attacks the New-York TIMES for having expressed doubts as to the honesty of the Emperor's intentions on the question of mediation. You will say that for an official journal this is going far for an argument; but the deplorable part of the affair is this, that the loyal and excellent *National Intelligencer* is thus made to back up a paper which is devoting all its energies to the depreciation of the American people, their Government and Institutions, and which is especially engaged in aiding the rebellion.

And while I think of it, I wish to put on record an observation in regard to the American and European Press which I have heard repeated frequently, and which is too striking and too true to allow to pass unnoticed. It has been the habit of the European Press in former times to speak of the American Press as the most venal and the most wanting in decency of any country. Whether true or false in former times this criticism is not true to-day, for, in presence of the provocations of the Foreign Press the decency and moderation of the American Press are remarkable, and have, in fact, been remarked by every one conversant with the subject. The French Bonapartist journals lie systematically and without reserve in their support of the rebellion, while the English journals only pervert the truth. An Englishman is too serious, and, in general, too proud to be able to bring his conscience square up to the telling of a lie, no matter how virulent may be his hatred of the cause he attacks; but unfortunately we draw no profit from this redeeming trait of character, for the English Press has brought its system of perverting the truth to its highest degree of perfection, and our cause is damaged quite as much by this system, as by the downright lying of the French.

Our Southern friends are naturally exultant at the success of their loan. M. ERLANGER also seems to consider the loan a grand stroke in the interest of his house, if we are to judge by his boasting advertisements in the journals. In effect, a loan taken at 90 cents, with 7 per cent. interest, and already selling at a premium of 4½ cents, is worth boasting about. But when it is recollected that the sum of $15,000,000 will only pay the war expenses of the Confederacy for a few days, that the cotton which guarantees the stockholders is to be sold to them at a ridiculously low rate, and that the men who have principally taken the stock are going to be able to send out, in a short time, from the shores of England a fleet of fast steamers to run the blockade, bring over the cotton necessary to secure the small loan, and give them a fortune besides, we have, then, an explanation of the whole affair. Some malicious people, in view of the smallness of the loan, and the little good it could do toward maintaining the fortunes of the Confederacy, suggest that it has been negotiated by DAVIS, MASON, SLIDELL & Co. for their private uses, and that it is to provide homes abroad against the great day of reckoning that is coming for the leaders of the rebellion!

The Polish insurrection has served American interests thus far, that the doctrine of non-intervention is more than ever a fixed policy of the great nations; for if they do not interfere in a question which has such large claims on their humanity, an interference anywhere else would suggest anything but the ordinary motives of a civilized and honorable people. The Polish insurrection also serves another valuable purpose in bringing French statesmen to count the cost of intervention at a distance. Thus the *France*, Bonapartist paper, maintains that, however much French sympathy may be enlisted in favor of Poland, they cannot engage in a war in support of the insurrection for the following reasons: Russia would have for support Prussia and certain States of the German Confederation under the control of Prussia, with a total force of 1,800,000 men—1,300,000 for Russia, and 500,000 for Prussia; while France could only count on Denmark and Sweden, which combined, would furnish but 60,000 men to the 700,000 of France. Thus when we see political writers come square up to the figures and to the cost of an intervention there is no danger of intermeddling at such a distance as we are.

It is impossible to get at the truth in regard to the Mexican expedition, and the reinforcements that are said to be going out. The other day vessels were ordered for the transportation of 12,000 men, and the next day news arrived from Gen. FOREY, and the sending of the large number of troops was countermanded. Why? People naturally supposed that the General told the Government he had enough men to finish the campaign, but this can hardly be the true explanation. We shall soon know, however.

I suppose I am not telling you news you do not already know in informing you that the *Sumter*, which lately escaped from Gibraltar, will sail from Liverpool next week armed and equipped as a Confederate privateer, or probably as one of the cotton ships in the employ of the Erlanger Loan scheme.

Mr. JOHN BIGELOW, United States Consul at Paris, has just rendered an important service to the cause of the Union by publishing in the French language a statistical work on the United States, entitled "The United States of America in 1863: their political history, their mineralogical, agricultural, industrial and commercial resources, and the share they have contributed to the wealth and civilization of the entire world." The book is made up in a large part from APPLETON'S *Encyclopedia*, and will prove of great value to those who wish to study in good faith the merits of the great questions which are now being solved on American soil. The book contains 550 octavo pages, and is handsomely printed by the publishing house of HACHETTE & Co.

The interesting book of Prof. LABOULAYE, *Paris in America*, is at its second edition, and has not yet been molested by the police.

MALAKOFF.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 15.

THE CASE OF THE PETERHOFF.

The demand made by Lord LYONS for the surrender of the *Peterhoff's* mail, is understood in diplomatic circles here to be sustained by Secretary SEWARD. It is said to be resisted by Secretary WELLES, in the custody of whose Department the dumb witness against the prize is lying.

THE NEW CURRENCY.

The Secretary of the Treasury devoted a large part of this day to the examination of the drawings, models and specimens of designs for the new currency. So much has been forwarded to the Department in the competition between artists and engravers, that the examination was not concluded, and no selection consequently made.

It is said that the only parties who presented specimens were the National Company, the American, and BUTLER & CARPENTER, of Philadelphia.

THE FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

The limit imposed by Congress to the five per cent. temporary loan has nearly been reached. Parties desirous of availing themselves of this profitable form of deposit must do so speedily.

THE LONDON TIMES AT CHARLESTON.

CHARLES MACKAY, the correspondent of the London *Times*, was received on board the *Circassian*, off Hilton Head, to be a spectator of our Monitors' attack on Charleston.

REVENUE DECISION.

On any policy of insurance, or other instruments by whatever name the same shall be called, by which insurances shall be made or renewed upon property of any description, whether against perils by sea or by fire, or other peril of any kind, made by any Insurance Company or its agents or by any other Company or person, on which the premium or assessment shall not exceed ten dollars, the stamp duty is ten cents. [Sec. 6, Act March 3, 1863.] The phrase "premium or assessment," here used, is construed to include all payments for insurance, whether in money or in a premium or deposit note.

ARMY SURGEONS.

Assistant Surgeons Geo. L. Stratton, A. L. Sheldon, Peter Clary, R. K. Taylor, C. W. Horner, E. J. Whitney, S. B. Carpenter, R. J. Levi, R. S. Kenderdine, J. E. McDonald and C. M. Chamberlain are promoted to be Surgeons of volunteers. R. A. Harvey, E. Brown, J. T. Calhoun, E. J. Darkes and W. E. Whitehead are promoted to be assistant Surgeons in the regular army.

PRISONERS AT THE OLD CAPITOL.

The Old Capitol Prison received the following yesterday from HOOKER'S front:

British Subjects—Jos. Allison, Robert Cassidy, Jas. Dolan, Jas. Keller and John Nagle.

Deserters—F. Pharo, Tenth New-York; M. M. Gass, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth New-York; John Adams, Eighty-fifth Pennsylvania; Jas. Chenwick, Ninety-second New-York; Jas. Hickey, Fifth Pennsylvania cavalry; Fred. Bineger, Twelfth Pennsylvania cavalry; Austin Long, Sixth New-York artillery; Edward Scarlet, Capt. Hart, Fourth New-York artillery.

Prisoners of War—A. J. Shepherd, Fourth Virginia cavalry; Capt. W. W. Gordon, Ninth Virginia cavalry; D. J. Luber, Forty-eighth Mississippi; D. J. Bewey, Third North Carolina; James Sullivan, Fifth Louisiana; David Webb, Twenty-second Virginia; James Jenkins, Tenth Virginia cavalry.

HEAVY FALL OF RAIN.

The fall of rain here and at Falmouth has been tremendous all day and up to 10 o'clock to-night.

THE ASSESSMENT OF INCOME TAX.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has just issued the following regulations for the assessment of income tax:

The Assessor and Assistant Assessors of each collection district will assess the income tax as on the first day of May next, upon every person residing within the district, liable thereto. Each person will be required to return his total income, so far specifying the sources from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant-Assessor to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom. Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $1,000, and who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent. on such portion thereof as is liable to taxation, provided, however, that upon the income derived from interest upon notes, bonds or other securities of the United States a duty of 1⅗ per cent. will be levied. Persons whose incomes exceed $10,000 will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent. on the portion thereof subject to taxation, provided, however, that upon the income derived from interest upon notes, bonds or other securities of the United States a duty of 1⅗ per cent. will be levied.

Citizens of the United States residing abroad, and not in the employment of the Government of the United States will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent. on the income of any property, securities or stocks owned in the United States, and not exempted from the income tax, provided, however, that upon the income derived from the interest upon notes, bonds or other securities of the United States a duty of 1⅗ per cent. will be levied.

Every farmer or planter will be required to make returns of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation without deduction for the labor or services of himself and family, or for any portion of such produce consumed by himself and family.

The following deductions will be made from the aggregate income of each person, and the tax assessed upon the remainder, viz.: State and local taxes assessed in the calendar year preceding this assessment, to wit: from January 1, 1862, to December 31, 1862, inclusive; salaries of officers or payments to persons in the service or employment of the United States, from which a deduction of three per cent. has been made by the disbursing officers of the Government; interest or dividends of stock, capital or deposits in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance, bridges, express, steamboat, ferry-boat, railroad company or corporation, from which interest or dividends, a duty of 3 per cent. shall have been deducted by the officers of such companies, corporations or associations. Interest from any bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of any railroad company or other corporation, from which a duty of 3 per cent. shall have been deducted by the officers of such company or corporation, and receipts derived from advertisements on which a duty shall have been assessed and paid; also, the sum of $600, except in those cases where the whole or any part of said $600 shall have been deducted from the salaries of officers or persons in the service or employment of the United States; the amount actually paid for the rent of every dwelling-house or estate which is the residence of the persons assessed; and the amount paid by any farmer or planter for hired labor and necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation, including the subsistence of the laborers.

Whenever the total income of any person exceeds $10,000, and deductions are made therefrom upon the ground that a portion of such income has been subject to a 3 per cent. duty upon dividends or interest paid by companies, corporations or associations, as before enumerated, such person will be subject to a tax of 2 per cent. additional upon so much of his income as may have been previously subjected to a duty of 3 per cent. by the officers of the companies, corporations or associations before-named. Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators or other judiciary capacity, are required to make a return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempted from the income tax as aforesaid; provided, that the exemption of $600, under section 90 of the Excise law shall not be allowed on account of any minor or other beneficiary of a trust, except upon the statement of the guardian or trustee, made under oath, that the minor or beneficiary has no other income from which said amount of $600 may be exempted and deducted.

Whenever persons liable to assessment of income tax shall neglect or refuse to make the lists required by law, or when the lists made and tendered by such persons shall not be accepted by the Assessors or Assistant Assessors as just and proper, it shall be the duty of such Assessor or Assistant Assessor to make lists for such persons, according to the best information he can obtain. Persons so assessed may take oath or affirmation as to the amount of revenue and deduction therefrom, agreeably to section 93.

Persons receiving rent may deduct therefrom the amount paid for necessary repairs, insurance and interest on incumbrances upon such rented property. The cost of new structures or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted from the income.

The tax must be levied upon all dividends declared prior to September, 1862, and upon $600 of all salaries of officers or payments to persons in the civil, military, naval or other service of the United States for services rendered prior to the said date, as such dividends and proportions of salaries were not subject to deduction or assessment.

Interest received from or due by trust companies, savings institutions, insurance, bridge, express, steamboat, ferry-boat and railroad companies, corporations or associations, prior to the same date, must also be taxed.

Interest paid by him on incumbrances upon the dwelling-house or estate in which the assessed person resides may be deducted from income; also his payments for necessary repairs.

Farm produce which the producer has on hand on the 31st day of December, 1863, must be appraised at its marketable value on that day.

The income tax shall be included in the annual list, and appeals and other proceedings held as provided by law.

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

A NEW MAP OF CHARLESTON AND THE POSITION OF THE IRON-CLADS DURING THEIR ATTACK UPON FORT SUMTER.

The NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES is published this morning, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing.

It contains the graphic letter of our special correspondent, describing the operations of our iron-clads in Charleston harbor, and a new and elaborate map (not before published) of the defences of Charleston and the position of the iron-clads during the recent bombardment of Fort Sumter.

In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments, from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news. European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports items of agriculture and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader, and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

A RENEWAL OF THE TROUBLE AMONG THE LONGSHOREMEN.—Between 3 and 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, notice was received at the First Ward Station-house that the white laborers had again made an attack upon the colored men who were employed in discharging freight in the neighborhood of Coenties-slip. A platoon of officers was immediately dispatched to the scene of the disturbance, and quiet was soon restored. The Police arrested a colored man named MCHENRY, who is charged with having struck a 'longshoreman, during the *melée*, upon the head with a hook. The injury, it is believed, will prove fatal.

Premature Loss of the Hair, which is so common now-a-days, may be entirely prevented by the use of BURNETT'S COCOAINE. It has been used in thousands of cases where the hair was coming out in handfuls, and has never failed to arrest its decay, and to promote a healthy and vigorous growth. It is at the same time unrivaled as a dressing for the hair. A single application will render it soft and glossy for several days. Prepared by JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston.

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Night Coughs.

Persons who are troubled with that unpleasant tickling in the throat which deprives them of rest, night after night, by the incessant cough which it provokes, will, by taking "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," find immediate relief.

IΩΔHΣ.....IODINE WATER

Pure IODINE in pure WATER. A cure for Scrofula, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Syphilis, Mercurial Disease, and all those distressing and afflicting maladies, which arise from an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, defective nutrition, an impure atmosphere, &c. Its genuineness as a pure solution, and its excellence as a medicine are attested by such distinguished names as Dr. J. R. Chilton, Prof. E. H. Parker, Pro. J. C. Booth, Dr. J. B. C. Smith and others.

$1 per bottle, $5 per half dozen.

Dr. H. ANDERS & CO.,
Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway.

House-cleaning Made Easy.—All who would make dispatch of this arduous duty, should send to the grocer for PYLES' O. K. SOAP, which will clean paint beautifully, and remove dirt and grease from wood-work or wearing apparel with very little labor. There is no soap in use so valuable for house use as JAMES PYLES' O. K. SOAP.

Depot No. 350 Washington-st., corner Franklin-st., New-York.

Never Wear a Cough,
Or Irritation of the Lungs,
When you can buy
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,
The world's great remedy that cures it.

Window Shades.
WHITE HOLLAND, for do., do,
BUFF HOLLAND, for do., do.
BRAY'S PATENT FIXTURES,
And all other styles.
KELTY'S, No. 359 Broadway.

Nottingham Lace Curtains.
RETAIL PRICES
NOT ADVANCED.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY,
No. 359 Broadway.

Lace Curtains.
NEW STYLES.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY,
No. 359 Broadway.

Sore Throat Specific.

One bottle warranted to cure any case of SORE THROAT, or the money refunded. Price 50 cents.

DR. H. ANDERS & CO.,
Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Important and True.

Boswell & Warner's Colorific colors hair a handsome brown or black, without the use of wash or preparation. Ladies use it without trouble or entangling. Warsanted the best and cheapest. Try it, you will use no other. J. C. Rushton's, No. 417 Broadway, and all druggists.
FUNSTON & SCOFIELD, General Agents, 62 John-st.

Spring Clothing, at
EVANS'
EXTENSIVE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 65 and 68 Fulton-st.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 Cents.—Black or brown, natural, beautiful, reliable. Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all drug, patent medicine and fancy goods stores in the United States. Inimitable hair-cutting at No. 1 Barclay-st.

Hats, Hats.—The new SPRING STYLES at WHITE'S are the GREAT ATTRACTION of the day. The new imperial, the soft, the military, &c., &c., all at No. 216 Broadway.

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and Dresses hair elegantly. BOGLE'S Electric Hair-dye, any shade natural and life-like. Surpasses everything. Try. Be convinced. W. BOGLE, Boston. Sold every where.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee. Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-Machines now supplied from office, No. 639 Broadway, corner 22d-st. Machines carefully repaired by
J. T. ELLIS.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments cleaned equal to new, without taking apart.
LORD, No. 486 Broadway, entrance No. 439 Broome-st.

MARRIED

BELL—BUTCHER.—On Tuesday, April 14, by Rev. Wm. P. Hammond, Mr. JAMES H. BELL and Miss LYDIA E. BUTCHER, all of Brooklyn, E. D.

BOUGHTON—CHAPIN.—On Wednesday, April 15, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, THEODORE D. BOUGHTON and HATTIE E., eldest daughter of Henry Chapin, Esq., both of Brooklyn. No cards.

BEEBE—GREGORY.—In Bridgeport, Conn., on Tuesday, April 14, by Rev. Dr. Willey, WILLIAM H. H. BEEBE and SARAH E. GREGORY, only daughter of Ira Gregory, Esq. No cards.

HAMMOND—LAWRENCE.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 15, at the Church of the Incarnation, Madison-av. and 28th-st., by Rev. Beverley Betts, Dr. JOHN F. HAMMOND, Surgeon U. S. Army, and Miss CAROLINE ELIZABETH LAWRENCE, of this City.

HIGGONS—HILL.—In Bergen, N. J., on Tuesday evening, April 14, by Rev. H. W. Knapp, Mr. ALBERT HIGGONS and Miss LIZZIE HILL, both of Bergen.

HALL—PHILLIPS.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 14, at the First Presbyterian Church, by Rev. W. W. Phillips, D. D., THOMAS S. HALL and KATE, daughter of the officiating clergyman.

KENYON—GREEN.—In this City, on Thursday, April 9, by Rev. A. T. Stewart, of Tarrytown, JOHN A. KENYON and MARIA L. GREEN, both of this City.

SMITH—PECK.—On Wednesday, April 15, by Rev. Dr. TYNG, Dr. FRANKLIN SMITH and Miss LIZZIE PECK, daughter of Charles E. Peck, Esq. No cards issued.

DIED.

BAKER.—In Washington Heights, on Tuesday, April 14, KATE, only daughter of David L. and Mary Mulford Baker aged 5 years, 6 months and 15 days.

Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 140th-st., Broadway and 11th-av., at 9 o'clock A. M., on Thursday, April 16. The remains will be taken to Poughkeepsie for interment.

DECKER.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, April 14, of disease of the heart, THOMPSON B. DECKER, in the 66th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son, Thompson W. Decker, No. 157 East 27th-st., on Thursday, April 16, at 11 o'clock A. M. His remains will be taken to Richmond, S. I., for interment.

ELY.—In this City, on Monday, April 13, ELIDA BURNS, wife of Abner L. Ely.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon, April 16, at 4½ o'clock, from his residence, No. 51 East 37th-st.

EUGSTER.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, April 14, ANNA ELIZABETH, wife of James Eugster, in the 24th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, April 16, at 12 o'clock, noon, from her late residence, No. 106 West 43d-st, without further invitation.

GRAHAM.—On Wednesday afternoon, April 15, ROBERT HYSLOP GRAHAM, eldest son of the late David Graham, Jr.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday afternoon, 19th inst., at 4 o'clock, from Grace Church, Broadway, without further invitation.

GLACKMEYER.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday, April 15, of consumption, CHARLOTTE ANN HALSTED, wife of George Glackmeyer, in the 40th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, in Wilson-st., near Lee-av., Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, April 16, at 3 o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to Newburgh for interment.

HILL.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 14, MRS. MARY B., wife of Thomas W. Hill, and daughter of the late Reuben Bunn, aged 38 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 147 East 31st-st., on Thursday, April 16, at 1 o'clock, P. M., without further notice.

HOFFMAN.—In this City, on Monday, April 13, after a short illness, PHILIP V. HOFFMAN, Esq., aged 72 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Grace Church, on Thursday, April 16, at 4 o'clock.

☞ Boston papers please copy.

KING.—In Staten Island, on Tuesday, April 14, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. A. T. Watson, Mrs. MARGARET VANDERVOORT KING, widow of Elisha W. King, in the 80th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the foot of Atlantic-st., South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 2½ o'clock, on Friday afternoon, 17th inst., without further invitation.

LE ROY.—On Tuesday, April 14, HARRIET A., beloved wife of William Le Roy, in the 41st year of her age.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, Mount Vernon, Westchester County, on Thursday afternoon, April 16, at 1 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend, without further notice.

☞ Ohio papers please copy.

MARSEILLES.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 14, after a lingering illness, Mr. JOHN MARSEILLES, in the 63d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon, April 16, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 33 Vandam-st.

MONROE.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 15, GEORGE MONROE, in the 87th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and also the members of the Ebenezer Baptist Church, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday afternoon, April 17, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 130 West 21st-st.

Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord.

NICHOLLS.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday evening, April 14, MRS. SARAH, wife of John Nicholls, aged 67 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, J. C. Brantigam, No. 8 Van Vorst-square, York-st., Jersey City, on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

SHERMAN.—On Tuesday, April 14, EDMUND R. SHERMAN, in the 59th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 39 East 30th-st., without further notice.

TOMPKINS.—In Woolcot, Wayne County, N. Y., on Tuesday, April 14, GILBERT H. TOMPKINS, aged 40 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at White Plains, on Friday, April 17, at 3 o'clock P. M.

VAN NORT.—On Wednesday, April 15, JENNY, daughter of George M. and Mary Van Nort, aged 8 years.

WILES.—In Albany, N. Y., on Wednesday morning, April 9, after a protracted and painful illness, ROBERT P. WILES, aged 47 years.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 225.—April 15, 1863.
60, 35, 78, 44, 3, 59, 11, 68, 23, 52, 36, 26, 4, 1.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 226.—April 15, 1863.
34, 67, 44, 9, 43, 11, 29, 62, 78, 27, 48, 74, 49, 53, 1, 30, 69, 16.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

"A smile was on her lip—health was in her look, strength was in her step, and in her hands—PLANTATION BITTERS."

S—T—1860—X.

A few bottles of Plantation Bitters
Will cure Nervous Headache.
Will cure Cold Extremities and Feverish Lips.
Will cure Sour Stomach and Fetid Breath.
Will cure Flatulency and Indigestion.
Will cure Nervous Affections.
Will cure Excessive Fatigue and Short Breath.
Will cure Pain over the Eyes.
Will cure Mental Despondency.
Will cure Prostration, Great Weakness.
Will cure Sallow Complexion, Weak Bowels, &c.
Which are the evidences of
LIVER COMPLAINT AND DYSPEPSIA.

It is estimated that seven-tenths of all adult ailments proceed from a diseased and torpid liver. The biliary secretions of the liver overflowing into the stomach poison the entire system and exhibit the above symptoms.

After long research, we are able to present the most remarkable cure for these horrid nightmare diseases the world has ever produced. Within one year, over six hundred and forty thousand persons have taken the Plantation Bitters, and not an instance of complaint has come to our knowledge!

It is a most effectual tonic and agreeable stimulant, suited to all conditions of life.

The reports that it relies upon mineral substances for its active properties, are wholly false. For the public satisfaction, and that patients may consult their physicians, we append a list of its components.

CALISAYA BARK—Celebrated for over two hundred years in the treatment of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Weakness, &c. It was introduced into Europe by the Countess, wife of the Viceroy of Peru, in 1640, and afterwards sold by the Jesuits *for the enormous price of its own weight in silver*, under the name of *Jesuit's Powders*, and was finally made public by Louis XVI., King of France. Humboldt makes especial reference to its febrifuge qualities during his South American travels.

CASCARILLA BARK—For diarrhea, colic and diseases o the stomach and bowels.

DANDELION—For inflammation of the loins and dropsical affections.

CAMOMILE FLOWERS—For enfeebled digestion.

LAVENDER FLOWERS—Aromatic, stimulant and tonic—highly invigorating in nervous debility.

WINTERGREEN—For scrofula, rheumatism, &c.

ANISE—An aromatic carminative; creating flesh, muscle and milk; much used by mothers nursing.

Also, clove-buds, orange, carraway, coriander, snake-root, &c.

S. T.—1860—X.

Another wonderful ingredient, of Spanish origin, imparting beauty to the complexion and brilliancy to the mind, is yet unknown to the commerce of the world, and we withhold its name for the present.

IMPORTANT CERTIFICATES.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1861.

MESSRS. P. H. DRAKE & Co.: I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia for three or four years, and had to abandon my profession. About three months ago I tried the Plantation Bitters, and to my great joy, I am now nearly a well man. I have recommended them in several cases, and, as far as I know, always with signal benefit.

I am respectfully yours, Rev. J. S. CATHORN.

PHILADELPHIA, 10th Month, 17th Day, 1863.

RESPECTED FRIEND: My daughter has been much benefitted by the use of thy Plantation Bitters. Thou wilt send me two bottles more. Thy friend,
ASA CURRIN.

SHERMAN HOUSE, CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 11, 1863.

MESSRS. P. H. DRAKE & Co.: Please send us another twelve cases of your Plantation Bitters. As a morning appetizer, they appear to have superseded everything else, and are greatly esteemed. Yours, &c.,
GAGE & WAITE.

Arrangements are now completed to supply any demand for this article, which, from lack of Government stamps, has not heretofore been possible.

The public may rest assured that in no case will the perfectly pure standard of the Plantation Bitters be departed from. Every bottle bears the fac simile of our signature on a steel plate engraving, or it cannot be genuine.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Dealers throughout the country.

P. H. DRAKE & CO., No. 202 Broadway, N. Y.

"IN HOC VINCES."
ROMAINE'S CRIMEAN BITTERS.
ORIGIN—USED IN UNITED STATES HOSPITALS.

This remarkable preparation was used to some extent, in a modified form, in French Army Hospitals during the late Crimean War, when its efficacy was demonstrated, not only as a preventive of several diseases incident to camp life, but as an efficient Tonic and Alterative.

With the intelligent, it will be conceded that in no part of the world have physiological science and the medical art attained to greater eminence than in France; hence the medical preparations of her thoroughly educated physicians are entitled to, and universally receive much confidence. Notwithstanding testimonials of an undoubted character were furnished us that it had been subjected to severe tests, to a considerable degree, in private practice, we deemed it prudent, before its general introduction to the American public, to test it by the same ordeals. But first it was submitted to examination as well as combination, to two of our most distinguished analytical chemists, viz.: Drs. James R. Chilton and Julius G. Pohle, both long and well-known residents of New-York, whose joint certificate is annexed, which, at a glance, will assure the most skeptical of its great medicinal virtues.

The next step was to introduce it to the Assistant Surgeon of the United States Hospital in Newark, N. J., with a simple request to administer it to invalid soldiers in order to test more particularly its tonic and restorative properties, which was continued for several months, resulting in justifying all that we had anticipated. In addition to this it effected a cure, in a brief time, of several inveterate cases of Fever and Ague, which had defied the usual remedy of quinine.

Simultaneously, however, with its introduction to the United States Hospital, by ourselves and through friends, it was used by invalids connected with some of the most respectable families in New-York, Brooklyn, and other adjacent cities, afflicted with diseases, some of which were of a chronic character, others who were convalescents only, and responses from all, of the most favorable character, have been received; therefore, with such results, we present it to the public, claiming immunity from the charge of introducing an untried and worthless article.

ROMAINE'S CRIMEAN BITTERS

Is composed of Calisaya or Peruvian Bark, with nine other Medicinal Plants, Roots and Extracts, chiefly products of the Tropics of Asia and America. To the original formula an addition has been made of one more herb, by the advice of one of the first physicians of New-York, with a view of curing the lighter forms of Neuralgia and Rheumatism.

We claim for it, as the result of trials, a cure for Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia and its usual offspring, viz.: Indigestion, Constipation, Flatulence, Sick and Nervous Headache, Nausea—General Debility, Colic, Sea Sickness. By its daily use in the tropics it will act as a preventive of Bilious Intermittent Fever; also, by its Tonic properties, counteract the enervating effects of the climate. It pleasantly exhilarates, but is followed by no stupefying reaction.

The Professional of every class, especially of sedentary life, will find, by daily use, nothing so well adapted to strengthen and cheer both mind and body. The aged will also find it a pleasant and sure staff.

CERTIFICATE.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 14, 1863.

From a knowledge of the ingredients and their proportions entering into the composition known as "Romaine's Crimean Bitters," we are enabled to speak of it in terms of high commendation. Peruvian Bark being one of its principal constituents, together with herbs, roots and extracts having decided medicinal properties, we have no hesitation in recommending it to physicians and the public generally, as an invigorating tonic, intended to stimulate the digestive organs.

From its alterative properties, it is calculated to prevent, by its daily use in moderate quantities, Constipation, Fever and Ague, mild forms of Neuralgia and Rheumatism. It is an antidote to the effects produced by change of water and diet, correcting Diarrhœa, curing Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick and Nervous Headache, Nausea, Sea Sickness. It is expressly adapted to females of delicate constitutions, and the infirmities of age.

This preparation is composed exclusively of vegetable materials, containing no metallic or mineral substances whatever. Its taste is aromatic, warming and acceptable to the palate and stomach.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
JULIUS G. POHLE, M. D.

Certificates from the Assistant Surgeon and one of the attending Physicians of the United States Hospital, at Newark, N. J., attesting the benefits derived from the use of Crimean Bitters, may be seen at the office of the depot.

W. CHILTON & CO.

ROMAINE'S CRIMEAN BITTERS sold by all Druggists, Family Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.
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Patented
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SHIRTS.
Warranted to FIT, and to be
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for the same qualities and make than those of any other Shirt House in this city.
Circular containing drawings and prices sent free.

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$150,000 WORTH OF CABINET FURNITURE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
BY DEGRAFF & TAYLOR,
No. 87 Bowery,
Offer their entire stock at lower prices than any other establishment in the City,
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Consisting of
ROSEWOOD, PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,
In Brocatel, Delaine and Plush.
MAHOGANY, WALNUT AND IMITATION FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
All goods warranted.

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I have just completed my extensive stock of Spring Clothing, not surpassed in the way of assortment, taste, style, or price in this City. The custom room, children's and furnishing department not equaled. Entire satisfaction given, or money returned. Please call and examine for yourselves. F. B. BALDWIN,
Largest store in the City. Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.

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Is stifling to all insect life, and is the
TRUE ARMOR
AGAINST MOTHS.
Druggists keep it.

FURNIRURE.—F. KRUTINA, AT HIS MANUfactory and Warerooms, Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st., has on hand a splendid assortment of
FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,
which he will sell at the
VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.
All goods warranted.

READ.—YOUNG MEN DESIROUS OF JOINING a Literary Society will please attend a meeting THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7¾ o'clock, at Lamartine Hall, 29th-st. and 8th-av., or address Box No. 3,339 Post-office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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BY
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(THE YOUNGER,)
Author of "La Dame aux Camelias;" or, "Camille, the Camelia Lady."
TRANSLATED FROM THE FRENCH BY
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THE LADY OF THE PEARLS!

ANNETTE; OR, THE LADY OF THE PEARLS. By ALEXANDER DUMAS, THE YOUNGER, author of "Camille, or the Camelia Lady," and translated from the French by Mrs. Wm. R. A. Johnson, Esq., of Philadelphia—is published and for sale this day, by F. A. BRADY, No. 24 Ann-st., and by all other Booksellers and News Agents, complete in one large octavo volume, large type, double column, and printed on the finest and best of white paper. Price Fifty Cents a copy.

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THE LITTLE MIDDY.
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Price, $1.
This volume completes the publication of the works of this lamented and gifted lady, and is in no way inferior to anything that has appeared from her pen.
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Successor to C. S. Francis & Co., No. 522 Broadway.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
why children frequently resemble but one parent, read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Contents tables free, at the principal newspaper depots throughout the country, at E. Warner's, No. 1 Vesey-st., or of the author, Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

REMOVAL.
JOHN WILEY, Bookseller, Publisher and Importer, has removed to No. 535 Broadway, next door to the Prescott House.
BAGSTER'S BIBLES, &c, SCIENTIFIC AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
At wholesale and retail.

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Books bought in any quantity, from a single volume to an entire library. Persons having libraries to dispose of will be waited on at their residences by sending their address to JOHN PYNE, Bookseller, No. 109 Nassau-st.

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THOSE EXQUISITE BOOKS, WITH FINE STEEL ENGRAVINGS.—For particulars inquire at the office of publication, No. 30 Ann-st., N. Y. CALVIN BLANCHARD keeps that place. It is on the shortest route from Wall-st. to the City cars. Catalogues gratis, by mail (in close envelope,) three cents.

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Gen. Anderson,	Prof. Agassiz,	Heather,
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Admiral Wilkes,	Palmerston,	Hope deferred Maketh the Heart Sick,
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Secretary Welles,	Miss Kellogg,	Lap Dog,
Mont. Blair,	Miss Hinkley,	St. Cecilia,
Edward Bates,	Ristori,	Spanish Belle,
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H. W. Beecher,	Patience,	Mousetrap,
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Abe Lincoln,	Free Kirk,	Fairy Tales,
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Gen. Beauregard,	Going to Market,	Blossom and Decay
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Gen. Breckinridge,	Mater Dolorosa,	
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The largest assortment of rich and plain furniture to be found in the City, made of the very best well-seasoned and selected material, by the best workmen in the country, under the immediate supervision of the firm, whose reputation for excellence of manufacture has been established seventy years.
Also, a large assortment of a superior stock of cottage furniture, now ready for the Spring trade.

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A large assortment of window shades, of new and elegant styles, for sale to the trade; terms low. THOMAS POTTER, No. 95 Liberty-st.

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one door below Canal-st.

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Embracing a full and reliable report of the latest quotations of the entire

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Rosewood Pianoforte, Mirrors, &c., at Auction.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 21, 1863, at 11 o'clock, at No. 17 9th-st., near 6th-av., the entire furniture contained in said house, the most of which was made to order by Hutchings, consisting in part of fine carved rosewood parlor suites, in crimson satin; marble-top etageres, with mirrors; Turkish and Voltaire rockers and easy-chairs, pier and mantel mirrors, rosewood 6¾-octave pianoforte, made by Anderson; rosewood and mahogany centre-tables, elegant rosewood and mahogany French bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, washstands, toilet crockery, mahogany sofas, chairs and rockers, in hair-cloth; patent spring beds, straw and curled hair-mattresses, bolsters and pillows, oak extension table, dining chairs, lounge, mahogany and walnut tables, lace curtains, window shades, bisque ornaments, mantle vases, china, glass and silver-plated ware; velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c., together with an as ortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues on Friday, at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Fine-st.

RUSSELL H. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF $9,000 Worth of

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

On the premises No. 152 West 21st-st., west of 7th-av.. THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, embracing the entire first-class furniture. Parlors all in rosewood, elegant drawing-room suites in brocatel and French reps, French pier and oval mirrors, lady's French secretary and work tables; statuary-top centre and pier tables; fine rosewood piano-forte, four round corners, Gilbert, Boston, maker; large collection of rare and costly bronzes, bisque and lava figures and groups; magnificent vases, bronze and pearl inlaid clocks; velvet and tapestry carpets; rich china cut glass, silverware, &c., with a superb variety of rosewood and mahogany chamber and dining-room furniture, spring and hair mattresses, elegant etageres, bureaus, &c. Sale will commence in dining-room at 2 o'clock precisely. Catalogues at house. Sale positive, rain or shine.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 143 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., a very choice assortment of household furniture, in perfect order, consisting of velvet and ingrain carpets, parlor suite of rosewood, covered in blue and gold silk brocatel; pier and oval mirrors, lace curtains, rich vases, bronze do., suite rosewood, covered, figured crimson and green reps, rosewood pianoforte, clocks, pearl inlaid table, chandeliers, oil-cloths, cane-seat arm-chairs; bedrooms furnished with mahogany couches, covered in green and gold brocatel mattresses, feather beds, &c., black walnut extension table and chairs; Canton matting, China and glass ware, and other articles, all in the best order, without reserve.

COTTON MACHINERY.

For sale at auction, at the Lowell Manufacturing Company's mill in Lowell, on the 23d day of April, current, at at 12 o'clock M., the following-named cotton machinery, to wit

2 openers, 7 two-beater pickers, 72 good cards,
16 railway heads, 11 drawing frames,
12 Pettee speeders—24 spindles each,
1 do. do.—28 spindles,
3 Lowell speeders, 28 spindles each,
3 girders, 28 warp throstle spinning frames—128 spindles each, 18 filling do—128 each,
10 warping machines, 8 beaming do—138 4-4 looms.
A lot of Reed's harnesses, shuttles, bobbins, tin cans, beams &c.

The above-named machinery is now in the mill in good running order, and can be seen at any time previous to the sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.

HORSES, CARRIAGES AND HARNESS.

—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at the private stables, No — 65th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c.—The property of a gentleman leaving for China, consisting of a pair of black mares, 15 hands, long tails, 7 and 8 years old, very stylish pair, in single or double harness; from the "Flying Cloud" stock, very gentle and kind.

Also, a gray horse, 7 years old, 15¾ hands high, very stylish in all harness, and excellent under the saddle; perfectly gentle and kind.

Also, a valuable tarocche, in perfect order, made by Lawrence.

Also, a two-seated phaeton, in fine order, made by Wood Brothers.

Also, a set of double-plated harness, best City make; do. plain harness; without reserve.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF 355 LOTS—ON

some of the most desirable avenues and streets in the City of New-York, and very valuable water fronts, being part of the real estate of James Chesterman, deceased.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 16, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the above 355 lots, descriptive catalogues of which may now be had, and maps on or before the 16th inst., at their office, No. 58½ Pine-st.

Parties wishing to purchase real estate are particularly requested to examine this desirable property before the day of sale. Every lot put up will be positively sold without any reservation. Seventy per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage from one to five years at 6 per cent.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 67 WOODHULL-ST., and three lots northeast corner of Woodhull and Hicks sts., Brooklyn. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 16, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the three-story high stoop brick house and lot No. 67 Woodhull-st. The house is 20x36 feet, with an extension of 8 feet, was built by days' work, and contains gas and Ridgewood water. Lot 20x75 feet.

Also the three vacant lots on the northeast corner of Woodhull and Hicks sts., two lots being 20x75 feet, and the other lot 19.6x75 feet. This property is beautifully located, in a first-class neighborhood, and is only five blocks from the Hamilton-avenue Ferry.

Seventy-five per cent. can remain on mortgage. Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 58½ Pine-st., N. Y.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL

at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 11 o'clock, in the gallery over the salesroom, No. 7 Nassau-st.,

VALUABLE AND COSTLY PICTURES BY AMERICAN ARTISTS,

principally painted to order for the present owners, by Jas. Hart, A. B. Durand, J. W. Casilear, S. R. Gifford, J. F. Kensett, J. F. Cropsey, G. Chapman, Santiago Rebull, Shattuck, Boughton, Kruseli, Tate, Barrow, Simmons, R. Swain Gifford, Wm. Hart, D. Johnson, Owen, Geo. H. Hall, Moore, Williamson, A. Wust, Bellows, Cranch, Griswold, Nichols, T. P. Rossiter, and others, forming altogether a very superior collection of American artists. They are now on exhibition with catalogue.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL

at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 368 Broome-st., household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil cloths, mahogany sofa in hair cloth, mahogany chairs in do., lounges in chintz, rosewood marble-top centre tables, rosewood and gilt frame engravings, marble slabs and brackets, lace window curtains, mahogany marble-top centre tables, lounges in hair cloth, mahogany divans in figured brocatel, looking-glasses, mahogany bedsteads, hair mattresses, mahogany marble-top washstands, painted and enameled cottage suites, office chairs, hat stands, bolsters and pillows, comforters, wardrobes, kitchen furniture, &c., &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 93 PIERREPONT-ST., BROOKLYN, AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, the three-story and attic brick house and lot No. 93 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn. The house is 25 feet front, by 44 feet, exclusive of inclosed piazza; has gas, water, good furnace, bath, &c., was built in best manner and is in good order; gas fixtures will be included with the house; lot 25 by 99, there is an alley of 12½ feet on west of the house, with a stable on the rear, which will be sold with or without the house. Maps, diagrams and full particulars at the office No. 58½ Pine-st.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON 88TH-ST.

AT AUCTION.—BULKLEY & FINK will sell, on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, one lot south side of 88th-st. 282 feet easterly from 4th-av., 25 feet 6 inches by 100 feet 8 inches in depth, with front and rear buildings.

Also, 3 lots adjoining, 76 feet 6 inches front and rear, by 100 feet 8 inches in depth, with 4 two-story, high basement frame cottages on the rear of the lots, and a frame building on the front of one of them. Maps at the office, No. 43 Wall-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO 251 WEST 27TH-ST., AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the two-story and basement frame house and lot No. 251 West 27th-street, north side, between 8th and 10th avs. There is also a stable on the rear of the lot, with a right of alleyway of nine feet on the west to run with the deed. Lot 18.6x98 feet nine inches. Maps at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 58½ Pine-st.

JOHN DICKERMAN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.—THIS THURSDAY, AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M., peremptory sale at auction at the four-story brown-stone house, No. 162 East 34th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., of all the furniture, &c., contained therein, parlor, dining-room, bedroom and kitchen furniture of every description, crockery and plated ware, mirrors, clocks, carpets and oil-cloths, spring and hair mattresses, pillows, bolsters and bedding of all kinds, mahogany and plain furniture of all kinds—in short, everything needed in a first-class house. Sale positive.

WM. W. SHIRLEY, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE OF CROCKery china and glass ware, at the store of Campbell & Fitzpatrick, No. 177 Pearl-st., FRIDAY, April 17, at 10 o'clock, being a large and varied assortment, designed for city and country merchants, worthy the attention of purchasers. Catalogues morning of sale.

JOHN H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK,

at No. 344 Canal-st., bureaus, bedsteads, sofa-beds, washstands, chairs, tables, carpets, oil-cloths, beds and bedding, mattresses, crockery, plated ware, looking-glasses, &c.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer,

WILL SELL, AT AUCTION, AT THE

Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 16, at 12 o'clock, No. 184 Greenwich-st., near Dey-st. By order of executors.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, } CORNER G AND 22D STS., } WASHINGTON, D. C., April 13, 1863.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

on THURSDAY, 23d April inst., at the Corral, near the Washington Observatory, a large lot of condemned horses and mules as unfit for public service. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms cash, in Government funds. (Signed,) CH. H. TOMPKINS, Captain A. Q. M., U. S. A.

J. C. McGUIRE & Co., Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

R. T. HAZELL, Auctioneer.

CONTINUATION SALE OF THE STOCK OF

HARDWARE,

Of the late firm of

CONOVER & WALKER,

At No. 474 Broadway,

THIS DAY, (Thursday,)

Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold

GIMBLET-POINTED IRON AND BRASS, WOOD AND MACHINE SCREWS,

POCKET CUTLERY,

W. Butcher's Tools, Greaves & Sons Files,

Planes, Locks, Tinware, Shelving,

Cases, Fixtures, &c.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN R. R. Co., No. 35 WILLIAM-ST., } NEW-YORK, April 14, 1863. }

In continuation of the system of monthly auction sales, this Company will offer at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 22, 1863, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the room now used as the Merchants' Exchange, Nos. 26 and 28 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., by SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer,

THIRTY THOUSAND TONS OF FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL,

embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., after the 1st of May next. They will repeat such auction sales on or about the 20th of each month, during the year 1863.

The sale will be positive. Each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of or on behalf of the Company.

Fifty cents per ton, in bankable funds, to be paid at the time and place of sale, and the balance in like funds, on receiving the order for the coal, which must be called for within ten days thereafter, and the coal taken away within thirty days from the day of sale, unless navigation is obstructed. Buyers who wish, however, can have an additional thirty days for taking the delivery of their purchases, by making a further deposit of fifty cents per ton, within the ten days above specified. Interest, at 7 per cent. per annum, will in such case be charged on the balance, from the time stipulated for payment until paid; and twenty-five cents per ton to cover the expense of stocking the coal, both to be paid on delivery of order.

The other conditions of sale will be substantially those hitherto accepted by all purchasers, by private contract, of Coal deliverable at Elizabethport, as far as applicable. The coal will be delivered direct from the cars on their arrival from the mines, when practicable—otherwise from the stock. These conditions will be modified to meet the wants of ocean steamers, whose arrival cannot be definitely fixed.

With a reliable avenue from the Lackawanna and Wyoming Valleys to tide-water, open every day in the year, (Sundays excepted,) requiring but twelve hours for the transit of the trains, the advantages of such sales, and the superior condition in which the coal will be delivered, are so apparent, they cannot doubt this mode of selling will commend itself to the favorable consideration of both the trade and consumers, whose coöperation is respectfully invited. C. R. ROBERT, President.

D. D. CAULKINS, Auctioneer—Office No. 335 Broadway.

AUCTION NOTICE.

PEREMPTORY SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE. MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. RICH FRENCH PLATE PIER AND MANTLE MIRRORS. SUPERBLY CARVED ROSEWOOD PIANO FORTE, SILVER PLATE, &c., &c.

THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 16

At the private residence, No. 218 West 14th-st., near 8th-av.

Commencing at 10½ o'clock A. M.

The sale comprises the entire contents of the house. The elegant parlor furniture was made to order, and is in solid rosewood. The whole will be sold to the highest bidder for cash, offering extra inducements to purchasers.

Elegant rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, with all modern improvements, overstrung bass, pearl keys, cost $500, rich rosewood stool, covered in satin, and embroidered cover, three elegant full suites of rosewood parlor furniture, in rich brocade and satin; rosewood etageres, splendid and costly Parian ornaments, rich vases, &c., also, a magnificent collection of rare paintings, rosewood Turkish and easy chairs, in fine reps; rosewood centre and side marble-top tables, richly carved; Chamber suites, in rosewood and mahogany; bureaus, carved bedsteads, washstands, sofa beds, in fine hair-cloth; ten pure hair mattresses, from forty to fifty pounds, made to order, in excellent condition.

Dining-room furniture, consisting of fine oak extension table, oak sideboard, silver plate, rich china, ivory and silver cutlery, forks, spoons, &c., with heavy cut and engraved glassware of every description. No postponement.

PUBLIC SALE

OF THE SCIOTA AND HOCKING VALLEY RAILROAD.

In pursuance of the judgment of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Perry and State of Ohio, and an order thereunder issued from said Court to me, the undersigned, Receiver and Special Master Commissioner in the action therein pending, wherein Morris Ketchum is plaintiff, and the Sciota and Hocking Valley Railroad Company and others are defendants, I, as Receiver and Special Master Commissioner as aforesaid, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of May, A. D. 1863, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the door of the Court house in the town of New-Lexington, in said county of Perry, will offer for sale by public auction, and sell to the highest bidder, as in fee simple and the absolute ownership thereof, the following property, to wit: The entire Road of the said Railroad Company, whether made and completed or in progress of being made, including the right of way, held and owned by said Railroad Company, wherein said Road is either constructed or in progress of being constructed, and the lands occupied thereby, by whatever right the same may be holden by said Company, together with the superstructure and tracks thereon, and all bridges, viaducts, culverte fences, depots, grounds and buildings thereon, work shops and tools therein, and all other franchises, rights and privileges of said Railroad Company, except the franchise to be a Corporation; and including, as a part of said premises, all engines, locomotives, cars of every description, rolling stock, turn-tables, water-stations, station-houses, warehouses and lots and lands used in operating said Road and in connection therewith, and owned and held for that purpose, and all tools, implements, materials and supplies, and all shops and engine-houses owned and used in operating said Railroad, as an entirety and in one entire parcel; to be sold upon the terms and conditions in said judgment specified. Appraised at $500,000.

Dated this 6th day of April, A. D. 1863.

J. W. WEBB,
Receiver and Special Master Commissioner.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE OF

PRIZE GOODS.

BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell at auction, by order Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of Navy, and under direction of Robert Murray, Esq., U. S. Marshal Southern District New-York,

On TUESDAY, April 21, at 11 o'clock,

At Union Stores, Brooklyn,

Cargo of steamer SCOTIA, consisting of

GROCERIES,
HARDWARE AND LEATHER,
DRUGS,
HOSIERY,
DRY GOODS,
TOILET ARTICLES,
&c. &c., &c

Catalogues will be ready on TUESDAY, April 14, at our office, No. 109 Wall-st.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

—Mirrors, superb carved ebony Bombay suite of furniture, Chinese curiosities, &c. PELINTON & GOOD will sell, THIS DAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence of S. L. Gouverneur, Jr., No. 57 West 30th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.—Consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, brocatel and lace window curtains, pier and mantle mirrors, elegant bronze and ormolu chandeliers and candelabras, mantle clocks, superb carved ebony suite, from Bombay; carved rosewood suite, in green striped reps; easy chairs, etagere, rosewood centre-tables, card tables, rosewood fire-screens, elegant rosewood cabinet, rosewood wardrobes, armoir-a-glace, dressing bureaus, washstands, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, mattresses, feather beds, sheets, blankets, quilts, &c., oak dining-room furniture, extension table, buffet, armchair in morocco, lounges, rich china dinner set, tea set, cut glass ware, &c., oil-cloths, carved rosewood hat-rack and hall chairs, bookcases, library tables, &c.

Also, the rare and costly collection of Chinese Curiosities, obtained from Canton, Kiang-tsze, Su-Chow and Freh Kien, by Mr. Gouverneur, during his residence in China as Consul, giving him opportunities to procure specimens of rare and valuable antiquities which could not have been obtained in any other way. Among the articles will be found grotesque wood carvings, ornamental carved stone ware and vases over 900 years old, elegant bronze ornaments inlaid with silver, rich and costly specimens of Chinese vases, tripods, &c., &c.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

MIRRORS, &C., AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 16, 1863, at 11 o'clock, at No. 109 West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., the entire contents of said house, consisting in part of handsome carved rosewood parlor suites, in crimson, satin and green plush, marble-top centre-tables, corner etagere, French plate, pier and mantel glasses, mahogany and walnut bookcases, library, side and work tables, rosewood, mahogany and walnut French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, toilet crockery, paillasses, straw and hair mattresses, bolster and pillows, mahogany sofas, chairs and rockers, in reps and hair-cloth, walnut extension-table, oak dining chairs, portable furnace, English, Brussels and ingrain carpets, lace curtains, cornices, &c., together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Also, Springfield rifle musket, sergeant's sword, and gent's saddle and bridle, made by Wood Gibson.

Catalogues can be had on Tuesday, at No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co., Auctioneers.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO THE

sale of valuable property to be sold at auction by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

BROADWAY.—Southwest corner Howard-st., Nos. 427 and 429.

CHERRY-STREET.—Valuable store and lot No. 38.

CHERRY-STREET.—Valuable lot with buildings No. 388.

WATER AND CHERRY STREETS.—No. 418 Cherry and No. 662 Water-st.

34TH-STREET.—Three valuable, south side, near Madison-av. Maps, &c., at the Auctioneers' office.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, (THURSDAY,) APRIL 16, AT

3½ o'clock P. M., in Bedford-av., six doors north of DeKalb-av., Brooklyn, Brussels carpets, sofas, tables, chairs, bedsteads, bureaus, &c.

FRIDAY, April 17,

at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Central Salesroom, Willoughby, corner of Pearl-st.,

Four handsome rosewood pianos, rosewood parlor suite in brocatel, sofas, centre tables, chairs, marble-top dressing bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, hair mattresses, feather beds, paintings, engravings, Brussels, 3-ply and ingrain carpets, refrigerators, &c.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer, Office No. 130 Broadway.

PEREMPTORY ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF

THE BALANCE OF A CABINET-MAKER'S STOCK (postponed from Tuesday).—A. C. TUTTLE will sell, on THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 554 Broadway, a balance of stock of a first-class maker, comprising six rosewood parlor suites, in brocatel and plush, library bookcases, dressing bureaus and washstands, mahogany sofas, tete-a-têtes and chairs, black walnut oak and extension tables, bedsteads, &c. The whole to be sold, without reservation, to close the estate, by order of the assignee for cash. Catalogues now ready. Deposits required.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 44 WALL-STREET,

Will receive subscriptions to the United States Six Per Cent. Five-Twenty Bonds.

Subscribers depositing with us will receive Bonds of date of subscription, subject to no accruing interest.

After a few days the supply from the Government will have been so far increased as to avoid all delays in filling orders, and enable us to keep constantly on hand an assortment equal to the demand.

VERMILYE & CO., Agents 5-20 Loan.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

OFFICE JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY, } JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., March 25, 1863. }

In accordance with the terms of an agreement between this Company and the Holders of First Mortgage Bonds, dated April 14, 1859, Public Notice is hereby given, that this Company will redeem on the 30th day of April next, at the office of the United States Trust Company, New-York City, at the lowest offer below par, all of the outstanding said Jeffersonville Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds. Offers for sale of said bonds may be addressed, under seal, to the United States Trust Company at aforesaid, and indorsed "Offer of the First Mortgage Bond (or Bonds) of the Jeffersonville Railroad Company to the Sinking Fund," which offers or bids will be received until noon of the 30th day of April next. And public notice is also hereby given the holders of said First Mortgage Bonds, that in case there are no bids offered to sell all of said bonds now outstanding, remaining unpaid, or canceled, as provided in the agreement aforesaid, the United States Trust Company will, upon presentation at their office, No. 46 Wall-st., redeem at par, and accrued interest, all of the entire issue of said First Mortgage Bonds, to the number of 289, not previously advertised for or surrendered. And notice is hereby given, that from and after the 30th day of April, 1863, interest on all said bonds will cease, as provided in said agreement.

J. H. M'CAMPBELL, Secretary and Treasurer.

SOLAR SALT IN MICHIGAN.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

It is proposed to form a Company with a CAPITAL OF $500,000,

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF SOLAR SALT

At East Saginaw, Michigan,

Under the "General Law" of that State, employing the brine peculiar to that locality, unequaled in strength and purity by any yet discovered.

The large profits heretofore obtained from the manufacture of this staple, under less advantageous circumstances than now presented, guarantee success.

Capitalists seeking investment are invited to share in this enterprise, where safety and profit are assured.

F. W. FELLOWES represents the Company at their office, No. 37 William-st., where the Prospectus of the Saginaw Company may be had. Also maps, and accurate survey of land can be seen.

Subscription book now open.

Refers by permission to

M. MORGAN'S SONS,
WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
CLARK, DODGE & CO.,
W. H. SMITH & SON,
Dr. D. H. FITZHUGH, of Geneseo, N. Y.
FITZHUGH & JENKINS.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

AND

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AGENTS FOR U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN.

Are prepared to furnish the U. S. FIVE-TWENTY YEAR SIX PER CENT. BONDS direct from the Government, at PAR and ACCRUED INTEREST, as heretofore.

☞ On and after July 1, the privilege of converting Legal-Tender Notes into the Five-Twenty Bonds at par will cease. Parties wishing to secure a United States Bond, paying six per cent. interest IN GOLD, AT PAR, should send in their orders before that time.

We also keep on hand a constant supply of all classes of Government Securities, for sale at the lowest market rates.

U. S. 7.30 Treasury Notes.
U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
U. S. One-Year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c., &c.

FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.

UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Maturing Certificates of Indebtedness collected, and returns made promptly.

The gold received for interest remitted, or accounted for at the market price, in currency, at the option of holders.

KETCHUM, SON & CO.,
No. 49 Exchange-place.

ATLANTIC INSURANCE SCRIP, 1863.

THE NEW ISSUE, IN SUMS TO SUIT.

For sale by

WM. C. GILMAN & SON, No. 46 Pine-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

PROPOSALS FOR $250,000 CENTRAL PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND STOCK OF 1863.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Comptroller's Office until THURSDAY, the 30th day of April, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened for the whole or any part of the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the Central Park Improvement Fund Stock authorized by chapter eighty-five of the laws of the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor April twenty-five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

The said Stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable quarter yearly, and the principal will be redeemed November one, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

The proposals will state the amount of Stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City, within five days after the opening of the bids, the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the Stock, bearing interest from the dates of payment.

Each proposition should be sealed, and indorsed "Proposals for Central Park Improvement Fund Stock," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interests of the Corporation require it.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, } COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 1, 1863. }

OCEAN BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, } (CORNER GREENWICH AND FULTON STS., } NEW-YORK, April 15, 1863. }

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DI-rectors of the Ocean Bank, held at their banking rooms, 14th inst., the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected for the ensuing year, viz.

D. RANDOLPH MARTIN,
JOHN BOYCE,
ROBERT HAVDOCK,
PARKER HANDY,
JAMES M. BENEDICT,
DAVID WAGSTAFF,
JOHN CASTLEE,
ALBERT A. MARTIN,
PHILIP DATER.

And for Inspectors of next Election:

EDWARD B. COBB. PETER DURYEE,
WILLIAM MARTIN.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, D. RANDOLPH MARTIN, Esq., was unanimously reelected President and JAMES M. BENEDICT, Esq., Vice-President for the ensuing year.

CHAS. PALMER, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO AND WABASH RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 192 BROADWAY, } NEW-YORK, Jan. 13, 1863. }

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS OF

the Toledo and Illinois, and Lake Erie, Wabash and St. Louis Railroad Companies, commonly known as the First Mortgage Bonds of the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company. Notice is hereby given that the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company will extend until Aug. 1, 1890, the payment of the principal of so many of the above-named bonds as shall be presented at this office, between the 1st day of February and the first day of May next, for the purpose of having the agreement for the extension indorsed thereon, and the half-yearly Coupons for interest attached. By order of the Board of Directors.

A. BOODY, President.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO., No. 29 WILLIAM-ST., CORNER EXCHANGE-PLACE, } NEW-YORK, April 6, 1863. }

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR MANAG-ERS of this Company will be held at its office, No. 29 William-st., corner of Exchange-place, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of May next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock (noon) until 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 1st to the 12th May, both days inclusive. By order of the Board.

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE IN-terest on the bonds and stocks of the Corporation of the City of New-York, due and payable May 1, 1863, will be paid on that day by Daniel Devlin, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank. The transfer-books will be closed Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, } NEW-YORK, April 6, 1863. }

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. Co., } CLEVELAND, April 1, 1863. }

THE ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE

Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 22d inst., to act on business of importance.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 11th to the 23d inst. GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF OHIO & MISSISSIPPI R. R. Co., (Eastern Division.) No. 48 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, April 15, 1863. }

PERSONS HAVING PROXIES TO VOTE

at a meeting of certificate holders, called for Friday, 17th inst., will please present them at this office on THURSDAY, 16th inst., for examination.

EDWIN BARTLETT, Chairman.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERN-MENT SECURITIES,

Bought and sold at Board of Brokers.

By A. G. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

A GOOD CHANCE TO MEN THAT HAVE

money to hire on bond and mortgage on a good property for five years. Can find a customer for $800 or $1,000, by writing to Newtown Post-office for one week. Direct for C. G.

QUARTERMASTERS', NAVY AGENTS',

and Ordinance vouchers and other Government bills, purchased. Certificates of Indebtedness promptly collected. JOHN B. MURRAY, 39 Nassau-st., cor. Liberty.

WANTED, A LOAN OF $1,500 ON A LIFE Insurance Policy. Address C. G. W., Box No. 123 Times Office.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE

COLUMBIAN (MARINE) INSURANCE CO.,

Corner of Wall and Nassau-Streets.

CASH CAPITAL,.....$500,000

From Statement for year ending December 31, 1862.

Total amount of Assets, January 1, 1863.....	$1,135,540 75
Total amount of Premiums.....	1,035,243 64
Net Profits.....	228,760 14
Dividend for the year to Stockholders.....	14 1-6 per cent.
Guaranteed cash dividend to dealers, (holding certificates of same) on paid premiums earned during the year, whether loss has accrued or not.....	15 per cent.

LOSSES PAID IN GOLD UPON RISKS ON WHICH THE PREMIUM IS PAID IN LIKE CURRENCY.

Dealers with this company will be allowed the option (to be signified at the time of application for insurance) of receiving in lieu of scrip, at the end of each year, returns in cash, of premiums paid and earned during the year, upon all new risks under the New-York form of policy, as follows:

1. Upon every open policy (cargo risks) upon which there shall have been earned and paid $300 and upward, a return of twenty per cent.

2. Upon other voyage risks upon cargo and freight, a return of fifteen per cent.

3. Upon time risks upon hulls and freight, a return of ten per cent.

Such privilege, however, being confined to persons and firms, the aggregate of whose premiums upon such policies earned and paid during the year shall amount to the sum of One Hundred Dollars.

DIRECTORS.

Edward Rowe, of C. Dord & Co.
John S. Dickerson, of Dickerson, Reed & Co.
George Miln.
Abel Denison, of Denison, Binsse & Co.
Thos. A. C. Cochrane.
Wm. H. Halsey, of Harbecks & Halsey.
Roland G. Mitchell, of R. G. Mitchell & Co.
B. C. Morris.
Albert G. Lee, of Coffin, Bruce, Bishop & Co.
Albert E. Kent, of A. E. Kent & Co., Chicago.
Thos. S. Dickerson, of Vandervoort, Dickerson & Co., Chicago.
Wm. B. Ogden, President Northwestern Railroad Company, Chicago.
John Armstrong, President Milwaukee Company Bank, Milwaukee.
William Young, Vice-President Milwaukee Company Bank, Milwaukee.
Andrew J. Rich, President Bank of Attica, Buffalo.
Daniel W. Teller, of Galway, Casado & Teller.
Jos. Morrison.
Wm. H. Popham, of Popham & Haxtun.
David Ogden.
B. C. Morris, Jr., of Caldwell & Morris.
Ezra Nye.
Henry J. Cammann, of Wilson & Cammann.
Thomas Lord.
Lawrence Myers, of Lawrence, Myers & Co.
Chas. A. Lord.
Robert Bowne, of Bowne & Co.
John D. Bates, Jr., of Bates & Co., Boston.
Jewitt M. Richmond, of J. M. Richmond & Co., Buffalo.
Moses Merick, Oswego.
David J. Ely, of Reynolds, Ely & Co., Chicago.

B. C. MORRIS, President.
THOS. LORD, Vice-President.

WM. M. WHITNEY, Secretary.

AGENCY OF THE

NATIONAL (FIVE-TWENTY YEAR) LOAN.

OFFICE OF LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO., } No. 34 Wall-st., New-York. }

We take this means of answering the numerous inquiries made of us respecting the United States Five-Twenty Loan, for which we act as agents.

Said Bonds bear six per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, in gold, on the first of May and the first of November.

Have twenty years to run, but being redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after five years, are designated Five-Twenties.

Are issued both in Coupon and Registered Bonds; the former in denominations of 50's, 100's, 500's, 1,000's; the latter in 50's, 100's, 500's, 1,000's, 5,000's and 10,000's.

The Coupon Bonds have coupons attached for twenty years, and are payable transferable to bearer.

The Registered are issued in the name of the purchaser, (whose name and residence are recorded on the books of the Treasury Department at Washington,) and are only transferable by signature, or power of Attorney, before an authorized Government official. The interest is collected in the same manner at the Sub-Treasury nearest the owner's residence.

Both principal and interest are payable in gold, as provided by act of Congress.

Are, (in common with all Government Bonds,) free from taxation by city, town, county or State; and the income derived therefrom is subject only to one-half of the United States tax levied upon incomes derived from other sources.

The privilege of conversion at par will cease on the 1st of July, next.

These Bonds are supplied by us at par and accrued interest in currency—interest commencing to the purchaser upon deposit of the money. Hence, the first coupon falling due, being stamped

MEDICAL.

DORMANT MANHOOD AROUSED AND impurities rooted out of the system, by the use of Dr. Barrow's TRIESEMAR, Nos. 1, 2 or 3. You who suffer, delay not a moment to read that popular illustrated work "Human Frailty," and be convinced. Published by DR. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors from Macdougal-st., New-York. Sent free everywhere on receiving the amount, 25 cents, in postage currency. Sold also by Wells & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York, and J. Worthington, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Dr. Barrow consulted as usual on those specialties for which he is so eminent. N. B.—No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors from Macdougal-st., New-York.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!
HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (75th edition, 400 pages, nearly 100 Anatomical Illustrations,) upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary Loss of Semen, Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Genito-Urinary diseases and their consequences, the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female; latest researches in physiology; European hospital practice; quacks, their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, etc. Mailed free for $1, closely sealed.
All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copaiba, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this original work, of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st.; S. TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.; ANDON, No. 88 Lake-st., Chicago; or consult the Doctor, No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.
"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zietung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

SECRET DISEASES! SECRET DISEASES!
SAMARITAN'S GIFT!
SAMARITAN'S GIFT!
The most certain remedy ever used.
Yes, a Positive Cure.
BALSAM COPAVIA AND MERCURY DISCARDED
Only ten pills to be taken to effect a cure.
They are entirely vegetable, having no smell nor any unpleasant taste, and will not, in any way, injure the stomach or bowels of the most delicate.
Cures in from two to four days, and recent cases in "twenty-four hours."
No exposure, no trouble, no change whatever.
Price, male packages $2, female $3. Sold by H. C. OAKLEY, No. 11 Park-row. Sent by mail by DESMOND & CO., Philadelphia.

THE
CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE
OF AN
INVALID.
Published for the benefit, and as a warning and
CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN
who suffer from Spermatorrhœa, Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, etc., supplying, at the same time,
THE MEANS OF SELF CURE,
by one who has cured himself after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbug and quackery.
By inclosing a post paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.
NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,
Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

CAUTION TO LADIES.
Madame RESTELL, Female Physician, No. 162 Chambers-street, deems it her duty to caution ladies against Impostors, who appropriate her advertisements, word for word, merely substituting some ignorant and wholly irresponsible person as "Madame."
These persons have spurious "Female Monthly Pills" and other poisonous compounds to deprive the unwary or the easily duped, as well of their means as of their health. The ladies may avoid these impositions, Madame Restell feels called upon to give this caution.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Venereins Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, stricture, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840, N. B.—Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 20 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much-neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance, failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to DR. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

MADAME RESTELL, FEMALE PHYSICIAN can be consulted, as usual, at No. 162 Chambers-st., or by letter, and medicine sent by mail. Her FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are the only medicine married or single ladies can rely upon with safety and certainty. Price $1 a box. Sold at No. 162 Chambers-st., No. 127½ Liberty-st. and No. 403 Hudson-st., New-York. Can also be obtained at No. 244 Grand-st., Williamsburgh, and No. 178 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, or by mail. All other "Female Monthly Pills" are counterfeit.
N. B.—Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Madame RESTELL'S valuable, certain and safe mode of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., &c., from whatever cause, without the use of medicine or instruments, can do so at one interview.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE OR INVIGORATING ELIXIR, and Dr. Powers Radical Pills or Physical Regenerator. Young man! Are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease resulting from secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence and Radical Pills briefly cure the very worst cases, while innocent of anything deleterious, and are warranted a never-failing cure. Prepared and sold by Dr. POWERS, No. 12 Laight-st., New-York. Afflicted, try them! They will certainly cure. Send for circular; read it carefully, and then you will send for the remedies.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 140th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,221 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, designed for purely legitimate purposes—to restore the menstrual fluid—and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office, No. 12 Laight-st., where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of being humbugged. Dr. Hunter's The City is full of knaves, up to every trick to rob him of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1834. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving honorable treatment.

DR. VAN SPELT'S INDIAN MAGIC PILLS—Guaranteed to cure all secret diseases in four days. Only $1 per box. His liquid preservative, to act as preventive, is recommended by the faculty; $1 per bottle. Consultations daily in his office, No. 614½ Broadway, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., and 4 to 8 P. M.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without injection in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb, unless his remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their fees are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three-cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION at the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., Harpers' Building. All articles at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a superior quality constantly on hand.
JOHN K. HOPPEL.

SHIPPING.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PATON, Commander,
Will be dispatched

FROM LIVERPOOL.		FROM NEW-YORK.
SATURDAY	April 18	SATURDAY.....May 9
TUESDAY	June 2	TUESDAY.....June 23

FIRST CABIN, from.....$95 to $135
Each berth, according to size, situation and accommodation of the State Rooms—all having the same privileges in the Saloons, and in regard to meals and attendance. Suites of apartments for families may be engaged by special agreement.
EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First Cabin only, a fare and a-half.
Servants accompanying passengers, and children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.
SECOND CABIN—State Room berths, meals furnished at separate tables.....$70
THIRD CABIN—Intermediate State Rooms, passengers found with beds, bedding, table utensils and good substantial food.....$50
STEERAGE, with superior accommodations.....$30
All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.
Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage. An experienced Surgeon on board.
For passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents, No. 54 South-st

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
ASIA, SHANNON, leaves New-York, Wednes'y, April 8.
CANADA, GRACE, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 15.
AFRICA, MOODIE, leaves New-York, Wed's'y, April 22.
ARABIA, STONE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 29.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 6.
EUROPA, MUIR, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 13.
AUSTRALASIAN, COOK, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 20.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.
To sail on
THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, M.
The A No. 1 British
Steamship
VICTORIA,
3,000 tons,
Capt. HENRY HARRIS,
Will be dispatched as above from Pier No. 42, foot of Canal-st., N. R.
PRICE OF PASSAGE.
First Cabin.....$75 | Steerage.....$30
Payable in U. S. Currency.
No freight received or bills of lading signed on day of sailing.
For passage apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents, No. 54 South-st.

FOR HAVANA.
To sail on
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, at 3 P. M.
The A No. 1 British steamship
MELITA,
Capt. GEORGE CORBETT,
carrying the United States Mail,
will sail as above
From Pier No. 14, foot of Cedar-st., N. R.
Price of passage, (in current funds,) $60.
No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed on day of sailing.
For Freight or passage apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
No. 26 Broadway,
Or at No. 54 South-st.,
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.
N. B.—The British steamship SHELDRAKE will follow the MELITA, and sail on or about the 4th day of May. Experienced Surgeons attached to these steamers.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S LINE OF STEAMSHIPS TO
HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.
THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP
MORNING STAR,
A. D. PERKINS, Commander,
Will leave Pier No 3, North River, (foot of Beach-st.,) for HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS, on WEDNESDAY, April 15, at 3 o'clock P. M.
The passenger accommodations upon this Company's steamships are not excelled by those of any other steamers in the world.
No freight received, or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.
STEAMSHIPS TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
OVER
NICARAGUA TRANSIT.
The steamship
AMERICA OR ILLINOIS
Will leave for GREYTOWN, to connect with steamship MOSES TAYLOR, at NOON,
On SATURDAY, April 25, 1863.
For freight or passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.
The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
NORTH AMERICAN,
Capt. BURGESS, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Portland next
SATURDAY, April 18.
Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $81 and $67. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.
SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail steamship CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, 25TH APRIL. SATURDAY, 2D MAY.
Passage money to Nassau, $45.
Passage money to Havana, $50.
Payable in Gold or its equivalent.
No freights received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.
The Central American Transit Company will dispatch the next vessels of their freight line to San Juan del Norte (Greytown) with dispatch.
The schooner SENATOR, now loading at pier No. 29, N. R., will sail on or about the 10th April.
For freight, apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Broadway, to JOHN E. BODY, V. P.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday.....April 18
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Saturday.....April 25
EDINBURGH.....Saturday.....May 2
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.

First cabin	$80	Steerage	$32 50
First cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	35 50
First cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40 50
First cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.
Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40; from Queenstown, $32. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NOTICE.—THE STEAMER MELITA, FROM HAVANA, will commence discharging under general orders this morning, at 7, at Pier No. 14 North River, foot of Cedar-st. Consignees will please send in their permits at once.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents, No. 54 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.—U. S. PASSports from the Department of State furnished by A. C. WILLMARTH, U.S. Court Buildings, 41 Chambers-st.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR SHREWSBURY.
The new steamer HELEN, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave Red Bank EVERY MORNING at 7 o'clock; returning, will leave the pier foot of Robinson-st. every afternoon at 2 45 o'clock, landing both ways at Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port-Washington, Mount's & Brown's Dock Fair Haven and Red Bank, until further notice.

FOR ORIENT, GREENPORT, SOUTHOLD, SAG HARBOR, THE HAMPTONS, &c.—The fine steamer, SUFFOLK, Capt. HAVENS, will for the present leave James-slip, East River, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 5 o'clock. Returning, leave Sag Harbor MONDAY and THURSDAY AFTERNOONS. Fine passenger accommodation. Freight taken.
A. J. RICHARDSON,
No. 160 Fulton-st.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—DAILY LINE—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 26 East River, daily, at 12 o'clock noon. Freight taken. Arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad, also the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north from New-Haven at 11 o'clock NIGHT LINE.—Steamer leaves at 11 o'clock, arriving at New-Haven in time for morning trains.

TO CONFECTIONERS.—WANTED, A SECOND-hand ice cream freezer. Address, stating size and price, B., Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ITALIAN OPERA.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK
TWENTIETH OPERA NIGHT.
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) EVENING, April 17,
FAREWELL NIGHT OF
MADAME MEDORI.
AND
POSITIVELY HER LAST APPEARANCE,
When she will appear in her great rôle of
NORMA.
NORMA.....MADAME MEDORI
Adelgisa.....MLLE. SULZER
Pollio.....SIGNOR MAZZOLENI
Oroveso.....SIGNOR BIACHI
Clotilde.....Madame Fichet | Flavio.....Signor Rubio
Conductor.....MAX MARETZEK
On this occasion the FOLLOWING SCALE OF PRICES has been adopted:
General admission to Parquet, Balcony, Boxes and Family Circle, $1.
Secured seats in Parquet, Balcony and Boxes, $1 extra. Amphitheatre, 25 cents.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Reserved seats in the Family Circle can be secured without extra charge.
NOTICE.—The box office will open for the sale of secured seats and tickets THIS MORNING, at 8 o'clock, at the Academy of Music, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Root, Anthony & Co.'s stationery store, corner of Nassau and Pine sts. SEATS SECURED FOR ANY EVENING IN ADVANCE during the day, or at the inside ticket-office on the evenings of performance.
ON SATURDAY NEXT, AT 10 O'CLOCK.
LAST GRAND MATINEE OF THE SEASON.
The entire Opera of
IL BARBIERE DI SEVIGLIA
with THE MISERERE, from Il Trovatore.
Admission to all parts of the house, $1.
ON MONDAY,
CLOSING NIGHT OF THE SEASON.
BENEFIT OF SIG. MAZZOLENI.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GRAND GERMAN OPERA.
LAST NIGHT OF THE SEASON.
FRIDAY EVENING, April 17,
DER FREISCHUTZ.
Grand Romantic Opera, in Four Acts,
Music by Carl M. Von Weber,
With the entire strength of the Company.
The grand incantation scene in the third act will be given with unusual splendor.
Box-office for the sale of seats now open.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 16, EXTRA PERFORMANCE.
BENEFIT OF M. EDGARD.
LE VOYAGE DE MONSIEUR PERRICHON.
Comedie in 4 acts, by MM. E. Labiche and Ed. Martin.
Doors open at 7½; Curtain raised at 8 o'clock.
Carriages can be ordered at 11 o'clock.
NEXT SATURDAY, NO MATINEE—SATURDAY EVENING, DON CESAR DE BAZAN.
Office for subscriptions and reserved seats, H. Dardonville, No. 623 Broadway.

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT to Drum Major D. GRAHAM, Seventh regiment, N. Y., at the Academy of Music, on TUESDAY EVENING, April 21, 1863, when the following artistes will appear:
MADAME MARIA ABBOTT,
S. C. CAMPBELL,
HERR SCHREIBER,
HEER DREWES,
and the full band of the Seventh regiment, under the direction of Professor C. S. GRAFULLA. Tickets 50 cents, to be had at the principal hotels and music stores, and at the following places: P. Braisted's, No. 4 4th-av., Brady's Gymnasium, No. 20 St. Mark's-place; Seventh regiment Armory, and at the Box Office on the evening of the Concert. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert begins at 8 o'clock.

CAMILLO URSO,
THE CELEBRATED
LADY VIOLINIST,
Has the honor to announce that after retirement of five years, devoted to the study of her art, she will give her
FIRST GRAND CONCERT
In New-York, the cherished scene of her earlier triumphs, at Irving Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, April 21, for which artists of eminent talents are engaged.
Full particulars in future advertisements.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-eighth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy of Design, consisting of original works by living artists, is now open for the season, at the Galleries, No 625 Broadway. Season tickets, 50 cents; single admission, 25 cents.
T. ADDISON RICHARDS,
Corresponding Secretary, N. A.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LIQUOR LICENSES.
OFFICES OF THE BOARD OF EXCISE,
No. 15 CENTRE-ST. AND No. 7 CHAMBERS-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 2, 1863.
The Inn, Tavern and Hotel Keepers and Liquor Dealers of this City will apply for licenses immediately, as the Board of Excise will open the Commission on the 18th of May, 1863, at 3 o'clock in the forenoon, in the Common Pleas Court-room, Part No. 1, for the purpose of Granting Licenses for the ensuing excise year, and will close the same after a session of fifty days.
The Blank Petitions and Bonds can be had at the offices of the undersigned, Commissioners.
WILLIAM CLASK, No. 15 Centre-st.
ROBERT D. HOLMES, No. 7 Chambers-st.
NOAH A. CHILDS, No. 317 West 38th-st.
N. B.—Notice is hereby given that the penalties prescribed by the law will be rigidly enforced.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDings, of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every TUESDAY, in Room No. 8 City Hall, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of considering all papers referred to such Committee. All parties interested will please attend without further notice.
PETER MASTERSON,
JOHN FOX,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Public Buildings.

THE COMMITTEE ON POLICE OF THE Board of Aldermen, will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock, P. M., in Room No. 8, City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.
PETER MASTERSON,
GEO. A. JEREMIAH,
CHAS. H. HALL,
Committee on Police.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen will meet every SATURDAY, at two o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.
JOHN McCOOL,
PETER MITCHELL,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS will meet in Room number twelve, City Hall, on WEDNESDAY of each week, at two o'clock P. M., until further notice. All parties interested in papers pending the action of the Committee are invited to attend.
TERENCE FARLEY,
PETER MITCHELL,
JOHN T. HENRY,
F. L. A. BOOLEY,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH of the Board of Aldermen will meet in Room number twelve, City Hall, on TUESDAY of each week, at two o'clock P. M., until further notice. All persons interested in papers awaiting the action of the Committee are requested to attend.
TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every FRIDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number twelve, City Hall. All persons interested in matters pending the action of the Committee are invited to attend.
TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
PETER MASTERSON,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON SEWERS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number eight, City Hall. Parties interested in any matter before the Committee will have an opportunity of being heard.
GEO. A. JEREMIAH,
TERENCE FARLEY,
CHARLES H. HALL,
Committee on Sewers.

NOTICE OF SALE OF VESSEL.—BY virtue of a bill of sale, dated the 10th day of April, 1860, executed by John Johnson to Thurlow Weed, Gilbert C. Davidson and W. G. Weed, and recorded in Custom-house at New-York, on the 30th day of May, 1860, in Book No. 31 B. S. E. V., at page 110, the undersigned will sell at public auction, on the 27th day of April, 1863, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the foot of North Ferry-st., in the City of Albany, the schooner called the ROBERT L. CROOKE, together with her sails, boats, anchors, cables and all other necessaries thereunto belonging. Dated April 14, 1863.
THURLOW WEED,
GILBERT C. DAVIDSON,
WILLIAM G. WEED.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

OFFICE OF BROWN & WILSON, No. 19 Wall-st.
WE HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED MR. CHARLES A. FISHER, of the New-York Stock Exchange, a member of our firm.
The business will hereafter be conducted under the name of BROWN, WILSON & FISHER.
LEWIS M. BROWM,
HENRY S. WILSON.
April 13, 1863.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF WALTON BROTHERS is this day dissolved by mutual consent. ISAAC M. WALTON retiring, WM. M. WALTON is alone authorized to liquidate the debts.
The business will be continued by WM. M. WALTON, at their old stand, No. 67 Warren-st.
WM. M. WALTON,
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1863. ISAAC M. WALTON.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A FINE PAIR OF WELL-MATCHED dark bay horses, 15½ hands high, heavy black manes and tails, perfectly sound, and kind in harness and under the saddle. Can be seen at all hours. Address Box No. 1,739 Post-office.

FOR SALE—A FINE ROCKAWAY OR coachee, with full carringe springs, pole and shafts; been used but little, and in fine order; will be sold cheap. Apply at Voorhees' stable, No. 600 7th-av.

GOVERNMENT HORSES WANTED.—GOVernment horses bought for cash, at Nos. 85 and 106 East 24th-st., New-York. WHITSON & SONS.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—TWENTY INSTALLMENT RECEIPTS OF the Long Island railroad company. Any one returning them to No. 2 Ferry-st. will be suitably rewarded.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
Begins at 8.
THIS EVENING, (THURSDAY,)
STANDARD COMEDY NIGHT.
Fifth time here of the highly successful five act Comedy (which drew crowded and delighted audiences at the former performances,) the
BUSY-BODY.
Marplot.....Mr. Lester Wallack
Sir Francis Gripe.....Mr. John Gilbert
Sir George Airey.....Mr. Charles Fisher
Sir Jealous Traffic.....Mr. Mark Smith
Charles.....Mr. Reynolds
Whisper.....Mr. Floyd
Miranda.....Mrs. Hoey
Patch.....Miss Mary Gannon
Isabinda.....Miss Madeline Henriques
Patchwell.....Mrs. Reeves
FRIDAY, seventh night of the new Comedy,
MY NOBLE SON-IN-LAW.
Which has attracted a succession of the most densely crowded audiences ever assembled at this establishment, with its
UNEQUALED SCENERY,
MAGNIFICENT APPOINTMENTS,
and
GREAT ORIGINAL CAST.
SATURDAY, (never acted here,) the
FOLLIES OF A NIGHT.
AND
SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES.
Being for the
BENEFIT OF MR. MOSS, (Treasurer,)
MONDAY—Eighth night of "My Noble Son-in-Law."
TUESDAY—Seventh time here of "The Fine Old English Gentleman" and "Americans in Paris."
Box Book open for any of the above evenings, from 8 A. M to 4 P. M.
TO BE REPEATED—The Road to Ruin, Masks and Faces, The School for Scandal, She Stoops to Conquer, and Love and Money.

IRVING HALL—GOTTSCHALK CONCERTS.
THE ONLY MORNING CONCERT
AND LAST APPEARANCE BUT ONE
OF THE GREAT PIANIST,
Mr. L. M. GOTTSCHALK,
will take place on
SATURDAY MORNING,
at 12 o'clock,
On which occasion the following Artists will assist Mr. GOTTSCHALK in a new and brilliant programme:
MLLE. LOUISE VIVIER,
MISS EUGENIE BARNETCHE,
MR. WILLIAM CASTLE,
AND THE CELEBRATED BRETTO CHILDREN.
Master EMILIE, Violinist, aged thirteen years,
Master BERNARD, Violinist, aged eleven years,
Master RICARDO, Cornet, aged seven years,
(Pupil of Mr. L. Schreiber.)
Signor ABELLA.....Conductor
TICKETS 50 CENTS.
For sale at the Music Stores and Irving Hall.
Doors open at 11½ o'clock.

NOTICE EXTRA.
MR. WALLACK
Begs to call the notice of the public to the bill for next SATURDAY, April 18, when
TWO COMEDIES
Will be performed, each for the
FIRST TIME HERE.
THE FOLLIES OF A NIGHT,
by PLANCHE, and
SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES,
by KENNEY.
This excellent programme will include all the fine artists of the company, and will be given for the
BENEFIT OF MR. MOSS, Treasurer.
Box book now open.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY'S
GREAT NATIONAL CONCERT,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING,
Selections from the soul-stirring national airs, which they have sung with such unbounded applause at the President's levée, in the Hall of Congress, in the army, and all through the loyal States, will be produced in their very best style. The interim of some twenty minutes will be occupied by an eloquent officer of the army, who will make a thrilling, patriotic address.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

THE NEW GYMNASTICS.
Dr. DIO LEWIS, of Boston, inventor of the New Gymnastics, having received from W. C. Bryant, Stephen H. Tyng, D. D., N. P. Willis, S. S. Randall, and many other distinguished persons an urgent solicitation to address the citizens of New-York on the subject of physical culture, will lecture at Cooper Institute on FRIDAY EVENING, April 17. A class of ladies and gentlemen in gymnastic costume will illustrate the new methods. The lecture and exhibition will be deeply interesting. Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents.
LAST WEEK OF
BANVARD'S PANORAMAS
The four great panoramas—THE MISSISSIPPI, MISSOURI, OHIO and THE WAR, every EVENING at 8 o'clock, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 3. No. 652 Broadway. Tickets 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

BRADY'S GYMNASIUM—NO. 20 ST. MARK'S-place, (8th-st.) Open Summer and Winter, from 6 A. M. till 10 P. M. Classes in Gymnastics, Calisthenics, &c., for the Summer season, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, commencing April 8. Finest ventilated building in the City. ABNER S. BRADY, Instructor.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R.
FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.
Winter arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.
For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from 26th-st. station. Returning, leave Albany at 10:30 A. M.
For all local trains, see time-table.
JOHN BURCHILL, Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TERMINUS.—Passenger Depot at James-slip and foot 34th-st., E. R.
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing FRIDAY, Oct. 31, 1862. Leave New-York at 9 A. M., for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Orient and Hampton.
At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Syosset.
At 5 P. M., for Hempstead.
At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Yaphank.
On Sunday, a train leaves Hunter's Point (34th-st. Ferry) at 9 A. M., for Yaphank and intermediate stations, at excursion rates. Returning, leaves Yaphank at 3:30 P. M.
On Friday and Saturday nights, the 4 P. M. Yaphank train will run through to Greenport, returning Saturday and Monday mornings, at 4:15 A. M., arriving in New-York at 9:52 A. M.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M., and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:30 P. M.	10:57 P. M.

NEWS FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

The Enemy in Force Near Our Lines at Suffolk.

General Wise Still Threatening Williamsburgh.

The Killing of Colonel Kimball by General Corcoran.

FORTRESS MONROE, Wednesday, April 14.

Major-Gen. DIX returned to his Department last evening, much to the gratification of the officers managing the affairs here in his absence. The General left for Suffolk, this morning, at 10 o'clock.

The enemy, in force, are in close proximity to our lines at Suffolk, but no general engagement is anticipated, unless the attack is made by the Union forces, which is more than probable.

In regard to the affairs at Williamsburgh, the *Cavalier* of to-day says:

"Gov. WISE has commenced intrenching the other side of Williamsburgh. He has orders to take Fort Magruder at all hazards, and as he is afraid to make an assault he has resorted to digging.

Our troops are in fine spirits.

Rebel prisoners say there was to have been a simultaneous attack upon Washington, N. C., Suffolk, Va., Gloucester Point, and Williamsburgh or Fort Magruder. The attack on Gloucester Point was to have been made by Gen. FITZHUGH LEE. Those plans have probably been somewhat interfered with by the reconnoissance of the Fourth Delaware regiment, and the Union gunboats up the York River."

The Richmond *Sentinel*, of April 10, has the following from the Charleston *Mercury*:

"The Government powder works at Augusta, Ga., when completed, will be the largest in the world. They are now superior to any known, and the powder is fully equal to the best Yankee or European standard."

The French frigate *Guerriere* arrived here last evening, and fired a salute this morning, which was replied to by the water battery of Fortress Monroe.

THE ADVANCE OF GEN. LONGSTREET.

Correspondence of the Baltimore American:

SUFFOLK, Va., Sunday, April 12, 1863.

The some-time expected advance of the rebel Gen. LONGSTREET upon this place occurred yesterday. He made a forced march from beyond the Blackwater with a force of not less that thirty thousand men, evidently intending to surprise the post. But we had been well informed of his movements, our pickets were strengthened, and though he was within three miles of us at dark last night, he has made no attack up to this hour—8 o'clock in the morning. We have taken quite a number of prisoners from Gen. HOOD's Texas brigade, which held the advance, and are well informed of the strength and movements of the enemy. You may look for stirring news from here in in my next if LONGSTREET should not, as I fear he will, fall back. We are fully prepared for him, even if his force is doubled.

FORTRESS MONROE, Tuesday, April 14.

There is considerable excitement here in relation to the rebel approaches on the Peninsula, the threatening of our lines at Suffolk, and the precarious position of Gen. FOSTER, at Washington, N. C.

There had been some skirmishing in front of our lines at Suffolk, where LONGSTREET's rebel division of over 20,000 men had advanced. Their presence there was presumed to be to prevent relief being sent from that direction to Gen. FOSTER.

Orders had been issued at Suffolk for the women and children to leave, and a large number are here on their way to Baltimore. A similar order is about to be issued at Norfolk.

The death of Lieut.-Col. KIMBALL, of the Hawkins Zouaves, at Suffolk, has created much feeling throughout the department, he being universally popular, and the pet of his regiment. The facts of the case, as near as I can ascertain them, are as follow:

The night was dark, and Col. KIMBALL had charge of the advance picket. A horseman was observed approaching, and Col. KIMBALL challenged him as usual, "Who goes there?" The answer was, "A friend with the countersign." The stranger was then, according to army regulations, ordered "To dismount, advance, and give the countersign." The stranger replied, "I am Gen. CORCORAN," and moved on without dismounting. He was again challenged and ordered to dismount, and Col. KIMBALL seized his reins, when Gen. CORCORAN fired, the ball entering Col. KIMBALL'S neck. There are said to have been no witnesses present, and the matter will be immediately investigated.

IMPORTANT FROM HAVANA.

A Curious Report About Admiral Wilkes—He is Said to be a Prisoner on Parole—The Steamer North Star in a Gale.

The British steamship *Melita*, Capt. CORBITT, from Havana, arrived yesterday morning, bringing dates to the 9th inst.

The California steamer *North Star* arrived at Havana on the morning of the 9th for water. She had encountered a tremendous hurricane to the southward of Hatteras; lost her quarter boats, stove in the after ports, and broke her condenser for making fresh water. She put into Key West, but could not get a supply. Capt. JONES stopped at Havana, obtained supplies, and would sail the same day.

The health of Havana was good; fine cool weather and northerly breezes all day.

It is currently reported in Havana that Admiral WILKES is a paroled prisoner, until he can explain the affair of the *Vanderbilt* firing into a Spanish coasting steamer, a short time ago.

The United States steamers *Vanderbilt* and *Sonoma* were in Havana.

In consequence of the Easter festivities being but just concluded, business was very dull.

The War in the Southwest.

LOUISVILLE, Wednesday, April 15.

Rev. EDWARD LIVINGSTON WELLS, Episcopalian, of this city, having taken the oath of allegiance, has received permission from Gen. BURNSIDE to return to Louisville.

All reports of considerable numbers of rebels attempting to cross the Cumberladd River, within the past few days, are false.

Gen. Burnside's Order.

HOW HE PROPOSES TO DEAL WITH TRAITORS AND REBEL SYMPATHIZERS.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE OHIO, CINCINNATI, April 13, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. 38.—The Commanding General publishes for the information of all concerned, that hereafter all persons found within our lines, who commit acts for the benefit of the enemies of our country, will be tried as spies or traitors, and if convicted will suffer death. This order includes the following class of persons;

Carriers of secret mails.

Writers of letters sent by secret mails.

Secret recruiting officers within the lines.

Persons who have entered into an agreement to pass our lines for the purpose of joining the enemy.

Persons found concealed within our lines, belonging to the service of the enemy, and, in fact, all persons found improperly within our lines who could give private information to the enemy.

All persons within our lines who harbor, protect, conceal, feed, clothe, or in any way aid the enemies of our country.

The habit of declaring sympathies for the enemy will no longer be tolerated in this Department. Persons committing such offences will be at once arrested with a view to being tried as above stated, or sent beyond our lines into the lines of their friends.

It must be distinctly understood that treason expressed or implied, will not be tolerated in this Department.

All officers and soldiers are strictly charged with the execution of this order.

By command of Maj.-Gen. A. E. BURNSIDE.

LEWIS RICHMOND, Asst. Adjt.-Gen.

Official: D. K. LARNED, Capt. and A. A. G.

Naval News.

PURCHASE OF THE CHINESE GUNBOAT DAI-CHING.

Yesterday the new steam gunboat *Dai-Ching*, which has been lying at the Brooklyn Navy-yard for over a week, was transferred to the Navy Department. She was built at the foot of North Second-street, Williamsburgh, for the Emperor of China, by JAMES C. JEWETT & Co. Her dimensions are as follows: Length, 175 feet; width, 29 feet; depth of hold, 14 feet; draft of water, 11 feet; measurement, 728 tons. She has a direct acting engine, with two 20-inch cylinders and 26-inch stroke. She is an exceedingly pretty vessel, and will be put into active service at once. A smaller craft has been built by the same firm for the Chinese navy, which has not been purchased by the Government.

LAUNCH OF A STEAM GUNBOAT.

The United States steam gunboat *Mackinaw* will be launched from the Brooklyn Navy-yard on Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock.

ARRIVAL OF THE UNITED STATES SHIP INO.

The United States ship *Ino*, JAMES M. WILLIAMS, Acting Master Commanding, arrived at this port last evening from a cruise in the North and South Atlantic Oceans, and last from St. Helena and Ascension Islands; has been absent five months and ten days, during which time she has spoke or boarded one hundred and thirty-two (132) Merchant ships and twenty-two (22) Whale ships. Sailed the distance of eighteen thousand miles, (18,000) the greatest distance in 24 hours being three hundred and ten miles, (310,) least distance in twenty four hours, 13 miles. The list of officers of the *Ino* is as follows: JAMES M. WILLIAMS, Acting Master Commanding; Joshua W. Crosby, Executive Officer; John S. Gordon and Benj. F. Jones, Acting Masters; H. W. Mitchell, Acting Assistant Surgeon; John B. G. Strong, Acting Assistant Paymaster; Jules F. Bever, Acting Ensign; John Griffin and Robert Wigner, Master's Mates; Thomas B. Stanley, Purser's Steward; Sydney A. Fisher, Surgeon's Steward; E. A. Sumner, Yeoman. The *Ino* has 124 men.

FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

THE POSITION OF GEN. FOSTER.

He Has Supplies Sufficient for a Three Weeks' Siege.

FALSE REBEL REPORT OF HIS SURRENDER.

Private advices from Newbern to Sunday, the 12th instant, state that a communication had been received from Gen. FOSTER, to the effect that he had plenty of supplies, and that he believed he could withstand all the force the rebels could bring against him for three weeks, if necessary.

FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, Wednesday, April 15.

A private letter from the Forty-fourth Massachusetts regiment, dated Newbern, N. C., the 7th inst., says:

"We think the boys with Gen. FOSTER are safe from capture, but wait anxiously to hear from them. AMORY'S brigade started overland this morning to draw the rebels from Washington. A cavalry reconnoissance proved that some 2,000 rebels were between here and Washington. The report to-day is that our Col. LEE was killed in a charge on the rear of the rebel battery. There has been no heavy firing to-day."

Thus far later advices do not confirm the reported death of Col. LEE, which is probably unfounded.

REBEL REPORTS.

The Wilmington (N. C.) *Journal* of Thursday evening has a report that the town of Washington had been taken by our forces, under Gen. HILL, the day previous, but the *Journal* doubts the correctness of the report.

The Kingston correspondent of the Raleigh *Journal* reports, on the 10th inst., that the Yankees have fallen back from Swift Creek to Newbern.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Monday, April 13.

The news of a partial victory over the Abolitionists near Washington reached us to-day. It appears that the Yankees under FOSTER marching to the relief of Washington, now invested by our troops, were met *en route* last Thursday evening, near Bland's Creek, by Gen. PETTIGREW. No loss on our side.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Probable Extension of the Session—Failure of the Usury Bill—Passage of the License Bill—The Broadway Railroad—Allowing Soldiers to Vote, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 14, 1863.

Although this is the ninety-ninth day of the session, the close is nearly, or quite, two weeks off. It is understood that the Senate will non-concur in the Assembly resolution to adjourn on the 18th, and fix on the 24th or 25th. The state of certain bills imposes this necessity of protracting the session to an unusual period beyond the one hundred days. It is true there is a large amount of unfinished business in both branches—more in the Senate than the House. I conclude that this fact, were certain schemes perfected, would not operate to protract the session a day. It is not the first time that we have had an illustration of the superiority of private over public interests.

Meeting at 9 o'clock in the morning, the House this morning launched out on one of the most important subjects brought before the Legislature—it being nothing more or less than practically to repeal the Usury laws. The bill under consideration was to repeal Usury laws in New-York and Kings Counties. This was opposed on the ground that such a law would draw capital to loan to those localities, to the disadvantage of the other parts of the State. It was further proposed to amend by making the enactment general, by providing that any rate of interest might be legally agreed upon, but not more than seven per cent. collected in the Courts. This was the substitute of Mr. VAN BUREN. After discussion, the enacting clause was stricken out, on motion of Mr. HUGHES. I make this record with some particularity, because this was but the repetition of the oft-repeated attempt to repeal the usury laws of the State.

The bill relating to licenses, after being amended in many particulars—one reducing licenses so as to range from $10 to $30, the avails to go to the support of the poor and other similar objects in the Counties—was passed in the House.

The hearing before the House Committee on Railroads was closed yesterday afternoon, and it is understood the Broadway bill will be reported to-morrow, with amendments, which it is believed will obviate objections and give it strength.

The Select Committee appointed to investigate the charges against Speaker CALLICOT, it is understood will report to-morrow or next day. At present it is likely that two reports will be made—a majority and minority—according to the political division of the Committee.

The special message of Gov. SEYMOUR, recommending an amendment to the Consultion, so as to allow soldiers to vote, and in almost direct terms informing the Legislature that in case it passes the pending bill conferring on soldiers in the field the right to vote, he will veto the same, is regarded as a most remarkable proceeding on the part of his Excellency. The terms employed by him are offensive in the extreme, and more worthy of the mere politician than a high public functionary. The object is apparent. It is to make political capital, under an apprehension, well founded, no doubt, that much has been lost by the course of the Democrats in the Senate in opposing the Bill that has been under discussion in that body. His Excellency's zeal obtained the master of his better judgment, and betrayed him into a position exceedingly questionable and wholly inconsistent with his high office.

There is a flood of some ten feet in the Hudson, consequently navigation is unimpeded. For the same cause operations at Coeyman's Crossover are suspended.

I have seen an unfounded report in the Brooklyn *Eagle* to the effect that Speaker CALLICOT was about to remove to Troy. An unfriendly inference is designed to be conveyed by this rumor, which fact renders it proper to say that there is not the least foundation in truth for the report. RODERICK.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 15.

BILLS ORDERED TO THIRD READING.

Fixing the salaries of of New-York Supervisors at $2,000.

The Masterson New-York contract bill.

The Brooklyn Firemen's bill.

Relative to Surrogates' fees and executors' compensation.

Incorporating the Firemen's Benevolent Association of Rochester.

Providing for the regulation and inspection of buildings in New-York.

The Oswego Water Works bill.

Authorizing the Corn Exchange Insurance Company to change name.

Authorizing the sale of lands for the nonpayment of taxes in Westchester County.

Incorporating the Protestant Episcopal Trust Society.

Incorporating the Catholic Orpan Asylum, of Rochester.

The Assembly amendments to the bill for promoting enlistments were concurred in.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the charter of the Greenwich Insurance Company.

Relative to the Firemen of Canandaigua.

Amending the charter of Glens Falls.

To facilitate the construction of a railroad along the upper valley of the Hudson.

Relative to the Brooklyn Firemen.

Incorporating the Mechanics Protective Union.

Incorporating the Union Trust Company of New-York.

Incorporating the Emigrants' Saving Bank of Brooklyn.

Incorporating the People's Savings Bank of New-York.

Amending the Revised Statutes relative to real estate.

In Executive Session, NICOLAS W. ABBOTT and THOMAS J. JENNINGS were confirmed as Hurigate pilots. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The Quarantine Bill was made the special order after the Supply Bill.

The bill to regulate District Courts in New-York was reported favorably.

Mr. LITTLE introduced a bill permitting Insurance Companies to invest in town, city or county bonds or stocks of other States.

A concurrent resolution was adopted, authorizing the State Prison Inspector to adjust the claims of contractors for prison labor performed before last May.

The bill giving the Mayor and Comptroller of New-York appointment for Marshals was ordered to third reading.

The Supply bill was lost 16 to 10. A motion to reconsider was tabled.

A communication was received from the Attorney-General, expressing the opinion that the Soldiers' Proxy Voting bill is unconstitutional.

Communications were received, inviting the Legislature to attend a Union League meeting, in New-York, next Monday.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

BILLS PASSED.

Authorizing the use of a dummy engine on the Brooklyn Central and Jamaica Railroad—66 to 37

The Cross-town Railroad bill—79 to 27.

Authorizing a railroad from Newtown Creek in Brooklyn, to Astoria.

The Mechanics' Lien Law of New-York City.

Incorporating the Neptune Steamship Company.

Authorizing the Brooklyn City and Ridgewood Railroad Company to reduce their stock.

The New-York Harbor-Defence bill.

Amending the statutes relative to burglary.

Incorporating the Mechanics' and Traders' Exchange of New-York.

Incorporating the Long Island Ferry Company.

To widen South Sixth and South Seventh streets in Brooklyn. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The House non-concurred in the Senate amendments to the New-York Harbor Pilotage bill.

The Grinding Committee reported complete the following bills: Amending the statutes relative to assignments; relative to writs of error in criminal cases; relative to the payment of arrears, taxes and assessments in New-York; incorporating the Market Savings Bank of New-York; amending the act relative to legal proceedings against the Mayor, &c., of New-York; fixing the fees of constables in certain cases; to prevent small-pox; relative to actions on premium notes given to Mutual Insurance Companies; increasing the powers of Boards of Supervisors.

BILLS PASSED.

Giving effect to a certain resolution of the Common Council of New-York.

BILLS LOST.

Widening Bushwick-avenue, Brooklyn. Adjourned.

The Soldiers and the Right of Suffrage.

MESSAGE OF GOV. SEYMOUR.

IN SENATE, April 13, 1863.

To the Senate:

The question of a method by which those of our fellow citizens who are absent in the military and naval service of the nation, may be enabled to enjoy the right of suffrage, is one of great interest to the people of this State, and has justly excited their attention. I do not doubt that the members of the Legislature participate in the general desire, that those who so nobly ingure fatigue and suffering, and peril life, in the hope that by such sacrifice our National Union may be preserved and our Constitution upheld, shall, if possible, be secured an opportunity for the free and intelligent exercise of all their political rights and privileges. The Constitution of this State requires the elector to vote in the election district in which he resides, but it is claimed by some that a law can be passed, whereby the vote of an absent citizen may be given by his authorized representative. It is clear to me, that the Constitution intends that the right to vote shall only be exercised by the elector in person. It would be an insult and injury to the soldier to place the exercise of this right upon a doubtful or unconstitutional law, when it can be readily secured to him by a constitutional amendment.

While my own opinion upon the point is decided, and will govern my action, it is well to consider the matter under a less positive aspect. If we concede that it is one of doubt, we should not close our eyes to the positive results of an attempt to exercise it, in view of that doubt which is felt by men of all parties in both branches of the Legislature and elsewhere. It is possible that the next Presidential election may be decided by the vote of a single State; and, if votes by proxy are authorized, it is not impossible that such votes would, in such State, decide the election in favor of one party or the other. It surely cannot be necessary to impress upon any patriotic, thoughtful mind, the fearful danger which would attend the complication of the disastrous civil war which now afflicts the country, by the interposition of a well-founded doubt as to the person legitimately entitled to the Presidential office. The most intense earnestness, and the most desperate determination which have ever marked the conflicts of men, would characterize such a contest.

The decisions of partisan officers, the secret plottings, excited debates and interested conclusions of the two Houses of Congress, and the action, more or less violent, of the people, at a period when the public mind is violently inflamed, and when the principles and rules which have formed the real strength of our institutions are dangerously unsettled, would convulse this community. That man must be sanguine indeed who can hope that our National Government would survive such contests.

It is not necessary that the effort to secure to our gallent soldiers and seamen a just participation in the choice of the next Administration of the National Government should be subjected to such dangers. A proposed amendment of the Constitution, giving the Legislature the needful power upon this subject can be adopted at the present session, and if concurred in by the next Legislature, can be submitted to the people in such season, that, if their decision is favorable, the action which would be afterwards necessary, could be taken by that Legislature. I respectfully recommend that this course be taken rather than the passage of an unconstitutional law, or one of questionable validity.

Great care should be taken to prevent, by the most efficient checks, the abuses and frauds to which the exercise of the right of suffrage by absentees would be liable. These safeguards would properly be a matter of legislation after the adoption of a constitutional amendment. Measures should be taken for securing perfect independence to absent soldiers and seamen in giving their votes, which shall be so comprehensive and efficient as to relieve any reasonable apprehension upon this point.

The conduct and policy of high officials have caused great distrust in relation to the freedom from restraint and coercion which should be accorded to the absentees in the exercise of this right. The people of this State will never consent that their absent brethren in the National service shall be debarred, when they discharge the most sacred duty of the citizen, from the enjoyment of that entire freedom of opinion which they have, by an emphatic expression at the ballot-box, secured for themselves, and which they will firmly maintain. It would be worse than a mockery to allow those secluded in camps or upon ships to vote, if they are not permitted to receive letters and papers from their friends, or if they have not the same freedom in reading public journals accorded to their brethren at home, to aid them in the formation of their opinions in respect to the conduct of those in power, the issues to be decided at election, and the character of the opposing candidates.

If the expression of their opinions by the votes they give or by customary political action is to subject officers to dismissal from service, and soldiers to increased privation, hardship and exposure, the flames of civil war will be kindled at the North. I have noticed, with deep regret, attempts on the part of some of the officers of the National Government to interfere with the free enjoyment of their political opinions by persons in the army. There have been marked instances of this kind which have justly excited deep feeling throughout the country. These inexcusable acts of official tyranny are rendered more objectionable by the language used in their execution, which is at once opprobrious in terms and a wanton and unjust attack upon one half of the people of sovereign and loyal States. While subordinate officers are thus punished for doing their duty as citizens at their homes, those of high rank have been employed to interfere in the election of States in which they are not residents.

No reasonable man can suppose that the people of this country will permit the noble army, enlisted for the purpose of maintaining the National Government, to be used for electioneering purposes by those who are charged with the temporary administration of that Government, or who are seeking an additional term of power. I hope that the wisdom of those to whom the destinies of the nation are now confided by the Constitution, will admonish them in season of the dangers of acts marked by these features of wrong and oppression. Whether it does or not, I have confidence that the wisdom of the people and the Legislature of this State will be sufficient to secure to its absent soldiers and seamen the freedom of political opinion and action, which is their inalienable right, and in that confidence I have made the recommendation above expressed. HORATIO SEYMOUR.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Wednesday, April 15.

Arrived, brig *Eberhard*, from Rio Janeiro.

Sailed, ship *Osborne*, HOWES, for Liverpool, with a cargo of breadstuffs.

The cargo of the *Messenger*, which sailed yesterday for New-York, was valued at upward of $200,000.

A bill has passed the Legislature requiring client and attorneys to take the oath of loyalty before entitled to a hearing in the courts. Also, a bill providing ways to enforce a contract for payment in gold coin.

The Pork Statement.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, April 15.

The *Price Current* publishes the annual pork packing statement, showing the total number packed at 4,069,000, being an increase over last year of 1,300,000. There is a net increase in pounds of meat of 32½ per cent., and in pounds of lard, 27½ per cent.

Reduction in the Welland Canal Tolls.

OSWEGO, Wednesday, April 15.

There has been a reduction in the Welland Canal tolls on wheat equal to 20 per cent.

Municipal Election in Newport.

PROVIDENCE, Wednesday, April 15.

Hon. WM. CRANSTON was to-day reelected Mayor of Newport by 570 majority. The contest was not political.

Sailing of the Steamship Dido.

PORTLAND, Wednesday, April 15.

The steamship *Dido* sailed for New-York to-day.

Parson Brownlow vs. John Slidell.

JEFF. DAVIS THE REPUDIATOR.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 13, 1863.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your issue of the 11th inst. I find the following card, taken from the London *Times*:

MY DEAR SIR: I am inclined to think that people in London confound Mr. REUBEN DAVIS, whom I have always understood to have taken the lead on the question of repudiation, with President DAVIS. I am not aware that the latter was ever in any way identified with that question. I am confident that it was not agitated during his canvass for Governor, or during his administration. The Union Bank Bonds were issued in direct violation of an express constitutional provision. There is a wide difference between these bonds and those of the Planters' Bank, for the repudiation of which neither excuse nor palliation can be offered. I feel perfectly confident that JEFFERSON DAVIS never approved or justified that repudiation. What may have been his private opinions of the refusal to consider Mississippi bound to provide for the payment of the Union Bank bonds, I do not know.

JOHN SLIDELL.

I desire to say that Mr. SLIDELL has denied for JEFFERSON DAVIS what the latter never dared deny, and never will, over his own signature. This anxiety to free the rebel President from the disgraceful charge of having been the advocate, if not the *chief*, of Mississippi repudiation, is intended to aid the rebel cause in England, and to help on the so-called "Confeuerate loan." Mr. SLIDELL certainly never *intended* or even *expected* this card to appear in the American newspapers. At the State Convention in Nashville that nominated JOHN NETHERLAND for Governor, to run upon the Union ticket, against ISHAM G. HARRIS, four years ago, I heard HENRY STEWART FOOTE, now a member of the rebel Congress, denounce JEFFERSON DAVIS, before as large an audience as could be crowded into the Capitol, as a *repudiator* and a *disunionist*; and he boasted of having beaten DAVIS for Governor before the real people of Mississippi, upon these two issues. I was editing a paper in Tennessee at the time of that contest, and, as a Union man, I exulted over the race FOOTE made, and the Disunionists throughout the South regretted the success of FOOTE. JEFFERSON DAVIS and REUBEN DAVIS were both *repudiators* of the meanest and deepest dye, and no man knew it better than JOHN SLIDELL, living in the adjoining State of Louisiana! I am, &c.,

G. W. BROWNLOW.

A Cargo of Corn and Provisions for Ireland.

THURSDAY, April 15, 1863.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

At the request of Mr. A. T. STEWART, I have to-day chartered the brig *Jessie Banfield*, to load a full cargo of corn and provisions for Belfast, Ireland.

Mr. STEWART has authorized me to load this vessel entirely at his expense for the benefit of the distressed in Ireland. Respectfully,

M. G. HAUGHTON.

The California Cavalry Battalion.

This fine body of men, commanded by Major THOMPSON, arrived in this City on Tuesday afternoon, by the steamer *Ocean Queen*, from San Francisco, *via* Aspinwall, after a favorable passage. The battalion was received at the pier by Col. HOWE, State Agent of Massachusetts, and escorted to the Park Barracks, which had been prepared expressly, on short notice, for their reception. The battalion comprises three companies, under command of the following officers:

Major, DEWITT C. THOMPSON.

Company A—Captain, D. S. Eigenbrodt; First Lieutenant, R. W. Smith; Second Lieutenant, H. H. Crocker.

Company B—Captain, Z. B. Adams; First Lieutenant, W. C. Manning; Second Lieutenant, J. A. Baldwin.

Company C—Captain, G. A. Manning; First Lieutenant, A. W. Stone; Second Lieutenant, J. C. Norcross.

Each company is composed of 109 men and three officers. Company D is already full at San Francisco, under command of Capt. A. DEMERRITT, and were detained until the 13th of this month to obtain uniforms. Yesterday afternoon, the battalion was reviewed by the Mayor, in the City Hall Park, after which they marched up Broadway to Union-square, and thence down to the Boston boat, where they embarked for Massachusetts at 5 P. M. They were escorted by a large deputation of Californians, with a portion of the Seventh regiment Band, and, on the route up Broadway, were greeted with various and enthusiastic demonstrations of welcome. One hundred girls, stationed at the lower windows of HAVEMEYER'S establishment, each holding in her hand a miniature flag, greeted the battalion with true feminine cordiality. Before leaving the Park Barracks, the battalion was drawn up in hollow-square, and listened to an eloquent and patriotic address from Gov. NYE, of Nevada Territory, in which he welcomed the soldiers of the Pacific to the shores of the Atlantic, and congratulated them that they were to join the sons of the old Commonwealth of Massachusetts in defence of this glorious Republic.

The battalion is to be attached to the Second regiment Massachusetts cavalry.

KINGS COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT—April 16.—Nos. 3, 13, 29, 31, 33, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 55.

[Advertisement.]

THE INDIAN CHIEFS AND WARRIORS remain at the Museum one day longer. Their guide and interpreter has been utterly unable to get away, and must remain till to-morrow. Consequently they remain on exhibition to day and this evening, and there is no hope of their staying longer. Let those who would see them take notice.

[Advertisement.]

HE CAN USE THE KNIFE.—Why? Because he has the nerve, the skill, the judgment. Why is one a better Surgeon than another? Simply because he is, by nature and acquirement, fitted for it. While another equally educated, good-hearted and sympathetic, is simply a bungler. Phrenology indicates the difference.

[Advertisement.]

SPRING CLOTHING at EVANS' Extensive Clothing Warehouse, Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Melita, from Havana.—G. A. Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Crain, Capt. Sherwin, Mrs. Coley, Master Coley, Mrs. Dexter, Eugene Dexter, Robert Dexter, Misses Isabel, Concepsion, Regenia and Innis Grandison, C. Batch, Mr. Marvett, Mr. and Mrs. Stucke, Miss Adolphine Stucke, Master Hermann E. Stucke, Master Carman H. Stucke, Anna Lankermann, Mrs. Cane and child, Dr. Jose Ferrer y Cantry, J. Lehman, Edgar Bartley.

In steamship Mary Sanford, from Port Royal, S. C.—John Wood, Leland Balch, Alex. Greer, Otis De Luce, John L. Zimmerman, S. Blagge, W. Cooke, W. Taylor, M. A. Bradley, W. Cantwell, Walter Bradley, R. Veners, Capt Jacobs, Charles Chalton, J. P. Jones, Samuel D. Williams, D. Mooral, A. Geigan, Mrs. Capt. Slaght and son, Mrs. Smith and child, A. J. S. Cobinbing, J. C Hinchman.

APRIL 15—*In steamship Bremen, from Hamburg, &c.*—H. Rolffs Carl Fischer, H. F. Schurmann and family, Carl Missigbror, Capt. Rome, Adam Gergen, Wm. Davis, 45 in the second cabin, and 157 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 20 | Sun sets..... 6 39 | Moon sets... 4 12

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 6 30 | Gov. Island. 7 19 | Hell Gate.. 8 41

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, April 15.

Cleared.

Steamships Iris, Honfall, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Morning Star, Perkins, New-Orleans via Havana, Jas. A. Raynor; Columbia, Barton, New-Orleans via Havana, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamer Parkersburgh, Sherwood, Portland, H. B. Cromwell.

Barks Neptune, (Aust..) Florio, Antwerp, Holmboe & Balchen; Northwood, (Br..) Ellis, Vera Cruz, F. Alexander & Sons.

Brigs Mary Emily, Jenkins, Maranham, H. K. Corning, Son & Co.; Naiad, (Br..) Richardson, Cienfuegos, Tucker & Lightbourn.

Schooners S. Gilman, Crowell, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Richmond, Dell, Perth Amboy, Nesmith & Sons; Gleaner, (Br..) Law, Matamoras, J. W. Delano; J. McK., (Br..) McKay, Charlottetown P. E. I., C. H. Trumbull; Alliance, Ireland, Philadelphia, B. F. Small; Scepter, (Br..) Reynolds, Rio Grande, D. R. De Wolf; R. Fowler, Oliver, Baltimore, J. W. McKee; Amy Chase, Crowell, Boston, Baker & Dayton; Kossuth, Lee, Portland, S. W. Lewis & Co; New-York, Goodsell, Boston; A. Carson, Conklin, Washington, Mott Biddle; R. C. Russell, Breuting, Snow Hill, A. C. Havens; Corvo, Holbrook, Baltimore, Wm. S. Brown & Co.; Daniel Webster, Perry, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Clio, (Br..) McDonald, Charlottetown, C. H. Trumbull.

Sloops Pearsall, Holdykom, Philadelphia, Moreau & Parker; Blackstone, Allen, Providence, L. Kenny; Oregon, Rhodes, Bristol, L. Kenny.

Arrived.

Steamship Melita, (Br..) Corbett, Havana 9th inst., with mdse. and passengers to Howland & Aspinwall. Left Br. steamship British Queen, for New-York via Nassau, to sail 11th.

Steamship Mary Sandford, Morrill, Port Royal S. C. and Morehead City, N. C., via Fortress Monroe, 50 hours with mdse. and passengers to Adams Express Company.

Steamship Bremen, (Brem..) Myer, Bremen and Southampton 1st inst., with mdse and passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Has had a very stormy passage of 14 days and 2 hours. 10th inst., lat. 45, lon. 49, saw many icebergs. 11th, lat. 43 35, lon. 51 20, saw a Bremen bark, showing No. 185, bnd. W.

Ship E. C. Scranton, Magna, Liverpool March 10, with mdse. to Lawrence, Giles & Co. 1st inst., lat. 46 17, on. 40 36, saw a number of icebergs.

Ship Benjamin Adams, Chase, Liverpool Feb. 26, with mdse. and passengers to Tapscott & Co.

U. S. ship Ino, Acting Master James M. Williams, from the North and South Atlantic Oceans, and last from St. Helena and the Ascension Islands. 13th inst., lat. 37 40, lon. 13, passed an American bark steering S. W., showing a blue, white and blue signal. The Ino crossed the Equator March 14, in lon. 27 W.; took pilot April 15, 12 miles S. E. from Absecom Light, from boat Mary Taylor, No. 5.

Ship Belle Anais, (Fr..) Surmont, Vera Cruz 14 ds., in ballast and 4 passengers to order.

Ship Marcia C. Day, Chase, Belfast 37 ds., with scrap iron to Walsh, Carver & Chase. Had westerly winds the entire passage.

Bark Gem, (of Salem,) Lang, Bissau, Africa, via St. Thomas 19 ds., with hides and palm oil to Charles Hoffman, of Salem, where she is bound; put into this port for harbor. 9th inst., on the northern edge of the Gulf, saw a schooner with loss of foresail, which appeared somewhat suspicious; was very fast, and acted as if she had no particular destination.

Bark Jubilaum, (Brem..) Warkmeister, Bremen Feb. 19, with mdse. and passengers to Kuger Bros. Passed St. Mary March 18. 11th inst., lat. 37 16, lon. 66 57, fell in with wreck of an abandoned schooner, name unknown, lumber laden and mdse., decks swept clean, masts gone, stern and quarter stove in, and full of water; took from her the fore rigging, one anchor, some chain, etc.; same day, passed ship Casilda, having letter H 5n her lower fore topsail, bound east. Has had heavy weather during the passage.

Brig Mentor, (Mecklen..) Dinvey, Rotterdam 58 ds., with mdse. to order.

Brig Elmira, Clark, Providence 2 ds., in ballast.

Brig Boston Lady, (Br., of Quebec.) Lemiux, Cienfuegos March 22, with sugar to Leaycraft & Co.

Brig Excelsior, Talbot, Bermuda 9 ds., with potatoes to McCall & Frith. Left the ship Chimborazo, for Thomaston soon.

Brig Alamo, Steele, Machias 10 ds., with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Brig Peacock, (Br..) Pearson, Lingam, C. B., 17 ds., with coal to E. F. Small.

Schr. George Washington, Pendleton, Belfast, with lumber to R. P. Buck & Co.

Schr. Enterprise, (Br..) Gould, Cornwallis, N. S., 15 ds., with potatoes to Duryea & Hyde.

Schr. Dolphin, Keller, Machias 9 ds., with lumber to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. M. H. Reed, Kelley, New-Bedford 3 ds., in ballast.

Schr. Trader, Preston, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Otis, Ames, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Albert Jameson, Jameson, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Mexican, Cottrell, Belfast, with hay for Alexandria.

Schr. Gertrude, Baldwin, Eastport 7 ds., with laths to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. William, Dunham, Bath 12 ds., with barley.

Schr. Seven Sisters, Crowell, Addison 11 ds., with spars to Godfrey & Holyoke.

Schr. Prince of Wales, (Br., of Ship Harbor, N. S.,) Procter, Crab Island 20 ds., with sugar to master. Left no Am vessels.

Schr. M. Fillmore, Chase, Boston 3 ds., with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. J. L. Snow, Achorn, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Catharine Wilcox, McFadden, Lubec, with fish to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Triumph, (Br..) ——, Cornwallis 12 ds., with potatoes to Duryee & Hyde.

Schr. Triton, Freeman, Portland, Me., 6 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. Cherub, Bailey, Portland, Me., 6 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. Ivy, Hicks, Paarsboro, N. S., 10 ds., with potatoes to D. R. De Wolf.

Schr. Brilliant, Norton, Addison, with lumber to Godfrey & Holyoke.

Schr. Sarah, Drisko, Machias, with piling to Godfrey & Holyoke.

Schr. Evelyn, Crosby, Machias, with spars to Godfrey & Holyoke.

WIND—Sunset, E. N. E., and heavy.

BELOW—1 bark.

Sailed.

Steamers Favorite, Alliance, Dudley Buck.

U. S. transport Sophia.

Barks James M. Churchill, Julia Cobb, Maraval.

Brigs Young America, Alice Lea, Mount Vernon and Adriatic.

Schooners Statesman, Spey, Henry Hickman, Palmyra, James Bliss, Maria Fleming, Queen of the South, Addie M. Haynes, Watensia, J. B. Cramer, Pioneer, Jonas Sparks, C. M. Wilson, H. Willets, Denmark, O. F. Hawley, Lewis Hoyt, Allen H. Brown, H. Ackerman, Wm. H. Rowe, Montezuma, D. S. Mills, Banyard, New Zealand, Zicave, J. S. Lane, Maria, E. Lameyer.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 15.—Arr. ship Addison Gilbert, Hull

NEWPORT, R. I., April 14.—Arr. schr. Enoch Pratt, of Fall River, Gold, from Sagua, experienced very heavy weather the entire passage, and during the gale of the 3d inst., lost 46 hhds.